## WASHINGTON STATE

## ENERGY FACILITY SITE EVALUATION COUNCIL

## PUBLIC MEETING

MAY 28, 2014

A public meeting of the Washington State Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council (EFSEC) was held at the Clark County Public Service Center, 1300 Franklin Street, Hearing Room 680, Vancouver, Washington, on May 28, 2014, at 6:00 p.m., before Marcel Johnson, State of Washington Certified Court Reporter No. 0002947.

## **APPEARANCES**

Administrative Law Judge: Adam Torem

STATE AGENCY MEMBERS:

Chair: Bill Lynch

Ecology: Cullen Stephenson Fish and Wildlife: Joe Stohr Natural Resources: Andrew Hayes

Utilities and Transportation Commission: Dennis Moss

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND OPTIONAL STATE AGENCY

Department of Transportation: Christina Martinez

City of Vancouver: Bryan Snodgrass

Clark County: Jeff Swanson

Port of Vancouver: Larry Paulson

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL Assistant AG: Ann Essko

COUNCIL STAFF: Stephen Posner Sonia Bumpus Kali Wraspir Tammy Talburt

COUNSEL FOR APPLICANT:

Jay P. Derr, Van Ness Feldman, LLP

COUNSEL FOR CITY OF VANCOUVER Jon Waggoner E. Bronson Potter

Marc Jander, Citizen

CITIZENS WHO TESTIFIED Todd Coleman Nathan Baker, Staff Attorney for Friends of the Columbia Gorge Lauren Goldberg, Staff Attorney, Columbia Riverkeeper Don Steinke, Citizen Chris Connolly, Citizen Matt Grady, Columbia Waterfront, LLC Karen Axell, Rosemere Neighborhood Association DenMark Wichar, Citizen Marla Nelson, Northwest Environmental Defense Center Cathryn Chudy, Citizen Judy Hudson, League of Women Voters, Clark County Tim Rajeff, Citizen Noreen Hine, Citizen Lisa Ross, Citizen

1	VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON; WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 2014
2	6:00 p.m.
3	* * *
4	PROCEEDINGS
5	MR. TOREM: Good evening. My name is Adam
6	Torem. I'm an administrative law judge, appointed by
7	the Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council to
8	facilitate proceedings in this matter. I'll be
9	presiding over tonight's land use hearing, which is
10	being held in accordance with Revised Code of
11	Washington 80.50.090, and Washington Administrative
12	Code Chapter 463.26.
13	Tonight's public hearing is being conducted
14	in the Clark County Public Services Center in
15	Vancouver. It's now a little after 6 o'clock p.m. on
16	Wednesday, May 28, 2014.
17	Notice of tonight's hearing was published in
18	the Vancouver Columbian. And EFSEC also mailed those
19	directly to many of you who are already on our mailing
20	list for this project.
21	Many of you will recall the Council's
22	initial visit to Vancouver last fall. Tesoro/Salvage
23	filed an application back in August of 2013, and EFSEC
24	first came to Vancouver to conduct a public
25	informational meeting about the proposal. That was on

1 | Monday October 28.

The council then, the next night, on Tuesday October 29th, held its State Environmental Policy Act, or SEPA scoping meeting, and we held an additional SEPA scoping meeting in Spokane Valley on December 11th.

Last month on April 2nd, the Council conducted a special meeting in this particular room to discuss all the input received through the SEPA scoping process.

Tonight the Council is back in Vancouver regarding the same Tesoro/Salvage project, but for a different and very specific reason. Tonight we're evaluating land use consistency of the project site.

According to WAC, 463.26.050, I think a copy of which is in the back of the room, the purpose of tonight's land use hearing is to determine whether at the time of the application, the proposed facility was consistent and in compliance with land use plans and zoning ordinances.

The administrative code rule goes on to explain that a land use plan includes those that are adopted under the Growth Management Act, and that zoning ordinances include local government codes regulating the use of land.

So our purpose tonight is to hear testimony and presentations about a very specific question:
Whether the Tesoro/Salvage project is consistent and in compliance with Vancouver's Comprehensive Plan and in compliance with the Vancouver Municipal Code, particularly Title 20, the zoning code.

There are certainly many, many more topics of interest regarding this proposed oil transfer terminal, but those are not on tonight's agenda.

Tonight, by rule and by statute, we're focused solely on land use issues.

At this time I'm going to ask Chairman Lynch to introduce himself, and I'm going to ask each member of the Council present tonight to do the same. And then we'll get on, and I'll explain how we're going to proceed.

CHAIRMAN LYNCH: Thank you, Mr. Torem. I'm Bill Lynch. I'm the chair of EFSEC, and it's nice to be back here in Vancouver again.

And you already have heard from Judge Torem what the purpose of this hearing is tonight, so I'm going to let the Council members introduce themselves to you, starting at the far right. Mr. Stohr.

MR. STOHR: Good evening, everyone. My name is Joe Stohr. I'm the deputy director for the

- 1 Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife, and a 2 council member. 3 MR. HAYES: Good evening. My name is Andy 4 I'm with the Washington Department of Natural 5 Resources. 6 MR. SWANSON: Good evening. My name is Jeff 7 I'm Clark County's director of economic Swanson. 8 development. 9 MR. MOSS: My name is Dennis Moss. I'm an 10 administrative law judge with the Washington Utilities 11 and Transportation Commission. Mr. Stephenson Good evening. I'm Cullen 12 MR. CULLEN: 13 Stephenson, the Department of Ecology's council 14 member. 15 MS. MARTINEZ: Christina Martinez, 16 Washington State Department of Transportation. 17 MR. PAULSON: I'm Larry Paulson, 18 representing the Port of Vancouver. 19 MR. SNODGRASS: Bryan Snodgrass with the 20 City of Vancouver Community and Economic Development 21 Department.
- MR. TOREM: All right. Thank you all.
- We have a quorum of the Council tonight.
- Even though I say we have a quorum, we're not planning on taking any votes or deciding any issues tonight.

1 Again, tonight is to listen to the public testimony.

At the beginning of the meeting, we're supposed to make a public announcement, according to WAC 463.26.060, and I want to make a distinction. This is not an opportunity for public comment. But according to the rule, we're announcing an opportunity for testimony by anyone who can speak relative to the consistency and compliance with land use plans and zoning ordinances.

So some of you may have signed up tonight thinking that this was anything you want to talk about with the oil terminal. If you've done that, that's not the case. This is not an open public comment meeting.

So if you still want to address the Council tonight, please understand you'll be testifying. And because it's testimony, I will place you under oath, if you're coming as a member of the public, and be subject to questions.

And your testimony must also focus on land use issues, preferably referencing a particular provision of the City's Comprehensive Plan or the Vancouver Municipal Code.

Now, there are going to be other opportunities for you to provide public comment. And

I think the next one is probably when the Council publishes and holds a hearing on the Draft Environmental Impact Statement.

Tonight what I want to do is proceed according to WAC 463.26.090 or dash-100. I'm not sure what is going to be presented by the Applicant. There are two possible courses of action, and we'll hear shortly which one we're going to follow.

In the first, Tesoro/Salvage, as the Applicant in this project, might present a certificate from the City of Vancouver attesting to the fact that their proposal is consistent with applicable land use plans and in compliance with all the zoning ordinances.

There's another option where those certificates are not available, and the Council will simply hear from both the Applicants and any local authorities from the City who are here tonight. And they can address issues or concerns with compliance or noncompliance. They can address consistency or nonconsistency with those plans and ordinances.

Before we get to public testimony, I'm going to give an opportunity to folks that we predict are going to be intervening in the eventual adjudication.

And those people include, after the Applicant and the

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 City, the Port of Vancouver itself, the Columbia Riverkeeper, the Friends of the Columbia Gorge.

And if there's an association here that is going to intervene as a party in the adjudication when that kicks off, I want to give equal time to all of you. Many of you are here with counsel, and we don't typically swear lawyers in to tell the truth. We let them do that through witnesses. So for the rest of the public, though, it's required that I have testimony to address the Council.

