

Washington State

Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council

AGENDA

MONTHLY MEETING Tuesday, January 15, 2019 1:30 PM

1300 S Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, WA 98504 Meeting Room 206

1. Call to Order		Kathleen Drew, EFSEC Chair
2. Roll Call		Tammy Mastro, EFSEC Staff
3. Proposed Agenda		Kathleen Drew, EFSEC Chair
4. Minutes	Meeting Minutes	Kathleen Drew, EFSEC Chair
	 November 13, 2018 	
5. Projects	a. Kittitas Valley Wind Project	
	Operational Updates	Eric Melbardis, EDP Renewables
	b. Wild Horse Wind Power Project	
	Operational Updates	Jennifer Diaz, Puget Sound Energy
	c. Grays Harbor Energy Center	
	Operational Updates	Chris Sherin, Grays Harbor Energy
	d. Chehalis Generation Facility	
	Operational Updates	Mark Miller, Chehalis Generation
	e. Columbia Solar Project	
	Project Updates	Ami Kidder, EFSEC Staff
	f. Desert Claim	
	Project Updates	Amy Moon, EFSEC Staff
	g. WNP – 1/4	
	Non-Operational Updates	Mary Ramos, Energy Northwest
	h. Columbia Generating Station	
	Operational Updates	Mary Ramos, Energy Northwest
	NPDES Permit Modification Draft	Amy Moon, EFSEC Staff
	The Council may consider and take FINAL ACTION on iss comment	uing the Draft Industrial Permit for public
6. Other	a. EFSEC Council	
	3 rd Quarter Cost Allocation	Stephen Posner, EFSEC Manager
7 Adiana		Kathlean Draw EESEC Chair

Verbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting

Washington State Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council

November 13, 2018



1325 Fourth Avenue • Suite 1840 • Seattle, Washington 98101

206.287.9066

www.buellrealtime.com

email: info@buellrealtime.com



Verbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting

11/13/2018

	batim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		
	Page 1		Page 3
1		1	CHAIR DREW: Good afternoon. This is
2		2	Kathleen Drew, Chair of the Energy Facility Site
3		3	Evaluation Council, and I am calling this meeting for
4		4	November, I am calling this meeting to order.
5	WASHINGTON STATE	5	Can we have the roll call, please.
6	ENERGY FACILITY SITE EVALUATION COUNCIL	6	MS. MASTRO: Department of Commerce?
7	Olympia, Washington	7	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: Liz Green-Taylor,
8	Tuesday, November 13, 2018	8	here.
9	1:30 p.m.	9	MS. MASTRO: Department of Ecology?
10		10	MR. STEPHENSON: Cullen Stephenson,
11		11	here.
12		12	MS. MASTRO: Fish and Wildlife?
13	MONTHLY COUNCIL MEETING	13	MR. LIVINGSTON: Mike Livingston, here.
14	MONTHLY COUNCIL MEETING	14	MS. MASTRO: Department of Natural
15	Verbatim Transcript of Proceedings	15	Resources?
16		16	Chair, there is a quorum for the EFSEC
17		17	Council.
18		18	CHAIR DREW: Okay. Thank you.
19	REPORTED BY: SHERPH VN SMITH CCD# 2007	19	I will ask anyone who is on the phone to
20	REPORTED BY: SHERRILYN SMITH, CCR# 2097 Buell Realtime Reporting, LLC	20	introduce themselves if they so wish.
21	1325 Fourth Avenue	21	MR. SHERMAN: Bill Sherman, Counsel for
22	Seattle, Washington 98101 206.287.9066 Seattle	22	the Environment.
23	360.534.9066 Olympia	23	CHAIR DREW: Okay.
24	www.buellrealtime.com	24	Before we have our proposed agenda before us,
25	www.bdciircattime.com	25	is there a motion to adopt the agenda?
	Page 2		Page 4
1	APPEARANCES	1	MR. STEPHENSON: I'll so move.
2	Councilmembers:	2	MR. LIVINGSTON: I'll second that.
3		3	CHAIR DREW: All those in favor?
4	KATHLEEN DREW, Chair LIZ GREEN-TAYLOR, Department of Commerce CULLEN STEPHENSON, Department of Ecology	4	COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
5	MIKE LIVINGSTON, Fish & Wildlife DAN SIEMANN, Natural Resources (via phone)	5	CHAIR DREW: All those opposed?
6	Assistant Attorney General:	6	The agenda is adopted.
7	ANN C. ESSKO	-	N 1 12 1 10 10 11 17 17 18
8		/	Now, looking to the there's a feedback. If
	JON THOMPSON	8	those who are on the line could mute your phones
9	JON THOMPSON Council Staff:	8 9	
0.50	JON THOMPSON		those who are on the line could mute your phones
10	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER	9	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great.
10 11	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO	9 10	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from
10 11 12	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN	9 10 11	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those?
10 11 12 13	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON	9 10 11 12	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of
10 11 12 13 14	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance:	9 10 11 12 13	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick
10 11 12 13 14	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance:	9 10 11 12 13 14	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So
10 11 12 13 14	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance:	9 10 11 12 13 14	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: amendments, Chair.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: amendments, Chair. CHAIR DREW: So if we put it before us
10 11 12 13 14	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance:	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: — amendments, Chair. CHAIR DREW: So if we put it before us then, move the adoption of the minutes, and then we
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance:	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: amendments, Chair. CHAIR DREW: So if we put it before us then, move the adoption of the minutes, and then we will correct them.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance:	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: amendments, Chair. CHAIR DREW: So if we put it before us then, move the adoption of the minutes, and then we will correct them. MR. STEPHENSON: Thank you.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance: BILL SHERMAN, Counsel for the Environment (via phone) CHRIS SHERIN, Grays Harbor Energy MARK MILLER, Chehalis Generating Station JASON SPADARO, Whistling Ridge Energy Project TIM McMAHAN, Whistling Ridge Energy Project	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: amendments, Chair. CHAIR DREW: So if we put it before us then, move the adoption of the minutes, and then we will correct them. MR. STEPHENSON: Thank you. I move that we adopt the minutes.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance: BILL SHERMAN, Counsel for the Environment (via phone) CHRIS SHERIN, Grays Harbor Energy MARK MILLER, Chehalis Generating Station JASON SPADARO, Whistling Ridge Energy Project TIM McMAHAN, Whistling Ridge Energy Project	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: amendments, Chair. CHAIR DREW: So if we put it before us then, move the adoption of the minutes, and then we will correct them. MR. STEPHENSON: Thank you. I move that we adopt the minutes. CHAIR DREW: Second?
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	JON THOMPSON Council Staff: SONIA BUMPUS TAMMY MASTRO AMI KIDDER AMY MOON PATTY BETTS CHRISTINA POTIS JOAN AITKEN STEWART HENDERSON In Attendance: BILL SHERMAN, Counsel for the Environment (via phone) CHRIS SHERIN, Grays Harbor Energy MARK MILLER, Chehalis Generating Station JASON SPADARO, Whistling Ridge Energy Project TIM McMAHAN, Whistling Ridge Energy Project	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	those who are on the line could mute your phones because I am getting feedback, that would be great. Okay. Moving on to the meeting minutes from October 16th. Is there a motion to adopt those? MR. STEPHENSON: I have just a couple of quick CHAIR DREW: Okay. So MR. STEPHENSON: amendments, Chair. CHAIR DREW: So if we put it before us then, move the adoption of the minutes, and then we will correct them. MR. STEPHENSON: Thank you. I move that we adopt the minutes. CHAIR DREW: Second? MR. LIVINGSTON: I will second that.