What I want to do is -- I don't know how many are on the sign-up list yet. The paper I've been handed has a number of those parties I just listed, and there's only a dozen. So typically, we've limited people to three minutes. Tonight we may have a little bit more time than that.

And I think the Applicant has indicated to Mr. Posner that they have about a five-minute presentation, and I want to give everybody at least equal time with what the Applicant gets.

If any of you coming up need more than five minutes to address land use issues, let me know and we'll try to set the clock accordingly.

In these facilities, we do have a countdown timer with a handy-dandy light on that I understand

6

8

9

10

17

19

- 1 shines for us, the same as it does at the podium. 2 we'll figure out the right timing, based on how long 3 the Applicant goes and make sure everybody gets equal 4 time.
  - That's the plan for the night. Chairman Lynch, anything further?
- 7 CHAIRMAN LYNCH: No, thank you.
  - MR. TOREM: All right. Let me call on and see who is going to represent Tesoro/Salvage tonight and make their presentation.
- 11 MR. DERR: Good evening. Thank you.
- 12 My name is Jay Derr. I'm with the law 13 office of Van Ness Feldman in Seattle, and I'll be 14 speaking on behalf of the Applicant tonight.
- 15 And I don't see the lights, but -- oh. 16 There it is over there. Somebody will tell me, I
- quess, how we're doing. 18 What I'd like to do first, if I may, is hand
- 20 CD of it electronically so that staff can take that.

up a copy of a written submittal, which we also have a

- 21 MR. TOREM: Mr. Derr, I'm going to have you 22 give that to Mr. Posner, and he'll mark it as a land 23 use exhibit for tonight's hearing.
- 24 MR. DERR: There's that. And secondly, I 25 have just a list of exhibits that are attached in that

8

9

- notebook that I thought would be helpful. So as I
  kind of give you a road map of what's in the notebook
  tonight, that if the Council members could have just a
  copy of page 21.
- MR. TOREM: If you have enough copies of that, Mr. Posner can publish those to the Council now.
  - MR. DERR: Yes, we do. We have about 20 of them there. And then I finally have a hard copy of -- I wasn't sure if you could see the map.
- MR. TOREM: We've got it projected on the screen --
- MR. DERR: Okay.
- MR. TOREM: -- in front of the court reporter. So, again, this is a nice facility.
- MR. DERR: Got it. So I have hard copies of that, if you need it.
- MR. TOREM: While that's being handed out,
  if we have any additional extra copies of the
  exhibits -- I know they'll be posted on EFSEC's
  website soon. But if there's extra copies, I'm going
  to have them headed back to the back table and those
  of you who want to take a look at what Mr. Derr is
  talking about tonight, can see that.
- MR. DERR: Tell me when you're ready, and
  I'll start. Unless my five minutes is already going,

1 | I better start.

MR. TOREM: No. We'll let you get started, once we get that paper handed out.

I'm going to ask Ms. Talburt to come up and take this copy of exhibits and just put it at the back table so people will know, either as they're speaking or on their way out tonight, these 13 listed exhibits that you might be addressing.

All right. Mr. Derr, go ahead.

MR. DERR: Great. Thank you. Again, what I wanted to do first is, referring to the table of exhibits, just kind of give you a road map of the documents that we submitted in writing and be able to review for your decision.

The first series of Exhibits, 1, 2, and then Exhibits 7 and 8, reflect the discussions that the Applicant has had and submittals to the City of Vancouver.

So in answer to your question, we're in scenario 2, not scenario 1, at least I think. We have to wait to hear from the City to see what they submit, but I think we're in scenario number 2.

And those exhibits really just take you through a process that we started with the City, which was to submit pre-app, to pay the fees for pre-app,

and take the City through what's called a type 2 land use review, which is administrative review, compliance of all city codes and regulations.

And that was not because the City issues a type 2 permit for this process, but they didn't have an EFSEC land use certification process in their code. Most don't. So we opted for that process. Submitted documents. We had a pre-app conference. There's a pre-app report in there which talks about some of the things that were identified and agreed to early in that process.

There's actually also a draft staff decision in what we've submitted to you from December, but that decision was never issued by the City. So those are the exhibits that relate to our attempts and our discussions with the City about compliance.

Exhibit 9 is that draft assessment that I mentioned that was never issued by the City.

Then Exhibits 3 through 6, which I want to highlight in my remarks just quickly, really are excerpts of the zoning and the Comprehensive Plan that relate to the site land use designation and permitted uses. So that's what I'm going to focus my remarks on. And the bulk of our written document that we submit addresses those issues in more detail.

Then Exhibits 10 and 11 is some historic information. Examples of similar kinds of uses, petroleum storage in the heavy industrial zoned property that the City has permitted in the past, which we think this is evidence of this use falls within that definition and is therefore permitted in that zone.

And then finally, Exhibit 12 is a matrix that we prepared which really is designed to go through all of the Comprehensive Plan policies and identify those that we think are relevant and consistent.

Now, however, to focus or explain

Exhibit 12, what actually we think the question before

EFSEC tonight is even narrower than the whole

Comprehensive Plan.

What the statute says and actually what the Supreme Court has said in looking at this statute is this particular step in the process is about consistency with the zoning or the land use plan. And the Supreme Court initially said that it's "or." If you're consistent with the zoning, you don't necessarily need to be consistent with the land use plan.

Hence, the land use plan is not necessarily

the whole comp plan. So the comp plan contains lots of other policies about housing and other things that are not the inquiry at this stage in the process.

So really the focus tonight, we believe, is consistency with the zoning, the zoning map. What is the zoning, and is the use permitted in that zone? The Comprehensive Plan land use designation, which is industrial, is the use permitted in that land use designation.

And then also, the land use element of the Vancouver Comp Plan, which is called the community development element, so it's the first chapter in the land use plan. And again, our written submittal, which contains information we presented to the City back last fall, takes us through that process.

So the first question is, is this the terminal used to have industrial use?

The pre-application report from the City staff reflects, I think, agreement on that issue. This particular use falls within the definition of heavy industrial use.

And this particular first graphic we have up just shows the location of the facility. And if you could turn to the second slide for me.

The second slide shows the comprehensive

land use plan. You see the dark blue? That overlaps where the site is located. That's the industrial Comprehensive Plan map land use designation.

The next slide for me. This is two parts to the zoning map which shows the HI, the heavy industrial zoning, which, again, overlays where the project is located. So we think, really, these maps, the Comprehensive Plan map, the zoning map.

And then the final slide is a document that we also included in our submittal to the City, which also in the zoning ordinance looks at things like lot size, lot coverage, height, what are the dimensional requirements that a zoning ordinance addresses for these uses. And this table identifies the code requirement in the zone. And then the right-hand column identifies how this particular project falls within those, or they're not applicable because there is no real limitation.

So again, what we think, quite simply, the questions before you are addressed by those maps and that table. The written document that we submitted to you sort of lays out the analysis of the definition of a zoning ordinance, what is a zoning ordinance, why it's not the entire development code.

The type 2 process we started with the City

really was going to look at all the codes. And I think one of the issues already seen in correspondence and again you may hear tonight, is there's a lot more information that's needed to evaluate the project for consistency with all the rules that apply. That's the purpose in part of the EIS. That's the purpose of your adjudication process where you'll take lots more testimony on that, I suspect. And it's premature to decide those issues tonight.

What your statute says is just look at this use issue. Is the site in a zone where this use is permitted? And we think the answer to that is clearly yes. We think you could enter that determination at this point, and we can then get on with the EIS.

We're anxious, probably as anxious as the public, to get on with the EIS so we can really get the facts of this project out and we can engage the project on its issues, on its facts, on the scientific analysis that gets done. And then you'll have the information you need to evaluate the comments during adjudication to make a decision.