11/13/2018

-	Page 5		Page 7
	the minutes there are four references to Yakima. These are all tribal references and so they should be		Chris Sherin, the plant manager, Grays Harbor Energy Center.
	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	2	200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	spelled with an extra A instead of the I. I will get	3	I have no nonroutine items to report. I would
	these to Joan to make those changes.	4	mention the gas line explosion in British Columbia
5	CHAIR DREW: Okay. Then as actually,	5	last month, but it was covered in last month's
6	I did this wrong, so we will take a step and say	6	meeting, so
7	MR. STEPHENSON: I will move to adopt	7	CHAIR DREW: Okay.
8	the minutes	8	MR. SHERIN: — I'll skip that.
9	CHAIR DREW: Minutes as amended.	9	CHAIR DREW: Okay.
LO	MR. STEPHENSON: as amended.	10	MR. SHERIN: Any questions?
1	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.	11	CHAIR DREW: Any questions?
2	MR. LIVINGSTON: I'll second that move.	12	Thank you.
3	CHAIR DREW: All those in favor.	13	MR. SHERIN: Thank you.
.4	COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.	14	CHAIR DREW: Moving on to Columbia
.5	CHAIR DREW: Opposed?	15	Generating Station. Mary Ramos?
.6	MR. SIEMANN: Aye.	16	MS. MOON: Since Mary is not on the
7	CHAIR DREW: Is that Mr. Siemann on the	17	line, there must be a technical difficulty today. But
8	phone now from DNR?	18	there was nothing this is Amy Moon reporting.
9	MR. SIEMANN: Yes, that is.	19	There was nothing nonroutine to report for the period.
0	CHAIR DREW: Okay.	20	CHAIR DREW: Okay.
1	MR. SIEMANN: This is Dan Siemann from	21	And the same is true for WNP 1/4?
2	DNR.	22	MS. MOON: Oh, yes. Thank you,
3	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.	23	Kathleen. Yes, the same is true for WNP 1/4.
4	All those opposed? Motion carries.	24	CHAIR DREW: Okay. Thank you.
.5	Moving on to our project updates. Kittitas	25	Moving on to Chehalis Generation Facility.
	Page 6		Page 8
		1	9
1	Valley Wind Project. Eric?	1	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down.
1	Valley Wind Project. Eric? Okay. While looking at the report for October	1 2	_
		593	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down.
2	Okay. While looking at the report for October	2	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may.
2	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the	2	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate
2 3 4	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time.	2 3 4	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today.
2 3 4 5	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz?	2 3 4 5	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room.
2 3 4 5	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted.	2 3 4 5	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah.
2 3 4 5 6 7	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would	2 3 4 5 6 7	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers,
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 -0 -1	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from? CHAIR DREW: We need a microphone.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of the Sumas hub, transport to the Pacific Northwest, the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from? CHAIR DREW: We need a microphone. MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: The microphones will	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of the Sumas hub, transport to the Pacific Northwest, the line is only operating to 80 percent of its normal
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .7 .7 .8 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from? CHAIR DREW: We need a microphone. MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: The microphones will pick CHAIR DREW: The microphones will pick	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of the Sumas hub, transport to the Pacific Northwest, the line is only operating to 80 percent of its normal pressure. The gas prices have been extraordinarily
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from? CHAIR DREW: We need a microphone. MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: The microphones will pick CHAIR DREW: The microphones will pick it up. Okay.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of the Sumas hub, transport to the Pacific Northwest, the line is only operating to 80 percent of its normal pressure. The gas prices have been extraordinarily high. Just for information, maybe some of you follow
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from? CHAIR DREW: We need a microphone. MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: The microphones will pick CHAIR DREW: The microphones will pick it up. Okay. Go ahead, you could sit right there.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of the Sumas hub, transport to the Pacific Northwest, the line is only operating to 80 percent of its normal pressure. The gas prices have been extraordinarily high. Just for information, maybe some of you follow this or not, but typically the gas prices are around
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .1 .2 .1 .3 .4 .1 .5 .6 .7 .1 .7 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from? CHAIR DREW: We need a microphone. MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: The microphones will pick CHAIR DREW: The microphones will pick it up. Okay. Go ahead, you could sit right there. MR. SHERIN: I'll stand.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of the Sumas hub, transport to the Pacific Northwest, the line is only operating to 80 percent of its normal pressure. The gas prices have been extraordinarily high. Just for information, maybe some of you follow this or not, but typically the gas prices are around \$3.75, \$4 million BTU, and today's pricing it was
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Okay. While looking at the report for October in your packets, we see that there are no out of the ordinary issues at this time. Wild Horse Wind Power Project. Ms. Diaz? MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: They are all muted. CHAIR DREW: Well, I think they would speak up if they were there. So as you can see in the report there, there is nothing out of the ordinary to report. They do have a hunting plan and started that on October 27th, with the elk season, and had a stormwater inspection. So moving on to Grays Harbor Energy Center. MR. SHERIN: So where would you like me to speak from? CHAIR DREW: We need a microphone. MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: The microphones will pick CHAIR DREW: The microphones will pick it up. Okay. Go ahead, you could sit right there.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. MILLER: I'll sit down. CHAIR DREW: Okay. You may. MR. MILLER: This is very intimate today. CHAIR DREW: Not our usual room. MR. MILLER: Yeah. Good afternoon, Chair Drew, Councilmembers, and Staff. I'm Mark Miller, the plant manager of the Chehalis Generation Facility. This month well, I reported verbally last month. In this month's report, a brief summary of gas supply issues that Mr. Sherin referred to, that we experienced during the month of October. While the curtailment of the natural gas to the Chehalis plant has been relieved by reopening of the Sumas hub, transport to the Pacific Northwest, the line is only operating to 80 percent of its normal pressure. The gas prices have been extraordinarily high. Just for information, maybe some of you follow this or not, but typically the gas prices are around

Verbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		11/13/2018
Page 9		Page 11
1 \$70 per megawatt hour. Our cost of these prices is	1	way. Those prices if if generation is made
2 substantially higher than that, about \$88 an hour, so,	2	unavailable, then those have to be those megawatts
3 therefore, we have been curtailed due to economics.	3	have to be replaced by other alternate sources. So if
4 It sounds like that may continue for a while.	4	we had a failure somewhere in our system where we were
5 I don't have any additional information on the	5	unable to generate or transport energy in, they would
6 pipeline issues that they are having in	6	start us likely at a loss.
7 British Columbia. Most of that is available on the	7	I don't know if that answers the your
8 Internet.	8	question, Mr. Stephenson.
9 That's all I have to report, so if there are	9	MR. STEPHENSON: Uh-huh.
10 any questions.	10	MR. SHERIN: I would add that, pretty
11 CHAIR DREW: Any questions?	11	much what Mark said, it's just economics. The price
MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: Just confirming, is	12	of the gas is high because there's demand for what gas
13 the price increase directly related to the explosion	13	is there. It's just put us out of the put us out
14 or is it larger	14	of the marketable range. We're not profitable.
15 MR. MILLER: I can only	15	MR. MILLER: And when Enbridge first had
MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: economic issues?	16	the issue, Williams declared a force majeure event so
MR. MILLER: No, it's all related to	17	they could maintain reliable supplies to heating
18 fuel.	18	customers primarily. It's a balancing act.
19 MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: Okay.	19	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.
MR. MILLER: So it's availability of the	20	Any other questions?
21 fuel supply to the plant. And and that's and	21	MR. MILLER: All right. Thank you.
22 those prices again, with the gas trading market,	22	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.
23 which I'm not a gas trading expert, but one would	23	We are now at the Columbia Solar Project
24 surmise that their capacity hasn't been fully restored	24	update. Ms. Kidder.
25 and difficulties in meeting transportation needs	25	MS. KIDDER: Good afternoon, Chair Drew
Page 10		Page 12
1 results in high prices.	1	and Councilmembers. For the record, my name is Ami
2 CHAIR DREW: I also see in your report	2	Kidder, I have an update for you on the Columbia Solar
3 that you are making sure that you are able safely to	3	Project.
4 operate at the reduced pressure.	4	Columbia Solar has begun submissions of draft
5 MR. MILLER: The pressure provided to us	5	plans that Staff are currently reviewing. Staff are
6 is still at the same necessary pressure to operate the	6	also coordinating with our contractors at various
7 plant safely. The rules of physics don't allow the	7	agencies to review plans, as indicated MDNS and SCA.
8 reduced pressure and the volume transport Cullen is	8	Columbia Solar has also submitted their Joint Aquatic
9 a chemical engineer, he knows this that they aren't	9	Resource Permit Application, or JARPA, to the U.S.
10 able to move as much gas at these pressures.	10	Army Corps of Engineers. Staff are waiting for the
11 While we are still regulated, I think it's	11	Corps' review and decision to determine which, if any,
12 about 895 pounds, something like that, to safe	12	permits are required for the type of site.
13 combustion. The transport issues in in the 36-inch	13	Are there any questions?
14 line are not.	14	CHAIR DREW: Any questions?
15 CHAIR DREW: Okay. Thank you for your	15	Okay. Thank you.
16 further clarification on that.	16	Moving on to the Whistling Ridge Energy
17 MR. STEPHENSON: Just one follow-up.	17	Project. We have had Jason Spadaro with us, and
18 I'm you can tell from my portfolio that I'm not a	18	MR. SPADARO: And Tim McMahan.
19 great economist, but it seems like with the natural	19	CHAIR DREW: Tim McMahan.
20 gas being down, demand for your energy would be up,	20	MR. SPADARO: Good afternoon, Chair Drew
21 but you can't make it, is that right, because you	21	and members of the Council. My name is Jason Spadaro,
22 don't have the natural gas to do what you want to do?	22	I am president of Whistling Ridge Energy Project and
MR. MILLER: Exactly. We do not have	23	SDS Lumber Company.
24 the gas supply to be able to generate, so other	24	We delivered a letter in this is a
25 resources need to come into play in a much greater	25	five-year anniversary of the signing of the site

Ver	batim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		11/13/2018
	Page 13		Page 15
1	certification agreement, so by statute we are here to	1	Underwood Mountain, farther to the north into DNR
2	provide an update after five years. We delivered a	2	ownership.
3	letter that I believe is in your packet. I will read	3	The portion that we permitted, sought permit
4	parts of it.	4	for was on our privately owned land. It's commercial
5	Chair Drew and Councilmembers, I am President	5	forest land. There's actually two owners, ourselves,
6	of SDS Lumber and Whistling Ridge Energy, the owner of	6	and then a sister company named Broughton Lumber
7	the Whistling Ridge Energy Project, or "Project." I	7	Company, so we have full site control of the property.
8	am submitting a status report for the Whistling Ridge	8	The Bonneville Power regional transmission lines
9	Project, in accordance with RCW 463-68-060. Attached	9	traverse right through the center of the property.
10	to this report is a Project History timeline that	10	There's four sets of lines there: A 500, and two 230,
11	helps in understanding the status of this Project.	11	and one 115 kV line.
12	And then in response if you all have the	12	So it is on my first bullet point. It is west
13	letter. If you don't, it's also in the packet that I	13	of White Salmon on our private commercial forest land
14	just passed around. Moving forward to the responses	14	owned by SDS and Broughton, adjacent to the Bonneville
15	that are in statute, the nature and degree of any	15	regional transmission lines. Our application was
16	changes, project design, statements and information,	16	first filed here in 2009. The procedural history and
17	et cetera.	17	the background was all attached to the letter. Our
18	Our responses are at Section 1. At this time,	18	request was for up to 50 wind turbines. What was
19	the Project is not proposing any changes as described	19	approved by the site the EFSEC Council recommended
20	in Section 1 of the statute. There is no new	20	to the governor and then signed by the governor was
21	information or changed conditions known at this time	21	for up to 35 wind turbines. The project was reduced
22	that might indicate the existence of any probable	22	in its size.
23	significant adverse impacts not previously addressed	23	And then legal challenges have continued over
24	in the EFSEC FEIS.	24	the years. Most recently, we just resolved the
25	And then, finally, at this time, Whistling	25	Interconnection Agreement. It was appealed to the
	Page 14		Page 16
1	Ridge is not proposing any changes, modifications, or	1	Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. A ruling was issued
2	amendments to the Site Certificate Agreement of any	2	earlier this year, and then a review requested, and
3	or any regulatory permits. It is possible that such	3	the review, en banc review was denied.
4	changes will be proposed in the future.	4	So that brings us up to that occurred,
5	So Mr. Posner by the way, it is nice to see	5	what, June of this year, Tim?
6	some of you again. It's been a long time since I've	6	MR. McMAHAN: July.
7	been here before the Council. A lot of new faces.	7	MR. SPADARO: July of this year.
8	Nice to see you again. I know Steve Posner is still	8	By the way, I will introduce Tim McMahan,
9	here, and Tammy I recognize.	9	project counsel and friend of the project.
10	We are still alive, the project is still	10	So if you flip back in the package, just to
11	alive. It has been mired down in litigation for a	11	acquaint you, those new faces, there is a vicinity
12	number of years as the project history outline that	12	map. In the upper left corner you can see we are down
13	was attached to the letter described.	13	on the border of the Washington/Oregon line on the
14	In this packet, I've just got some short	14	Columbia just north of the Columbia River. The
15	bullet updates, and I'll go through some attached	15	gray crosshatched area is the project boundaries. And
16	exhibits there and then open it up for questions.	16	this is as amended by the final approval of EFSEC.
17	So just in an overview, since there are so	17	Part of the project had to be reduced.

18

The second page I put in just to give you a

22 boundary and the turbine corridors where we requested

24 was approved. You can flip between the two and I have

23 permission to erect turbines. Third page shows what

25 shown and crosshatched the areas excluded from

19 reference for what was requested and then what was

20 approved. So the second page is from the EIS. It's 21 Figure 2.3-1. This was the original requested project

18 many new faces, SDS Lumber is an integrated timberland

20 Washington. We're down in the Columbia River Gorge

21 near White Salmon. Some of our forest land that we 22 own west of White Salmon is on a mountain called

23 Underwood Mountain, and to the west -- on the west

24 flanks of that is a ridgeline known as Whistling

25 Ridge. It extends from just a little north of

19 and lumber manufacturing company in Bingen,

Ve	rbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		11/13/2018
	Page 17		Page 19
1	construction by the final approval.	1	originally proposed project?
2	So there are a number of turbines on the	2	MR. SPADARO: That was the Council's
3	south edge bordering up against a National Scenic	3	decision in evaluating –
4	boundary and with some visibility from within the	4	MR. LIVINGSTON: Okay.
5	National Scenic Area boundary were removed from the	5	MR. SPADARO: - the need for renewable
6	final approval. Turbines on the northeast corner also	6	energy and all of the other aspects of the project,
7	visible from portions of the National Scenic Area,	7	and then the environmental impacts of it. We didn't
8	those were removed. So that's the that is the	8	voluntarily offer to remove turbines from the project.
9	up to 35 turbines within those corridors is what final	9	The order was that those shall be - from EFSEC, was
10	approval granted us.	10	that shall be removed from the project.
11	You know, I don't know, I can answer questions	11	The ones that you see in the visual
12	to the best of my ability. I didn't come prepared to	12	simulation, the ones that are visible in that in
13	dig into the full review of the adjudicatory hearings	13	that sim, were part of the southernmost string of the
14	and the whole process of the EIS, but this is an	14	project, and that was a simulation point along
15	exhibit from the EIS showing some visual simulation	15	Interstate 84. There are still some turbines that
16	locations. One of one of these 54 viewpoints that	16	will be visible from portions of the National Scenic
17	was analyzed I have attached. This is Point 13 on the	17	Area.
18	next page. This gives an example of what was	18	And that and this was and Tim, you know,
19	proposed, what the site looks like before, what it	19	kick me if I am going astray here, but without, you
20	was, as proposed initially, and then what was approved	20	know, reopening the whole adjudicatory hearing
21	as permitted. It's a visual simulation.	21	process.
22	So that's some background on the project and a	22	The National Scenic Area Act does have some
23	status report. Having been tied up in litigation for	23	savings provisions within it, that it has a boundary,
24	nearly ten years, there's not a lot that could have	24	and things that are within the Scenic Area boundary
25	been done with the project. Now that we are done with	25	and outside of the Scenic Area boundary that can be
	Page 18		Page 20
1	litigation, hopefully, we can proceed to move forward	1	seen or heard from the Scenic within the boundary,
2	with the project, marketing and development, on a time	2	that there are savings provisions that protect those
3	line now as market conditions allow.	3	uses, that the Scenic Area boundary has a line to it,
4	That's my update. Are there any specific	4	and it's not to by itself to create a impose
5	questions?	5	additional restrictions on land uses.
6	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.	6	Now, under SEPA there are other obligations
7	Councilmembers, do you have any questions?	7	and that's that was part of the evaluation that
8	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: I do, ma'am.		this Council did in reviewing this project.
9	CHAIR DREW: Ms. Green-Taylor.	9	MR. LIVINGSTON: Okay. Thank you.
10	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: I apologize if you	10	MR. SPADARO: Does that make sense?
11	said this and I just didn't hear it. Is there a	11	MR. LIVINGSTON: Yes.
12	proposed date for construction to begin?	12	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.
13	MR. SPADARO: No, not at this time.	13	Any other questions.
14	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: Okay.	14	MR. McMAHAN: Just one thing. In my
15	MR. LIVINGSTON: Chair Drew?	15	poor legal drafting, it says RCW. That's a WAC. Jon
16	CHAIR DREW: Mr. Livingston.	16	caught that already. Just to be clear about the
17	MR. LIVINGSTON: So based on your	17	citations in the letter.
18	this Viewpoint 13, it looks like you removed the	18	CHAIR DREW: Oh, okay. I see. In fact,
19	towers that were going to be visible from the	19	says RCW, and then it says WAC.
20	within the scenic I'm just curious, with the	20	MR. McMAHAN: Yes, it does. It says
21	National Scenic Area, other locations, particularly	21	both, just in case.
22	like along the either the interstate or Highway 14,	22	CHAIR DREW: Okay. So noted.
23	if other turbines are viewable. I mean, how did	23	Thank you.
24	how did you guys work through that whole process of	24	MR. SPADARO: So I'll just close by
	deciding which turbines got removed from the		saying I look forward to coming back to you another
25			

Verbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting

11/13/2018

vei	batim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		11/13/2018
	Page 21		Page 23
1	day, when we have a time line for actually moving	1	So for the record, this is Sonia Bumpus. I am
2	forward and moving on with the project.	2	going to be talking about the draft Resolution 343
3	CHAIR DREW: Okay.	3	that is in your Council packets. The SEPA staff
4	MR. SPADARO: Thank you.	4	memorandum from Staff to Mr. Posner is also updated
5	CHAIR DREW: Thank you very much. It's	5	and in the Council packets, as well as the Site
6	good to see you.	6	Certification Agreement, Amendment 1.
7	We are now are moving on to Desert Claim	7	This version has all of the mitigation
8	project update. We will start with Amy Moon.	8	measures from the SEPA addendum that Ms. Moon just
9	Ms. Moon.	9	talked about incorporated. So it's not in track
10	MS. MOON: Good afternoon, Chair Drew	10	changes like the one you saw last week, everything has
11	and Councilmembers. As Chair Drew has stated, I am	11	been incorporated. And there were a few minor typos
12	Amy Moon and I am providing an update for the Desert	12	and things like that that we caught, that we went in
13	Claim project.	13	and changed. So these documents in your packet are
14	At the October council meeting, EFSEC Staff	14	the most current versions.
15	discussed the public comments that were received in	15	So, as Ms. Moon already talked about, Staff
16	response to the addendum to the final supplemental EIS	16	has been working to prepare the draft SCA amendment
17	for the Desert Claim Wind Power request for amendment	17	over the last few weeks. As directed at the
18	to the Site Certification Agreement. As a result of	18	October 16th council meeting, Staff has also prepared
19	the public comments, EFSEC Staff revised the historic	19	this draft resolution in your packet, and we have sent
20	and cultural preservation mitigation measures and	20	it to you for review.
21	prepared the final addendum to the FSEIS, referred to	21	I just want to talk about what the resolution
22	as the final SEPA addendum. None of the analysis done	22	covers. It covers quite a bit. It starts off with a
23	for the final SEPA addendum resulted in findings of	23	high-level summary of the revised project, that's the
24	significant unavoidable adverse impacts.	24	amended project, and it also provides a background
25	EFSEC Staff then prepared a draft amendment to	25	about the original project as it was proposed, and the
_	D 00	_	Dana 24
	Page 22		Page 24
1	Page 22 the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA	1	Page 24 process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in
1 2		1 2	
	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA	1	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in
2	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes	2	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010.
2	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA	2	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert
2 3 4 5	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource	2 3 4	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the
2 3 4 5	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to	2 3 4 5	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in
2 3 4 5	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development	2 3 4 5	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments
2 3 4 5 6 7	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation	2 3 4 5 6 7	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the final SEPA addendum and the draft SCA amendment.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure. Finally, it discusses, the SCA amendment
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the final SEPA addendum and the draft SCA amendment. Does the Council have any questions on that?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure. Finally, it discusses, the SCA amendment requests consistency with the provisions outline in
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the final SEPA addendum and the draft SCA amendment. Does the Council have any questions on that? CHAIR DREW: Questions?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure. Finally, it discusses, the SCA amendment requests consistency with the provisions outline in WAC 463-66-040. This is consistency with the intent
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the final SEPA addendum and the draft SCA amendment. Does the Council have any questions on that? CHAIR DREW: Questions? Okay.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure. Finally, it discusses, the SCA amendment requests consistency with the provisions outline in WAC 463-66-040. This is consistency with the intent of the original SCA. This is talked about on Page 13
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the final SEPA addendum and the draft SCA amendment. Does the Council have any questions on that? CHAIR DREW: Questions? Okay. MS. MOON: So then I am going to turn it	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure. Finally, it discusses, the SCA amendment requests consistency with the provisions outline in WAC 463-66-040. This is consistency with the intent of the original SCA. This is talked about on Page 13 of the resolution, applicable laws and rules. So this
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the final SEPA addendum and the draft SCA amendment. Does the Council have any questions on that? CHAIR DREW: Questions? Okay. MS. MOON: So then I am going to turn it over to Sonia Bumpus to discuss the amendment and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure. Finally, it discusses, the SCA amendment requests consistency with the provisions outline in WAC 463-66-040. This is consistency with the intent of the original SCA. This is talked about on Page 13 of the resolution, applicable laws and rules. So this actually is a pretty lengthy section. It covers the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	the Site Certification Agreement known as the SCA Amendment No. 1. The draft SCA amendment includes mitigation measures, presents it in the final SEPA addendum. The cultural and archeological resource section of the draft SCA amendment was updated to clarify what will be considered during the development of the cultural resources monitoring and mitigation plan that will be prepared in coordination with the Yakama Nation and the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, known as DAHP, or D-A-H-P. EFSEC Staff also coordinated with the Yakama Nation regarding historic and cultural preservation. We discussed the draft SCA amendment and the historic and cultural preservation concerns of the Yakama Nation. EFSEC Staff evaluated these concerns and determined they are identified in the commitments made in the FSEIS and through mitigation measures in the final SEPA addendum and the draft SCA amendment. Does the Council have any questions on that? CHAIR DREW: Questions? Okay. MS. MOON: So then I am going to turn it	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	process that EFSEC went through at that time, back in 2009 to 2010. It also outlines EFSEC's procedures for Desert Claim's SCA amendment request. It includes the April 11th, 2018 public hearing that EFSEC held in Ellensburg, Washington, where we received comments from the public, and Desert Claim provided a presentation on their proposed amendments. It describes EFSEC's SEPA environmental review. It goes into quite a bit of detail about the public comments that EFSEC received on these draft SEPA addendum in September. It also discusses how we responded to those comments and associated mitigation measures after reviewing those comments. All of the mitigation measures, just to note, they all stayed the same, with the exception of the cultural resource mitigation measure. Finally, it discusses, the SCA amendment requests consistency with the provisions outline in WAC 463-66-040. This is consistency with the intent of the original SCA. This is talked about on Page 13 of the resolution, applicable laws and rules. So this

Verbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting

11/13/2018

Page: 7 (25 - 28)