And so with that, we ask you to enter what we think is a simple finding; that, yes, this proposal, this project at this location is consistent with the City's zoning. It is also consistent with

1 the City's land use element of its Comprehensive Plan. 2 MR. TOREM: Thank you, Mr. Derr. So a 3 little over six minutes. Let me see if any of the 4 Council members have questions for you on the general 5 presentation. I know we haven't had the chance to 6 review those exhibits. Council members, any questions for the 7 Applicant's representative? Not seeing any yet. 8 9 MR. DERR: Thank you. 10 MR. TOREM: Let me see. Who's here from the 11 City of Vancouver to speak to the project? Sir, if 12 you can step up and identify yourself. 13 MR. WAGGONER: I'm Jon Waggoner. I'm senior 14 planner with the City of Vancouver. 15 MR. DERR: Hang on, Mr. Waggoner. We're 16 going to make sure we get the microphone turned 17 around. 18 MR. WAGGONER: My name is Jon Waggoner. I'm 19 the senior planner with the City of Vancouver 20

Community and Economic Development Department. To answer the question as to whether or not

this is a scenario 1 or scenario 2, it's a scenario 2.

MR. TOREM: All right. So there are no land use consistency --

MR. WAGGONER: We do not have a land use

21

22

23

24

25

1 consistency certification.

What we have done is we have prepared a report addressing the proposed Tesoro/Salvage

Vancouver Energy Distribution Terminal's consistency with the City of Vancouver's Comprehensive Plan and Land Use and Development Code.

MR. TOREM: It's still not projecting out.

MR. WAGGONER: I've never had this problem.

Our Land Use and Development Code includes cross-references to provisions of the Vancouver Municipal Code, including transportation, erosion control, and stormwater control. And so we have combined those into our review of the project.

Additionally, compliance with the provisions of State Environmental Policy Act is incorporated in our zoning code. So it makes it rather difficult in that we're not doing SEPA until after the fact.

In reviewing the proposal for consistency with the Comprehensive Plan, staff determined the policies that applied and whether the proposal would comply with each of the selected policies.

And we will be giving you documents and a disk at the end of the presentation.

For review of the applicable Land Use and Development Code provisions, our comments generally

fell into one of the following three -- four categories.

One is the -- the first one would be -- and these are in no particular order -- is that the Applicant has shown that the project meets the particular standard or criteria.

And an example of that would be, as Mr. Derr pointed out, the zoning of the property as heavy industrial. Heavy industrial allows for working terminals. The use is allowed in that zone. Also, the Applicant has shown that it would meet the setback provisions.

On other provisions, fellow staff made about findings or the comments that the Applicant has provided preliminary information addressing the standard. But public comments have not been held, and the SEPA analysis had not been available. And since we rely on public input and environmental analysis, it makes it difficult for staff to make a determination that the project actually meets our requirements.

Examples of these would relate to things that the City relies on from other agencies with expertise or jurisdiction or the public. For instance, the code states the example that on navigable waters or their riverbeds, the code states

that the development should be located and designed to minimize interference with surface navigation, which staff really doesn't have the ability to address.

Consider the impacts to public use, which I don't think we have a problem -- we don't have an issue with. And allow for safe, unobstructed passage of fish and wildlife. We don't have any studies that show exactly what this is going to do for the passage of fish on the Columbia River.

For these types of standards, the City would take into consideration comments from the public and agencies with expertise or jurisdiction in making our determination.

MR. TOREM: Mr. Waggoner, can you just slow your speech a little bit?

MR. WAGGONER: I know. It's too fast.

MR. TOREM: Okay.

MR. WAGGONER: The Applicant -- the third category would be that the Applicant has provided sufficient information to grant preliminary approval. However, further review and approval would be required.

An example is that the Applicant has prepared a stormwater report, preliminary, and preliminary engineering. Prior to approving that

project, we would have to have final civil engineering and the final report.

There is, I believe, one instance where the Applicant did not provide an example of a -- excuse me -- a geotech study was not provided. And so at this point, although they did present a preliminary memo, we wouldn't have the ability to find that they met the code. And so what we will be submitting is what we found on this particular project.

Now I'd like to turn this over to Bronson Potter, our chief assistant city attorney.

MR. POTTER: Good evening. I'm Bronson Potter. I'm the chief assistant city attorney.

And as Mr. Waggoner has indicated, there is not a certificate of consistency being issued by the City. Rather tonight we'll be filing three documents on a disk. They're Mr. Waggoner's comments, reviewing of the application to the Comprehensive Plan, and our zoning ordinances.

There is a request by the City to defer your determination of land use consistency until after the Environmental Impact Study has been completed, and to leave the record open and provide another opportunity for public comment after the EIS is complete. And then we have a series of exhibits.

So as I indicated, the City is asking you to defer your determination until the EIS is complete, and to schedule another hearing. You'll see that Mr. Waggoner's comments go through the comp plan policies and the zoning ordinances in detail, item by item. The comments, they run over 50 pages.

It's the City's position that zoning ordinances include more than just the zoning map designation. And there's a port for that in the statute, RCW 80.50.020, Subsection 22, which says that zoning ordinances include all ordinances regulating the use of land adopted under either the Planning Enabling Act, the Growth Management Act, or the City's plenary, broad, police power. So it's any ordinance regulating the use of land, not just a map.

We're asking you to defer your land use consistency determination so that SEPA may -- the SEPA analysis may be conducted. And as our Supreme Court has stated, the purpose of the SEPA environmental review is to assist and inform the decision maker before a decision is made. Not after.

We believe that it's simply not possible for the City or EFSEC to make a determination on land use consistency in compliance with the Comprehensive Plan and zoning regulations without knowing the full extent

of the environmental impacts of the project and if, or how, those impacts might be mitigated.

If the City were processing this application, we would undertake the EIS, complete it before issuing our decision. We believe that this is necessary to make an informed decision and to comply with the State Environmental Policy Act.

EFSEC, the Applicant, the City, and the public will be best served if EFSEC would complete the EIS, allow an opportunity for additional comment on consistency after we've had an opportunity to review the EIS and before making a land use consistency determination. Thank you.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Mr. Potter. Council members, any questions for Mr. Waggoner or Mr. Potter on behalf of the City?

All right. Seeing none, what I'd like to do now is, to make sure we're going to proceed, council for the environment, Mr. Matt Curnutt, is here tonight. I understand he just wanted to let those of you that hadn't met him yet put a name and a face together.

He is representing, by statute, the interests of the people, the interests of the environment. But he's not offering testimony on the

land use hearing tonight. But if you need to get in touch with Mr. Curnutt, you've now got a name and a face together, and he has his business cards with him.

On the sign-up list tonight, I saw Mr. Todd
Coleman from the Port of Vancouver had his name
listed. Is he here tonight? There he is.

So I'm going to call Mr. Coleman up first to talk from the Port's perspective. Based on the testimony you've had, I'm going to ask our timekeepers to put six minutes on the clock. If you need more than that, you can let me know. But that's how much the Applicant and the City essentially took.

Also signed up are Columbia Riverkeeper,
Ms. Lauren Goldberg; Friends of the Columbia Gorge,
Mr. Nathan Baker; and also I believe the Columbia
Waterfront, LLC, Mr. Matt Grady.

I'll call you up in that order and give you the same six minutes. If you think you need more time to address it, just let me know. And I think we won't be too pressed for time tonight.

There are a number of other members of the public who I will call in order thereafter. I will ask those of you -- right now I have Mr. Don Steinke, Mr. Chris Connolly or Ms. Chris Connolly, Karen Axell from the Rosemere Neighborhood Association, DenMark

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 1 Wichar, Marla or Maya Nelson -- I'm not sure -- from 2 the Northwest Environmental Defense Center, Cathryn 3 Chudy, and Judy Hudson from the League of Women 4 Voters, and Tim Rajeff.
  - If you're speaking on behalf of an organization, I'll have you let me know that. you're intending to intervene, I want to give you the same courtesy that we are to the other, I think, known intervenors coming up in the proceeding. And the other citizens, then we'll take your testimony.
    - I'll put you all under oath at the same time, so it's a one-time swearing in. If there are additional members of the public who have requested to sign up, I'll have EFSEC staff bring the sign-up sheet forward.
    - So at this time, I'm going to ask Mr. Todd Coleman, and we'll put the six minutes on the clock. Mr. Coleman, go ahead.
  - Thank you, Your Honor. And MR. COLEMAN: thank you, Chair and council members and staff. Ι appreciate the opportunity to address you on this land use hearing.
- 23 I also have written comments. May I give 24 those to Mr. Posner?
- 25 MR. TOREM: Please. And I'll have him mark

1 those as an exhibit from the Port.