7,000	rbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		11/13/201
	Page 25		Page 27
1	Page 16 through 17. It also talks about consistency	1	additional monitoring.
2	with construction and operations standards in EFSEC's	2	So pursuant to the stipulation from 2009, and
3	WAC 643-62. That's a pretty lengthy section there.	3	in light of Desert Claim's commitment in the letter
4	It also talks about consistency with provisions of	4	that I forwarded to the Council today, the Counsel for
5	Chapter 463-72, which deals with EFSEC's site	5	the Environment fully supports the issuance of the
6	restoration requirements.	6	amended Site Certification Agreement in this case.
7	All of those that I just listed, they all are	7	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.
8	discussed in detail, and the resolution documents that	8	MR. SHERMAN: That's all I have to say.
9	the amendment request and when I say "amendment	9	CHAIR DREW: Are there questions from
10	request" I mean Amendment 1 that you've got there in	10	Councilmembers?
11	your packets, is consistent with all of these.	11	MR. STEPHENSON: Just a comment.
12	I wanted to at this time check and see if	12	CHAIR DREW: Okay. Comment,
13	there are any questions from the Council about the	13	Mr. Stephenson.
14	resolution or any of the SEPA documents.	14	MR. STEPHENSON: Thanks, Chair Drew.
15	CHAIR DREW: Are there any questions	15	I just want to say, as I have looked through
16	from Councilmembers?	16	this, it's clear that Staff and the SEPA manager have
17	MR. LIVINGSTON: No.	17	looked at this hard. I am impressed by the work that
18	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: No.	18	you have done and your responsiveness to the changes
19	CHAIR DREW: Okay.	19	and to the public comments, in my world, especially
20	MS. BUMPUS: So if there aren't any	20	around streams and wetlands and the cultural
21	questions, pursuant to WAC 463-66, Staff requests that	21	resources, but it's it appears to me that this has
22	the Council take action on the SCA Amendment No. 1 for	22	been well done in terms of responding to the changes.
23	the Desert Claim Wind Power Project, SCA Amendment	23	MR. LIVINGSTON: I just have one comment
24	Request, and this would be to approve by Council	24	as well, Chair Drew.
25	Resolution No. 343.	25	CHAIR DREW: Mr. Livingston.
1100010010	Page 26		Page 28
1	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.	1	MR. LIVINGSTON: Because I wasn't on the
2	At this point, I know we did have do have a	2	Council when this was passed, I had to review the
3	request that the Counsel for the Environment, Mr. Bill	1 0000	original SCA and get myself familiar with it, and
4	Sherman, would like to address the Council, so I will		
		3	putting my Fish & Wildlife hat on, looking at
5	SACRESCE STATE CONTROL	4	putting my Fish & Wildlife hat on, looking at
5	ask for that before we have a motion before us.	4 5	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when
5	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew.	4	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW
6 7	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated.	4 5 6 7	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian
6 7 8	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State	4 5 6 7 8	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management
6 7 8 9	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for	4 5 6 7 8 9	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses
6 7 8 9	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project,	4 5 6 7 8 9	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being
6 7 8 9 10	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my	4 5 6 7 8 9 10	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still
6 7 8 9 10 11	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd,	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider.
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you.
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of conditions set forth in the stipulation.	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you. I have a question for Counsel. So in order to
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of conditions set forth in the stipulation. In my view, a deal is a deal on both sides.	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you. I have a question for Counsel. So in order to make sure that the stipulation for the Counsel for the
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of conditions set forth in the stipulation. In my view, a deal is a deal on both sides. The question for me was, are there aspects of the	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you. I have a question for Counsel. So in order to make sure that the stipulation for the Counsel for the Environment, do we need to add that to — if we are
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of conditions set forth in the stipulation. In my view, a deal is a deal on both sides. The question for me was, are there aspects of the project that have changed sufficiently to — to bring	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you. I have a question for Counsel. So in order to make sure that the stipulation for the Counsel for the Environment, do we need to add that to — if we are going to propose a motion that would approve the
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of conditions set forth in the stipulation. In my view, a deal is a deal on both sides. The question for me was, are there aspects of the project that have changed sufficiently to — to bring that stipulation into question or are there facts on	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you. I have a question for Counsel. So in order to make sure that the stipulation for the Counsel for the Environment, do we need to add that to — if we are going to propose a motion that would approve the resolution and thereby the Site Certification
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of conditions set forth in the stipulation. In my view, a deal is a deal on both sides. The question for me was, are there aspects of the project that have changed sufficiently to — to bring that stipulation into question or are there facts on the ground that have changed sufficiently to put it	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you. I have a question for Counsel. So in order to make sure that the stipulation for the Counsel for the Environment, do we need to add that to — if we are going to propose a motion that would approve the resolution and thereby the Site Certification Agreement, would we add, then — and the — the
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	ask for that before we have a motion before us. MR. SHERMAN: Thank you, Chair Drew. Much appreciated. This is Bill Sherman from the Washington State Attorney General's Office, I'm appointed Counsel for the Environment. For purposes of this project, there's a little bit of history that relates to my comment today. When this project was first before the Council, the Counsel for the Environment, together with Desert Claim, signed a stipulation on June 23rd, 2009, by which the Counsel for the Environment agreed to fully support the issuance of the Site Certification Agreement, subject to a number of conditions set forth in the stipulation. In my view, a deal is a deal on both sides. The question for me was, are there aspects of the project that have changed sufficiently to — to bring that stipulation into question or are there facts on	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	requirements such as additional bat monitoring when the turbines go up, the Wind Power Guidelines at WDFW would be used to develop the postconstruction avian monitoring plan, as well as the — the Best Management Practices applied to removing afterbirth and carcasses from livestock operations to avoid bald eagles being attracted to the area, I think are all really still pertinent measures for this project amendment, and so I was happy to see that those are still in there, as well as the additional steps for mitigation related to streams and wetlands. I am very supportive of what Staff has provided here for us to consider. CHAIR DREW: Thank you. I have a question for Counsel. So in order to make sure that the stipulation for the Counsel for the Environment, do we need to add that to — if we are going to propose a motion that would approve the resolution and thereby the Site Certification