MR. COLEMAN: And those will provide more detail than I will share with you this evening. It should not take six minutes. I had planned for three, so I will make it fairly straightforward.

My name is Todd Coleman. I'm the chief executive officer at the Port of Vancouver. I've been at the Port for about 14 years, and in the current role for about two.

I am here today to request that EFSEC make a finding of land use consistency on the Vancouver Energy Distribution Terminal. And I thought I'd address that in three categories.

The first is relative to our Port Charter and Strategic Plan. Washington state ports are special purpose districts that benefit the public by providing access to trade and transportation through our ownership and our development of waterfronts, airports, ports, and industrial areas.

Are you all able to hear me fine? Okay.

The Port of Vancouver's Charter and Strategic Plan includes providing transportation access to trade and economic development. We operate our maritime facilities on property that is zoned heavy industrial. And this zoning has allowed for

handling of a wide variety of cargoes, including
grain, scrap metal, autos, wind energy, mineral bulks,
liquid bulks, and now, for 29 years, petroleum
products.

The development of the Vancouver Energy
Distribution Terminal is consistent with the Port's
charter and our strategic plan.

The second is as it relates to the collaboration and concurrence with the City of Vancouver. The Port has worked collaboratively with the City to develop its Comprehensive Plan for the waterfront located adjacent to our property, with the understanding that these rail line improvements would include the ability for the Port to grow its rail services and its rail serve business.

The Port relocated tracks and facilitated the construction of gated, separated entrances to the new waterfront through our West Vancouver Freight Access Rail Project. And we have supported the City by building \$16 million worth of new overcrossings and removing the rail line that bisects the property, and allowing the sale of this property to the Gramor Development.

We've exchanged land on the waterfront, and we are working to make even more improvements to the

roadway infrastructure by providing \$750,000 in funding to bring Transportation Investment Board grants for the Columbia Way to be constructed in its final alignment.

Next, specific to our zoning, the Port's land use is consistent with more than 100 years of rail-served terminals in Vancouver. The Port operates within the city limits with the culmination of service from class 1 rail lines, the interstate system, and a deep-draft channel to make the Port attractive to trade and economic development.

We're served by both the nation's class 1 rail lines, and this includes the Great Northern corridor and the West Coast service, which currently handles the exact same crude oil product that's proposed by the Vancouver Energy Distribution Terminal.

We've invested \$275 million in the West
Vancouver Freight Access Project to remain competitive
and to grow that cargo, a project that's been in the
making since 2005 and has been supported by the City.

The proposed Vancouver Energy Distribution

Terminal is consistent with the City's heavy

industrial zoning at the site, which has historically

included operations of petroleum as well as a wide

variety of other cargoes.

The Vancouver Energy Distribution Terminal complies with all development standards for heavy industrial zoning and fully supports the City's Comprehensive Plan goals of economic development, redevelopment, job growth, and enhancing public revenue.

Both the energy terminal and the Port's rail project are consistent with the economic development policies of the City of Vancouver's Comprehensive Plan, including policies EC2 through EC7.

Specifically, the proposed Vancouver Energy
Terminal supports policy EC2 for family-wage
employment by promoting the formation and growth of a
business that provides family-wage employment
opportunities well above average wages in the county.

The proposed project supports policy EC3, public revenue enhancement, by generating public revenues for the Port of Vancouver. It will be reinvested in our maritime and local economic development projects to further boost our local economy. And this is a wide variety of projects, including industrial developments within the community.

Finally, the proposed project supports

11

12

13

14

18

19

- 1 policy EC4, industrial and business park sanctuaries; 2 policy EC5, no net loss of employment and capacity; 3 policy EC6, efficient use of employment land; and 4 policy EC7, regional focus by redeveloping this unique 5 site in a marine -- industrial sanctuary for a marine 6 industrial use that will leverage opportunities of 7 regional importance and provide family-wage jobs while 8 generating revenue for the Port and economic 9 development within the region.
  - So in conclusion, the Port is urging that EFSEC approve land use consistency and move on to address the many other issues contained in the permit review process. And we really appreciate your consideration in this very important matter.
- MR. TOREM: Thank you, Mr. Coleman. We'll
  hear next from Ms. Lauren Goldberg, Columbia
  Riverkeeper.
  - And if you've already handed your exhibits to Mr. Posner, we'll have it marked.
- MR. BAKER: Your Honor, we were wondering if
  we could switch the order. I'm Nathan Baker with
  Friends of the Columbia Gorge.
- MR. TOREM: All right. Mr. Baker, if you want to go first. I see you're handing over an exhibit as well, if you can describe that for the

record, we'll have it marked for another land use exhibit tonight.

MR. BAKER: Thank you, Your Honor,

4 Mr. Chair, and members of the council.

My name is Nathan Baker. I'm the staff attorney with Friends of the Columbia Gorge. And I have just handed Mr. Posner a CD containing our comments. We have submitted a 40-page comment letter and 40 supporting exhibits. The letter is submitted on behalf of Friends of the Columbia Gorge, Columbia Riverkeeper, the Northwest Environmental Defense Center, the Sierra Club, and the Center for Biological Diversity.

I wanted to make a couple points about what we're here for today. I'd like to respond to a couple points made by Mr. Derr tonight.

First, he pointed out that the Supreme Court decision in the Whistling Ridge case concludes that the statute discusses that the land use consistency hearing is for review with consistency -- consistency with the Comprehensive Plan "or" the zoning ordinances. That is correct. That is what the statute says.

However, EFSEC's rules use the word "and."

In its rules, EFSEC had interpreted the statute to

mean that it will review consistency with the Comprehensive Plan and the zoning ordinances.

And I also echo the point made by Mr. Potter tonight that -- that the statutory definition of zoning ordinance is much broader than simply the zoning on the map. It refers to any local ordinance regulating the use of land, including those adopted pursuant to the police power -- the inherent police power of the city. We have cited many zoning ordinances that apply here in our comments.

And the land use consistency process is actually very important, especially for this project. Another thing that the Whistling Ridge decision concluded or called into question, actually, is it's -- it's a little bit unclear of what the standards are in EFSEC's rules for the adjudication. And there's -- there's a lack of clarity there.

To help clear that up, the city's ordinances and Comprehensive Plan provides standards that must be applied in the land use consistency process. And the project must be consistent with those rules and plans unless -- it -- the project cannot proceed unless the governor approves the project and pre-empts any ordinance or plan provision with which the project would be inconsistent. So it actually is very

important to look closely at the Comprehensive Plan and the zoning ordinances.

We would echo and support the City's request to continue this public hearing to another date, once the Environmental Impact Statement is available, and also once the Applicant provides mandatory information that will disclose details about this project and its impacts.

This is required by law. There's two main reasons. Both state law and the city's ordinances require that the EIS, or Environmental Impact Statement, be made available to the public, to the City, and to the Council to disclose the environmental impacts, which are very relevant to consistency with the land use code.

And I'll give you a couple examples. The City had adopted its own criteria and policies for protecting endangered Salmonid salmon.

It's impossible to evaluate consistency with those standards until the EIS is available and until the Federal Fish and Wildlife Agencies have consulted and weighed in on this matter.

And one more example. The Shoreline Master Program applies here, and the EIS will contain information about the potential impacts from oil

spills in the Columbia River. It's an example of something that cannot be determined in the absence of the EIS.

The other reason to continue the hearing is that the application is missing required materials that are essential to evaluate this project. So unless the Council is prepared to find the project inconsistent today for lack of those materials, the Council should continue this hearing to a later date and invite the Applicant to supply the missing information.

Some examples are the critical areas report.

There is none. We have looked through the application. We can't find it.

Final geotechnical investigation. So far, the only geotechnical investigation in the application covers only portions of the project site. It does not cover it all.

A spill emergency response plan. There is one in the application, but it says it's preliminary.

A closure plan addressing hazardous materials for the life of the project.

A level 2 tree plan, because this project would remove trees, and there are tree incident requirements that must be met.

A landscape plan. The Applicant argues that they don't have to do that, but we disagree and we explain that in our comments.

Culture research surveys. The Applicant stated last year that it would be conducting cultural research surveys at the site. But to our knowledge, those have not been submitted.

The Applicant's plans for avoiding outside impacts from noise, runoff, and vibrations, a building permit application which would disclose the details of the structural design including whether this project would withstand an earthquake.

Also, grading plans. Those are required as well.

So I see my time is up. But we do encourage you to look closely at our written materials, and it's very important that you continue the public hearing to a later date and allow the public to provide further testimony once this information is available. Thank you.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Mr. Baker.

Ms. Goldberg.

MS. GOLDBERG: Thank you, Your Honor. My name is Lauren Goldberg. I'm the staff attorney with Columbia Riverkeeper. Thank you for the opportunity

to provide testimony this evening.

As the Council is aware, Tesoro's proposal is unprecedented in size and in scope. By comparison, their proposal involves transporting more oil than is currently handled in one of the largest pipelines on the West Coast, the Transmountain Pipeline. It involves roughly just under half of the amount of oil that's proposed in the controversial Keystone XL Pipeline.

So with that context in mind, I want to address two specific sections of the Vancouver Municipal Code, specifically the Critical Areas Ordinance and the Shoreline Master Program.

As Mr. Baker pointed out, the Applicant has not carried its burden to demonstrate that its proposal -- its unprecedented proposal is consistent with the requirements of those sections of the City's ordinance.

Specifically, the terminal is proposed in four different areas that are protected through the Critical Areas Ordinance. And I'm only -- in the short time allotted, I'm only going to address one of those. That's the geologic hazard area.

So the particular site that Tesoro has selected along the Columbia River is a site that is

very susceptible in the event of an earthquake. And Tesoro acknowledges this in their application and in their preliminary geotechnical report.

The reason it's susceptible is due to liquefaction. Now, what's interesting is that just last year across the river, the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, DOGAMI, prepared an in-depth report looking at critical energy -- critical energy infrastructure located in the Portland metro area and its susceptibility in the case of an earthquake.

And what that report found in soils that are very similar to where Tesoro is proposing its project is that the primary concern for oil terminals are terminals that are located where there are soils that are susceptible to liquefaction.

Now, despite this fact that this is an acknowledged area with a high susceptibility in the event of an earthquake, Tesoro decided, in February 2014, to file a supplemental application containing only a preliminary geotechnical report.

It also, in that preliminary report, acknowledges that it has yet to prepare a report that covers the berths, the docks over the Columbia River.

And in doing that, what the company has done is it has

robbed the public, it has robbed my clients of the opportunity to hire engineers to work with experts and examine whether they are actually up to building standards, whether their unprecedented proposal can withstand the types of earthquakes that are predicted in this area, and whether this is truly the best site for an unprecedented oil terminal of this size.

I want to turn next to the City's Shoreline Master Program. This March marked the 25th anniversary of the Exxon Valdez oil spill. In turn, there's been a tremendous amount of focus on what we've learned in the 25 years since that unprecedented spill. And what we've learned is that oil spills are concentrated where there are oil terminals, where there is oil shipping.

And in turn, it's critical that this particular Applicant demonstrate that its project is consistent with the City's Shoreline Master Program. Because that master program recognizes the significance to the state of the Columbia River.

In particular, in Section 3.2 of the City's master program, the City recognizes that the Columbia River is a shoreline of statewide significance. And in that section, there are a series of policies. They're very broad policies.

For example, recognizing that the City must protect the statewide interest over the local interest; that the City must preserve the natural character of the shoreline, and that the City must provide for uses that result in long- over short-term benefit.

And this is a perfect example of how the Environmental Impact Statement will inform this council's decision on these particular critical policies of the Shoreline Master Program.

Finally, Tesoro failed to demonstrate compliance with the City's criteria protecting threatened and endangered species. In their application, they have not provided any information to demonstrate that they satisfied the City's requirements for protecting ESA-listed species.

So these are just a couple of examples of key areas where Tesoro has pushed this application forward without providing the fundamental information that the public, as well as the City, needs in evaluating whether the proposal is consistent with the City's code. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN LYNCH: I have a quick question.

You mentioned that under the critical area ordinance,
you flagged the geological hazardous area. I know

it's in the written testimony, but could you please list the other three provisions that you think are areas of concern?

MS. GOLDBERG: Absolutely. Right.

So the Applicant recognized the three -there are four areas. They describe that in the
pre-application report. It's the wetlands, the flood
plane hazard area, and the fish and wildlife
conservation area.

CHAIRMAN LYNCH: Thank you.

MR. TOREM: Any other questions? All right. Thank you. Mr. Grady.

MR. GRADY: Good evening. My name is Matt Grady. Can you guys hear the microphone here? I know everyone's been having different varying degrees of success, so I want to be as successful instead of, you know, the other side.

Welcome, Judge Torem and Chairman Lynch and members of the council. My name is Matt Grady. I'm testifying on behalf of the Columbia Waterfront, LLC.

As you may know, the Columbia Waterfront is the developer for the new waterfront community along the banks of the Columbia River down at the foot of the Vancouver, Washington city.

The waterfront is located a little over

2 miles east of the proposed terminal and immediately adjacent to the Port's Spur rail line, which are used by all the trains headed towards the Tesoro/Salvage terminal.

By way of background, I'm a senior project manager with Gramor Development. I've worked there for several years on the waterfront project alone, with respect to the land use and planning development issues.

I have over 29 years of experience in planning and land use development experience in the private and public sectors.

I'm also a member of the American Planning Association and a certified member of the American Planning Association.

Now, we'll find that RCW 80.50.090 (2) requires EFSEC to conduct a public hearing subsequent to the information of public comment to determine whether or not the proposed site is consistent with and in compliance with city, county or regional land use plans or zoning ordinances.

Columbia Waterfront respectfully submits that the Council does not have the information before it at this time to make either part of this determination. More information from the City and the

Applicant are needed before the Council can determine whether the Tesoro/Salvage proposal is both consistent with and in compliance with the City of Vancouver's land use requirements.

For the following reasons, the Council should keep the record open on land use consistency and continue this matter until the Council and the City and public have complete environmental and other information about this proposal.

Two questions involved in this land use sufficiency. First, is the use allowed? And second, if so, under what conditions?

Simply reading the zoning code and the application is not enough to answer these questions. The anticipated impacts of the proposal must be evaluated by the City in order to determine whether all or part of the proposed activities can be carried out in compliance with its land use codes and requirements.

All proposed major land use developments in the city are required to meet all of the applicable provisions of the Vancouver Municipal Code.

And by way of an example, if the City were the permitting agency for this application, the City staff would review that application and materials and

issue a decision approving, approving with conditions, or denying.

Well, Vancouver Municipal Code 20.270.020 states that all new developments and modifications to the existing developments shall require site plan review and approval prior to the issuance of any building permits, establishment of any new uses, or commencement of any site work on that site.

Well, here, in this example Tesoro proposal, the code requirements are related to stormwater, surface water, streets, fire, critical areas, and shorelines, amongst other things which come into play here.

So for example, the City has designated the project site as a critical area for liquefaction, which we just heard in their other testimony about that. And the nature of these materials being handled at the proposed facility present risks to complete -- the risk of catastrophic fire or explosions which must be evaluated by the City's first responders.

The site is located on a shoreline of statewide significance. So the Applicant must specifically demonstrate that the proposal will prevent irretrievable damage to the shoreline environment of the Columbia River.

It's simply not enough for the Applicant to state that the facility will be in compliance with the comprehensive local, state and federal regulatory requirements for facility design, construction, operation, and contingency planning.

In addition, the proposed site is inconsistent with and significantly impacts the City's plan for transformation of its downtown waterfront through the mixed-use project being developed by Columbia Waterfront and the creation of a major public park.