11/13/2018

1 2	patim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		11/13/201
2	Page 29		Page 31
	MR. SHERMAN: Um	1	transcript could get separated, people aren't going to
-	CHAIR DREW: Mr. Sherman, go ahead.	2	know what's in there. It may be just cleaner just to
3	MR. SHERMAN: I'm sorry, my as far as	3	attach his letter, if he indeed wrote one, to the SCA.
4	I understand it, the original Site Certification	4	MS. BUMPUS: Chair Drew, we received a
5	Agreement incorporated the original stipulation. To	5	letter just before the council meeting from
6	the extent that that would be considered, you know,	6	Mr. Sherman.
7	part of the kind of foundation that you - you would	7	CHAIR DREW: So just to make sure we
8	be considering amending today, I guess it would be my	8	have this process correct, we will have a motion to
9	position that those those commitments in that	9	adopt the resolution which approves the Amendment 1,
10	stipulation would remain in effect, but but	10	and adding the letter from the Counsel for the
11	CHAIR DREW: Okay.	11	Environment as an attachment to Amendment 1.
12	MR. SHERMAN: I would be interested	12	MS. ESSKO: Yes.
13	in hearing if the Council believes something	13	CHAIR DREW: Have I got it?
14	different.	14	MS. ESSKO: Yes.
15	MS. BUMPUS: I was just going to note	15	CHAIR DREW: Okay.
16	for Council that the stipulation agreement between	16	MR. STEPHENSON: So hard to make that
17	Desert Claim and the CFE is Attachment 3. And so we	17	motion when I haven't seen the letter. Is it in here?
18	would - that would stay there, that would remain as	18	MS. BUMPUS: Yes.
19	Attachment 3. I think we have gone through and looked	19	CHAIR DREW: It's not in our packets,
20	to ensure that in in Amendment 1 of the SCA, that	20	but it's right here. I can pass it to others.
21	all of the stipulations are covered in the SCA and	21	MS, ESSKO: Cullen, could you just read
22	that are that there aren't any inconsistencies.	22	it into the record?
23	MS. MOON: Yeah, that	23	MR. STEPHENSON: Just this much?
24	MS. BUMPUS: Amy, do you want to	24	MS. ESSKO: Yes. Just say who it is to
25	MS. MOON: That's correct, Sonia. I	25	and from and date, and then read what he said.
	Page 30		Page 32
1 '	went through and made sure that all the stipulations	1	MR. STEPHENSON: So this is addressed to
2	in this agreement remain in the SCA and they are all	2	Kathleen Drew, Chair, to the Council, regarding Desert
3 '	very well covered.	3	Claim Wind Power, LLC, application for amended SCA.
4	MS. BUMPUS: Since they are part of the	4	I write in my capacity as Counsel for the
5	original Site Certification Agreement and nothing has	5	Environment on the Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC
6	changed, then what we would move to adopt today would	6	project. On June 23, 2009, Counsel for the
7	be the resolution in front of us, which would put into	7	Environment and Desert Claim signed a stipulation by
8	effect the amended Site Amendment 1 to the Site	8	which my office agreed to, quote, fully support the
9	Certification Agreement.	9	issuance of the [Site Certification Agreement] for the
10	MS. ESSKO: Yes. And if you wanted a	10	project subject to the conditions set forth in the
.03	lot of clarity around the current status of the	11	stipulation, end quote.
11	stipulation, which Sonia says is attached as an	12	Although the proposed project has changed in
	Supulation, which donla says is attached as an	4.4	Although the proposed project has changed in
12	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could you have a	13	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my
12 9	Service Control of the Control of	5,598,0	
12 : 13 :	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could you have a	13	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my
12 ! 13 (14 (15 !	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE if Bill Sherman	13 14	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support
12 5 13 6 14 6 15 5 16 1	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could — you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE — if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the	13 14 15	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that
12 : 13 (14 (15 : 16 (exhibit to the existing SCA, you could you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the project as modified and that it comports with the	13 14 15 16	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that stipulation and the commitments that Desert Claim Wind
12 : 13 (14 (15 : 16 17 (18 : 18 : 18 : 18 : 18 : 18 : 18 : 18	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could — you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE — if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the project as modified and that it comports with the original stipulation, then you could add that as	13 14 15 16 17	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that stipulation and the commitments that Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC made in the attached letter of
12 : 13 (14 (15 : 15 : 16 17 (18 : 19 (19 : 19) 19 (19 : 19 (19 : 19 : 19) 19 (19 : 19 : 19 : 19 (19 : 19 : 19 : 1	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could — you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE — if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the project as modified and that it comports with the original stipulation, then you could add that as another attachment to the SCA. If you didn't want to	13 14 15 16 17	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that stipulation and the commitments that Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC made in the attached letter of November 12th, 2018. For your convenience, I attach
12 5 13 6 14 6 15 5 16 17 6 18 6 19 6 20 1	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could — you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE — if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the project as modified and that it comports with the original stipulation, then you could add that as another attachment to the SCA. If you didn't want to do that, then his agreement would be memorialized in	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that stipulation and the commitments that Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC made in the attached letter of November 12th, 2018. For your convenience, I attach the 2009 stipulation and 2018 letter as appendices.
12 ! 13 (14 (15) 15 ! 16 17 (18) 19 (20) 21	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could — you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE — if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the project as modified and that it comports with the original stipulation, then you could add that as another attachment to the SCA. If you didn't want to do that, then his agreement would be memorialized in the transcript of today's meeting, and so long as you	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that stipulation and the commitments that Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC made in the attached letter of November 12th, 2018. For your convenience, I attach the 2009 stipulation and 2018 letter as appendices. Sincerely, William Sherman, Counsel for the
12 ! 13 (14 (15) 15 ! 16 17 (16) 18 (17) 20 21	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could — you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE — if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the project as modified and that it comports with the original stipulation, then you could add that as another attachment to the SCA. If you didn't want to do that, then his agreement would be memorialized in the transcript of today's meeting, and so long as you kept that in your file with the SCA, that would	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that stipulation and the commitments that Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC made in the attached letter of November 12th, 2018. For your convenience, I attach the 2009 stipulation and 2018 letter as appendices. Sincerely, William Sherman, Counsel for the Environment.
112	exhibit to the existing SCA, you could — you have a couple of choices. One, if the CFE — if Bill Sherman sent you a letter summarizing his agreement with the project as modified and that it comports with the original stipulation, then you could add that as another attachment to the SCA. If you didn't want to do that, then his agreement would be memorialized in the transcript of today's meeting, and so long as you kept that in your file with the SCA, that would provide some history for you in the future.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	certain ways from the original certified proposal, my office stands by its agreement to fully support issuance of an amended SCA, in light of that stipulation and the commitments that Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC made in the attached letter of November 12th, 2018. For your convenience, I attach the 2009 stipulation and 2018 letter as appendices. Sincerely, William Sherman, Counsel for the Environment. CHAIR DREW: Thank you.

Verbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting

11/13/2018

Page: 9 (33 - 36)

Ve	rbatim Transcript of Monthly Council Meeting		11/13/201
	Page 33		Page 35
1	clarification, I would move to endorse and adopt this	1	Resources.
2	resolution, which is set forth as Amendment No. 1 to	2	MR. SIEMANN: Aye.
3	Resolution No. 343, and thereby have the Council	3	MS. MASTRO: Chair, do you have a vote?
4	approve the Desert Claim Site Certification Agreement	4	CHAIR DREW: Aye.
5	amendment request.	5	The resolution is adopted.
6	CHAIR DREW: So if I may, perhaps, have	6	Okay. Is there any other business to come
7	a friendly amendment. We are going to adopt	7	before the Council today?
8	resolution No. 343.	8	Seeing none, this meeting is adjourned.
9	MR. STEPHENSON: Yes, that's correct.	9	(Adjourned at 2:15 p.m.)
LO	CHAIR DREW: Okay.	10	
11	And thereby approve the motion is to adopt	11	
12	the resolution and thereby approve the Site	12	
13	Certification Agreement.	13	
14	MR. STEPHENSON: Yes.	14	
15	CHAIR DREW: With the addition of the	15	
16	letter from Mr. Sherman added to the as an	16	
17	attachment.	17	
18	Do we understand this?	18	
19	MR. LIVINGSTON: Yes.	19	
20	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: Yes, ma'am.	20	
21	CHAIR DREW: So we now have another	21	
22	opportunity for comment since the motion is before us.	22	
23	I would like to say that thank our Staff	23	
24	for their thorough review and work on this proposed	24	
	amendment, as well as our certificate holder. I would	25	
(0)20	Page 34	1000000	Page 36
1	W 1 W 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K	1	CERTIFICATE
2		2	
3	amendment, and, in fact, in many cases the impacts	3	STATE OF WASHINGTON
4	March 1 and 1 and 1 and 1	4	COUNTY OF KING
5		5	,
	Certification Agreement and is appropriate for the	6	I, Sherrilyn Smith, a Certified
7	Council to pass this resolution.	7	Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Washington,
8	Are there others who would wish to make any	8	do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript is
9	additional comments?		true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, skill
10	Hearing none, I would ask Ms. Mastro to call	10	and ability.
11	the roll.		and ability.
12	MS. MASTRO: Do we have a second?	11	
	CHAIR DREW: Thank you.	12	
L3 L4	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: I will be happy to	13	
.5	second that motion.	14	
16	CHAIR DREW: We have a second.	15	
		16	SHEDDII VN SMITH CCD# 2007
.7	MS. MASTRO: Department of Commerce? You are voting for the motion.	17	SHERRILYN SMITH, CCR# 2097
	MS. GREEN-TAYLOR: I approve the motion.	18	
19		19	
20	MS. MASTRO: Department of Ecology?	20	
21	MR. STEPHENSON: Aye.	21	
22	MS. MASTRO: Department of Fish and	22	
23	Wildlife.	23	
24	MR. LIVINGSTON: Aye.	24	
25	MS. MASTRO: Department of Natural	25	