The impacts of the Tesoro proposal on this redevelopment are outlined in Colombia Waterfront's SEPA scoping comments, which we ask be considered in this proceeding. We are submitting a copy of my comments here tonight, along with our SEPA scoping comments.

In conclusion, there are only a few of these issues and impacts that must be resolved before the Council and the City can determine whether or not the proposed site for the distribution facility is consistent with and in compliance with city land use plans or zoning ordinances.

Furthermore, the public needs this information in advance of a land use consistency

determination in order to provide meaningful public testimony to you, the Council.

The Council should continue this matter and keep the record open on its land use consistency determination until the Environmental Impact Statement for the project is complete and the City has all of the information it needs to do its consistency and compliance reviews.

Thank you for my time in front of you. And I have a copy of what I just said to you guys for the record.

MR. TOREM: If you'll hand that to Mr. Posner.

At this time -- I had called a list of folks that had signed up to testify. Is there anyone on that list or anyone else present tonight that wants to express the desire to intervene and be a full party in the adjudication that's coming up in the months ahead?

All right. Seeing none, then what I'm going to do is ask each of you to stand when I call your name and stay standing.

Ms. Talburt, is there anyone on the sign-up list in the back that I need to call?

MS. TALBURT: No, Your Honor.

MR. TOREM: All right. So I'm going to ask

13

14

15

16

17

25

- the remaining, I think it's eight people, to stand
  when I call your name. I'll stand up as well, and I
  will swear all of you in together, and then we'll take
  your testimony.
- First, Mr. Don Steinke, Chris Connolly,

  Karen Axell, DenMark Wichar -- is it Marla or Maya

  Nelson?
- MS. NELSON: Marla.
- 9 MR. TOREM: Marla Nelson. Thank you.

  10 Cathryn Chudy, Judy Hudson, and Tim Rajeff -- thank

  11 you -- and Noreen Hine.
  - All right. Thank you. I'm going to give you all the oath of witness: Do each of you solemnly swear or affirm that all testimony you will provide to the Council in tonight's land use proceeding will be the truth?
    - (Citizens concurred.)
- MR. TOREM: All right. Thank you. You've all been sworn. Mr. Steinke, if you'll come forward.
- And I want each of you to remember, again,

  tonight, with the broad scope of issues, if you can do

  the Council and yourselves the courtesy of sticking to

  the land use and as much as you can, cite to the

  Vancouver Comprehensive Plan or Vancouver Municipal

Code, we'll know that you're on target.

If you don't know those particular code numbers, that's fine. But if you stick to land use, I won't have to interrupt you. Mr. Steinke.

MR. STEINKE: Thank you for letting me speak.

I don't know if you've seen a photograph of the Columbia Waterfront Development, but I made three copies and I was hoping Mr. Posner might make them available to you.

The Columbia Waterfront Development has been Vancouver's vision for 15 years. Many people have worked on committees to establish this vision. And it's not just a dream. We've already spent \$45 million on it. Governor Gregoire was down here at a ribbon-cutting ceremony for this development. And our mayor -- I hope I'm quoting him right -- in The Columbian last fall said that the Vancouver Waterfront Project is of utmost importance, not only to Vancouver but to Southwest Washington, end quote.

There is no way that an oil terminal would be compatible with that land use. Investors will perceive risk and put the money into safer projects.

If the oil terminal is built, the chance of success for the Vancouver Waterfront to succeed would be slim.

Ask any real estate agent. Don't need

rocket science. I hate to use that expression, but
it's the only one I had. So either we're going to
have a dangerous oil terminal which will degrade
property values and provide only a few jobs, or we'll
have a beautiful waterfront project providing far more
jobs that will make us proud. But we can't have both.

So save our vision, the waterfront project.

Deny the permits for the oil terminal. Thank you.

MR. TOREM: Chris Connolly.

MS. CONNOLLY: Hi. Thank you for letting us speak.

I'm not going to be real specific tonight, but I have dealt with Comprehensive Plan issues before. And from what I've read, parts say "sustainability" several times in your Comprehensive Plan. Sustainability: Meeting today's needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet theirs with a range of goals and strategies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and facilitate efficient energy and resource use.

I think this is a really important part.

It's more emotional than it is specific land use issues, but it does give the vision, the idea of what your vision was.

In light of the history of oil, when you

look at these applications and look if they're compatible with your zoning and your Comprehensive Plan, do you look at the history of the Applicant? Do you recognize the history of oil is unequivocally incompatible with what your vision is?

Big oil has a very bad history. Big oil is getting to be too big to govern, it seems. In other countries, they've burned down whole villages.

I realize this isn't an issue that falls under zoning exactly, but I would hope that when you look at these sorts of applications, you recognize that these are issues that this kind of industry brings with it because -- because it's getting to be too big to govern.

It -- it -- it lobbies hard to gut things like zoning laws, Comprehensive Plans. It lobbies hard to gut environmental issues.

It is important that we recognize that when they have an oil spill, they don't necessarily tell us the truth. They don't clean up their acts. Is this compatible with your vision that you have for your City?

I see you trying to consider whether or not
I'm staying on track, but I think this is an emotional
issue also that needs to be addressed.

1 When you talk about vision, do you look at 2 past? Do you look at how well you can get them to 3 comply with your requirements? Can you get the oil --4 Ms. Connolly, I'm going to MR. TOREM: interrupt you at this time. We have to focus on the 5 6 land use codes that were adopted at the time. And I 7 appreciate the emotional and the broader issues. 8 We've heard your concerns on that. 9 Do you have any more specific issues about 10 the site itself? 11 And the other issues, I encourage you to 12 bring up again at a future public hearing, perhaps at 13 the Draft EIS. 14 MS. CONNOLLY: I have brought them up 15 before, and it seems like it's not what anybody wants 16 They want the, did you address in your to hear. 17 Comprehensive Plan these sorts of possibilities. 18 Tonight that's what we need, by MR. TOREM: 19 law and by regulation. I encourage you to come back 20 when we have the Draft EIS. That's when it will be 21 appropriate to hear these broader concerns, okay? 22 MS. CONNOLLY: Well, I would hope it would 23 be appropriate at all times to hear the broader 24 concerns, in light of what those broader concerns are. 25 And the oil industry is a very, very

1 difficult industry for a board like you to deal with. 2 So I appreciate the short amount of time, 3 and I will probably be back. 4 I hope you will, and we'll have MR. TOREM: 5 you at another hearing when those topics are on point. 6 Next is Karen Axell. 7 MS. AXELL: Thank you so much for giving us the opportunity to speak tonight. 8 9 My name is Karen Axell. I'm with the 10 Rosemere Neighborhood Association. I'm here speaking 11 on our behalf. 12 I guess the first thing I'd like to say is 13 we would request that you would defer your 14 determination until the EIS and public comment. 15 You've heard that a number of times. I heard even the counsel for the terminal said it seemed premature to 16 17 adequately judge the land use merits. And it seems 18 like that speaks volumes. 19 So we request that you defer your decision 20 until more information in the EIS can be determined. 21 Beyond that, I'd like to agree with 22 Mr. Potter's statement from the City that the 23 consistency is not just governed by zoning 24 requirements themselves, but the greater picture. And reading the City of Vancouver Municipal Code Title 20 25

land use and development, it states, in part -there's three things. 1, Commit to responsible
stewardship of the city's natural resources, including
airsheds, watersheds, wildlife habitats, and open
space, with special attention paid to protecting the
Columbia River with its contribution to the city's
visual character history and economic base.

The second thing, Provide the city's residents with quality urban services, while at the same time preserving the character of existing neighborhoods and enhancing the livability of the area.

And to that point, there are a number of other area/subarea plans that address the same thing in areas that are adjacent to the Port's area; the Fruit Valley subarea plan, the Vancouver City Center Vision subarea plan, which was adopted in 2007.

And all of these plans speak to the livability and enhancing the quality of life in the neighborhoods in those areas, and we wish you would take those into consideration as well.

I guess that's it. Thank you very much.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Ms. Axell.

Mr. Wichar.

MR. WICHAR: My name is DenMark Wichar. I'm

1 a science teacher. Live in the Hough neighborhood.

Not being a city planner, attorney, or related professional but a concerned citizen and neighbor of the Port, I read Title 20 of the Vancouver Municipal Code with interest and with awe.

Chapter 20.110 gives me even more certainty that the oil facility proposal is inappropriate. I cite VMC Title 20, Chapter 20.110, Subsection B, which is called community goals.

Community goals, quote: The Development

Code contains regulations to manage the community's
growth in a manner that ensures efficient use of land,
preserves natural resources, and encourages good

design. Specifically, the code is designed to
implement adopted policies including: 1, Support the
creation of a responsive, open government that
operates in partnership with all citizens for the
purpose of maximizing participation, as well as with
city employees to ensure that they are empowered to
effectively meet citizens' needs.

MR. TOREM: Mr. Wichar, you don't have to read the whole sentence with one breath. We'll save that challenge for another speaker.

MR. WICHAR: Okay. Number 2, Celebrate the city's cultural diversity and heritage.

Number 3, Provide diverse employment opportunities within the community, maintaining a healthy business climate that also ensures that the city's residents will be provided a full range of goods and services.

And number 4, Commit to the responsible stewardship of the city's natural resources including airsheds, watersheds, wildlife habitats and open space, with special attention paid to protecting the Columbia River, with its contribution to the city's visual character, history, and economic base.

Number 5, Provide the city's residents with quality urban services while at the same time, preserving the character of existing neighborhoods and enhancing the livability of the area.

And number 6, Integrate land use and transportation planning to ensure the efficient use of land, promote use of alternative modes of transportation, and reduce congestion and air pollution. This is -- unquote. This is in the code.

I suggest that the oil terminal proposal does not measure up to these community goals, especially goals 3 through 6. If built, the oil transfer and storage facility would not -- and the many consequent long oil trains -- would not maintain

2.1

a healthy business climate; would not help steward airsheds, watersheds, wildlife habitats and open space; would not allow special attention to Columbia River and contribute to the city's visual character, history and economic base; would not preserve the character of existing neighborhoods and enhance livability of the area; would not reduce congestion and air pollution.

Regardless of the convolutions of the remainder of Title 20, this present proposal does not pass the fundamental standards of the first chapter, as specifically demonstrated at prior hearings and will be demonstrated at future hearings.

Not only does the proposal not measure up to community goals, it actually threatens them. The premise of "nothing can go wrong" is empty. Just one incident of something major going wrong could destroy all cited goals, while even the mere day-to-day presence of the terminal would not support them.

I ask for rejection of the permit.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Mr. Wichar.

Ms. Nelson.

MS. NELSON: Good evening. My name is Marla Nelson, and I'm with the Northwest Environmental Defense Center. We join in the comments submitted by

- 1 Friends of the Columbia Gorge and Columbia
- 2 | Riverkeeper, but we do not intend to intervene.
- That's why I'm also giving these comments tonight as
- 4 testimony.
- I echo much of the testimony that has come
- 6 before me, but I want to highlight two important
- 7 points.
- First, the Washington State Environmental
- 9 Policy Act prohibits EFSEC from making a land use
- 10 compatibility determination prior to completion of the
- 11 | Environmental Impact Statement. Understanding that
- 12 the Council has stated it does not intend to make a
- determination tonight, I still believe that the legal
- 14 implications of this are important and critical to
- 15 understand.
- 16 EFSEC has explained that its land use
- determination will be made according to EFSEC's
- 18 statute and rules, but not Washington Administrative
- 19 Code 197-11. This ignores the fact that EFSEC's own
- 20 actions, including any determination on land use
- 21 compatibility, is expressly subject to SEPA's
- regulations under Washington's Revised Code 80.50.180,
- which states, in part, that -- and I quote -- nothing
- in this section shall be construed as exempting any
- 25 action of the Council from any provision of chapter

1 43.21C RCW.

EFSEC's determination under WAC 463-26-110 is precisely the type of action subject to SEPA under RCW 43.21C and WAC 197-11.

Second, I want to turn to, regardless of whether the construction site itself is heavily zoned, I want to focus on the City of Vancouver's Comprehensive Plan, highlighting one crucial aspect of the comments -- the written comments that we submitted tonight, namely that the proposal is not sustainable.

The City's Comprehensive Plan states a goal to develop integrated land use patterns and transportation networks that foster reduced vehicle miles traveled, and associated greenhouse gas emissions. That's at C-16.

Tesoro's proposal and application, however, at Section 4.3, states that construction and operation of the facility will result in additional motor vehicle traffic, including construction traffic, such as workers, equipment, deliveries, as well as operational traffic, such as employees, visitors and deliveries.

In addition, the proposal contemplates four train arrivals per day, which adds up to more than 1,700 train arrivals per year, more than 3,400

additional trains slicing through the city of Vancouver, which in turn is likely to increase vehicle congestion and pedestrian obstructions.

The proposal also adds 730 marine vessel transits to and from the facility per year, not counting the tug barges and associated marine traffic.

For similar reasons, the proposal conflicts with the City's goals for urban centers and corridors and neighborhood livability. Specifically, at CD-4(e), dramatically increasing rail traffic through the heart of downtown Vancouver is expressly inconsistent with the City's goal to establish connectivity within each center and to other areas to provide accessibility.

Finally, it would negate any attempt by the City, and I quote from the Comprehensive Plan, to maintain and facilitate development of stable, multiuse neighborhoods that contain public spaces in a well-planned, safe pedestrian environment. Thank you.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Ms. Nelson.

Cathryn Chudy.

MS. CHUDY: Good evening. Let me say at the beginning that I'm concerned that your website did not list this hearing, as far as I could see. The last event or meeting associated with -- or hearing

associated with this project was May 14th, so -- I'm not on the mailing list, and I don't get The Columbian. But I do have sources that let me know that this is happening. But I think there are a lot of other people who might miss it if they go to the EFSEC website. I'm not sure, if I didn't know where to find it.

But anyway, that aside, I appreciate the opportunity to give input, and I would like you to consider the following: First, I agree with everyone else who's asked you to hold another land use consistency hearing to be scheduled once the Environmental Impact Statement is available.

The EIS is necessary and legally required for the public, the City, and the Council to review the proposal for land use consistency.

Second, Washington law requires EFSEC hearings to be open to consideration of the environmental impact of the proposal, WAC 197-11-535. The project would adversely affect air quality, water quality, and endanger our communities and special places like the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area.

The Tesoro/Salvage terminal proposal is incompatible with surrounding land uses. For example,

a billion dollar investment planned to revitalize

Vancouver's waterfront and reconnect the community

with our Columbia River. This massive oil terminal

and daily influx of oil trains would undermine this

project.

And then number 4, the oil terminal would be inconsistent with the Lewis & Clark Discovery Greenway Trail, a segment of which has been planned to be sited immediately adjacent to the proposed oil tanker storage site. Thank you.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Ms. Chudy. We will look into the website. I believe it was listed, but we'll make sure that it's more obvious for public hearings. We'll figure out a way. I appreciate the feedback.

MR. POSNER: Judge Torem, I'll just note for the record, it is on our website. It is noted under project highlights on our home page.

It may have been that you looked under the calendar of events, and it wasn't listed there. But it is right on our home page. So I apologize for that.

MR. TOREM: We will try to make sure that you don't have to get The Columbian to get notice.

We'll do better next time. But I bet you there's a

sales associate here in the crowd tonight that can work with you.

All right. Judy Hudson from the League of Women Voters.

MS. HUDSON: My name is Judy Hudson, and I'm representing the League of Women Voters of Clark County. My statement is going to be very brief.

The League of Women Voters of Clark County has endeavored to find and understand the facts and issues with this process of the Tesoro/Salvage application. So we have a little different approach because we like to do a lot of studying, a lot of fact finding.

But one thing we've discovered, you can say, well, yes, this is an industrial build, a construction project that would comply with the Port. But it's a huge scope, and that's one thing we've really found out. Very large project, and a huge impact to our community.

Now, I know we're talking about land use, but briefly I would like to say in the Vancouver Comprehensive Plan, one of the things that's stated in there is that you should minimize the adverse impact to adjacent areas, you know, neighborhoods, Vancouver Lake. You know, they talked a lot about that.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 And we really feel like -- and I don't know if the process is that you should do an impact 2 3 statement along with this so when you're looking at 4 it, you can really take a broad look at it. But we're 5 very concerned that there could be a devastation to a 6 lot of things that are around this area because of the 7 size of the project and because of the type of the 8 project.

And so that would be our input. And again, we'll be back, looking for facts and probably coming back to hearings. Thank you.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Ms. Hudson.

Tim Rajeff.

MR. RAJEFF: Thank you, Your Honor. I'm not prepared to speak at this time. Thank you.

MR. TOREM: All right. Thank you.

The last person that I have sworn in tonight is Ms. Noreen Hine. And I've had at least one person called to my attention who would still like to speak after Ms. Hine. So, ma'am, if you'll come up.

MS. HINE: I want to thank you for this opportunity.

This is democracy at work, hopefully.

Anyway, Vancouver is a very exceptional town. I came from a small town back east in Stafford, Connecticut.

1 And when I saw Vancouver, I felt like I was back home 2 where I grew up. It was a small community, but a nice 3 community. And the environment was great. No 4 That's why I fell in love with Vancouver. problem. 5 Then the next thing I know is, not many 6 years ago, I'd lived in this area and I could smell 7 natural gas. And I paid attention to it, and it 8 wasn't just a one-time thing. It was constant. 9 So I went ahead and I contacted one of my 10 elected officials. And I said, there is a natural gas 11 leak in Vancouver Lake. He trusted me. He had it 12 checked out and sure enough, the natural gas line pipe 13 coming down in Vancouver was leaking. 14 MR. TOREM: Ms. Hine --15 MS. HINE: And later I was told that it 16 could have caused a big explosion. 17 MR. TOREM: Ms. Hine, are you going to 18 testify about the land use issues? 19 MS. HINE: Yes, I am. 20 MR. TOREM: I want to make sure we're going 21 that way. 22 MS. HINE: I'm using that as an example. 23 And the problem was solved.

24

25

going on. Something dangerous in our town, in our

But now here we have something very similar

1 area, that could cause earth -- well, we have 2 earthquakes -- it could cause a lot of damage. Kill a 3 lot of people. 4 We should be proud of our environment, what 5 we have, take care of it, embrace it, and not pollute 6 it and destroy it. Thank you. 7 MR. TOREM: All right. Thank you, Ms. Hine. 8 Are there others that want to testify 9 tonight? I have one name. That's Lisa Ross. 10 Are there others that still want to provide 11 testimony on land use tonight? Sir, your name? 12 MR. JANDER: Marc Jander, J-A-N-D-E-R. 13 MR. TOREM: All right. If -- any others? 14 All right. Seeing that, I'm going to have Ms. Ross 15 and Mr. Jander, if you'll both rise, I'll give you 16 both the oath at once. 17 Do you, Lisa Ross, and do you, Marc Jander, 18 each solemnly swear or affirm that all testimony you 19 will provide before this council in this proceeding 20 will be the truth? 21 (Citizens concurred.) 22 MR. TOREM: Ms. Ross, if you'll come 23 forward. And then Mr. Jander, you'll be our last 24 speaker tonight.

25

I just wanted to remind the

MS. ROSS: Hi.

Council of a few things and correct a few things that have been stated.

First of all, the oil that is projected to be moving through the port and is currently moving through the port is not big oil. It's small, private companies.

And also, the Council is allowed to make their decision tonight, I believe, because of what the Supreme Court said. If you agree with them that you can make it on the zoning or the -- or the land use, then you can make a decision tonight.

Now, that local ordinance that said that the zoning includes all of the land use sounds like it rolls it all up into one, and it might be in conflict with the other ordinance, and that might need to be resolved.

The tracks that will actually be moving the oil through the port once it gets into the city will be moved to type 2 tracks as opposed to the type 1 tracks, and that's an even better track so that they're even flatter, even smoother so that everything will be okay. I learned that at a port meeting.

And also, they're talking about it being congruent with the goals of Vancouver and the City.

And if our goal is to be a leader in North American

energy distribution and thereby helping American people with American ships with American crews, then this oil -- I mean, this terminal is what we should pursue. And this oil is a game changer for our country and for our continent.

MR. TOREM: Thank you, Ms. Ross.

Mr. Jander.

MR. JANDER: I thought I'd jump in, sir, because I live here. I live right down there (indicating) in a building that looks out on the water. When that new affair goes in, I'll lose my view, but I have a view right now. And I also have a view of the trains. And in the six years that I've lived there -- and you probably know this -- the unit train level has gone up through the sky to the dismay of the Amtrak train that comes in every morning and is usually now two, three, four hours late.

But the land use of those tracks is that the trains stop right out in front of my apartment. Three engines, two engines sometimes. And they sit there and idle, for some reason, some clearance to get into the yard. And you know every oil train, every coal train, every wheat train stops there.

Now, I know this much. I'm not going to buy stock in that new building or set of buildings. I

don't want to look out my window and see these trains cooking away in front of me. So -- but that doesn't bother me because I'm 200 meters away, and I probably won't be living there.

I'm dismayed that we would consider this number of trains going through this town, and it's going to probably double from what it is now.

I would encourage you to come visit me sometime -- I'll have cocktails, what have you. I'm on the fourth floor. -- and just watch for a couple of hours, this process. Just feel it in your gut. This is Bayonne, New Jersey, mini Bayonne, New Jersey being built out here. It's a heck of a shame, such a nice town as this is going to have that imposed upon them.

Thank you for this quick jump in here.

MR. TOREM: And thank you, Mr. Jander, for the invitation.

MR. JANDER: Coffee in the morning, though.

MR. TOREM: I know the Council in its adjudication will anticipate a site visit. I'm not sure we can do that, but it's a good way to go.

That concludes our public testimony for the night. I want to turn it back over to our chairman, Bill Lynch, and see if there's any closing comments or advice to those that are gathered here tonight on the

1 | way ahead.

CHAIRMAN LYNCH: Thank you, Judge Torem. As you heard at the start of this meeting and which was reinforced, the purpose of tonight's meeting was very limited. There will be more opportunities for the public to comment, particularly when we have our Draft Environmental Impact Statement available.

And I'm going to ask Mr. Posner, can you give us a ballpark for when you think that Draft EIS would be available?

MR. POSNER: At this time, I don't have a specific time when it would be available, but I expect within the next couple of months or sometime this summer.

CHAIRMAN LYNCH: So it would be unlikely that it would be available before July; is that correct?

MR. POSNER: I don't believe it would be available for distribution to the public by then. It's possible, but I don't believe so.

CHAIRMAN LYNCH: Okay. Thank you. So stay tuned to our website if you -- in order to keep track of things. Again, we also have a mailing list. If you're not on the mailing list, there's an opportunity to sign up on our mailing list tonight.

```
1
                And I guess I'll just go ahead and adjourn
     the meeting.
                     Thank you.
 2
                 (The meeting adjourned at 7:25 p.m.)
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

CERTIFICATE

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

1

I, Marcel N. Johnson, Certified Shorthand Reporter for Oregon and Washington, and a Registered Professional Reporter, do hereby certify that the proceedings were had before me at the time and place set forth herein; that at said time and place I reported in stenotype all testimony adduced and other oral proceedings had in the foregoing matter; that thereafter my notes were transcribed using computer-aided transcription under my direction; and the foregoing transcript constitutes a full, true and accurate record of such testimony adduced and oral proceedings had and of the whole thereof.

Witness my hand and stamp at Portland, Oregon, this 9th day of June, 2014.

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

Reporter No. 0002947

24

Marcel N. Johnson

Oregon Certified Shorthand

Reporter No. 02-0380

Washington Certified Shorthand