Kittitas Valley Wind Power Project Monthly Operations Report

November 2018

Project Status Update

Production Summary:

Power generated: 12,571 MWh
Wind speed: 4.8 m/s
Capacity Factor: 17.3%

Safety:

No incidents

Compliance:

Project is in compliance

Sound:

No complaints

Shadow Flicker:

No complaints

Environmental:

EFSEC Staff and WA Dept of Ecology annual compliance visit on 11/14/2018. Project is in compliance with a suggestion to link my SPCC and my SWPPP within each plan.

Kittitas Valley Wind Power Project Monthly Operations Report

December 2018

Project Status Update

Production Summary:

Power generated: 8.645 MWh
Wind speed: 4.2 m/s
Capacity Factor: 11.5%

Safety:

No incidents

Compliance:

Project is in compliance

Sound:

No complaints

Shadow Flicker:

No complaints

Environmental:

No incidents

Wild Horse Wind Facility

November 2018

Safety

No lost-time accidents or safety injuries/illnesses.

Compliance/Environmental

The Department of Ecology conducted a site inspection on November 14, 2018. The inspection included a field visit and review of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). The inspector had two minor recommended improvements to the SWPPP.

Operations/Maintenance

Nothing to report.

Wind Production

November generation totaled 51,602 MWh for an average capacity factor of 26.29%.

Eagle Update

Nothing to report.

Wild Horse Wind Facility

December 2018

Safety

No lost-time accidents or safety injuries/illnesses.

Compliance/Environmental

The Kittitas County Fire Marshal completed a Fire Life and Safety Inspection on 12/14/18. The inspection passed with no violations. See reports attached.

Operations/Maintenance

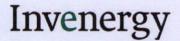
Nothing to report.

Wind Production

December generation totaled 48,705 MWh for an average capacity factor of 24.01%.

Eagle Update

Nothing to report.



EFSEC Monthly Operational Report Grays Harbor Energy Center

November 2018

1. Safety and Training

1.1. There were no accidents or injuries during the month and the plant staff has achieved 3620 days without a lost time incident.

2. Environmental & Compliance

- 2.1. There were no air emissions, outfall or storm water deviations, or spills during the month.
- 2.2. All routine reporting was completed.

3. Operations & Maintenance

- 3.1. Grays Harbor Energy Center (GHEC) operated 0days during the month, with 0 starts on U1, and 0 starts on U2.
- 3.2. GHEC generated 0MWh during the month and 2,357,728MWh YTD.
- 3.3. The plant capacity factor was 0% for the month and 47% YTD.

4. Noise and/or Odor

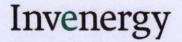
4.1. None.

5. Site Visits

5.1. None.

6. Other

6.1. Grays Harbor Energy Center is staffed with 20 personnel.



EFSEC Monthly Operational Report Grays Harbor Energy Center

December 2018

1. Safety and Training

- 1.1. There were no accidents or injuries during the month and the plant staff has achieved 3651 days without a lost time incident.
- 1.2. Annual Electrical Safety and Arc Flash Training was completed.
- 1.3. Annual Hazard Communication & Hazardous Waste Handling Training was completed.

2. Environmental & Compliance

- 2.1. There were no air emissions, outfall or storm water deviations, or spills during the month.
- 2.2.All routine reporting was completed.
- 2.3. Annual State Fire Marshall's inspection was completed.
- 2.4. Annual Fire Pump Confidence Testing was completed.
- 2.5. Bi-Annual Fire Alarm Testing was completed.

3. Operations & Maintenance

- 3.1. Grays Harbor Energy Center (GHEC) operated 12days during the month, with 5 starts on U1, and 7 starts on U2.
- 3.2. GHEC generated 117,713MWh during the month and 2,475,441MWh YTD.
- 3.3. The plant capacity factor was 26% for the month and 47% YTD.

4. Noise and/or Odor

4.1. None.

5. Site Visits

5.1. None.

6. Other

6.1. Grays Harbor Energy Center is staffed with 20 personnel.



Chehalis Generation Facility 1813 Bishop Road Chehalis, Washington 98532 Phone: 360-748-1300

Chehalis Generation Facility----Monthly Plant Report – November 2018 Washington Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council

12.01.2018

Safety:

• There were no recordable incidents this reporting period and the plant staff has achieved 1211 days without a Lost Time Accident.

Environment:

- There were no air emissions or stormwater deviations or spills during the month.
- Wastewater and Storm-water monitoring results were in compliance with the permit limits.

Operations and Maintenance Activities:

• The Plant generated zero (0) MW-hours in November for a 2018 YTD generation total of 1,679,454 MW-hours and a capacity factor of 38.69% for 2018.

Regulatory/Compliance:

· Nothing to report this period

Sound monitoring:

· Nothing to report this period.

Carbon Offset Mitigation:

· Nothing to report this period.

Respectfully,

Mark A. Miller

Manager, Gas Plant

Chehalis Generation Facility

Mahlle



Chehalis Generation Facility 1813 Bishop Road Chehalis, Washington 98532 Phone: 360-748-1300

Chehalis Generation Facility----Monthly Plant Report – December 2018 Washington Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council

01.01.2019

Safety:

 There were no recordable incidents this reporting period and the plant staff has achieved 1242 days without a Lost Time Accident.

Environment:

- There were no air emissions or stormwater deviations or spills during the month.
- Wastewater and Storm-water monitoring results were in compliance with the permit limits.

Operations and Maintenance Activities:

• The Plant generated 70,369 MW-hours in December for a 2018 YTD generation total of 1,749,823 MW-hours and a capacity factor of 40.32% for 2018.

Regulatory/Compliance:

 EFSEC staff and an inspector from the Office of the State Fire Marshal conducted an inspection of the facility on December 12, 2018. The inspection noted 11 items for review and correction. A follow-up inspection will be conducted in January 2019.

Sound monitoring:

Nothing to report this period.

Carbon Offset Mitigation:

• Nothing to report this period.

Respectfully,

Mark A. Miller

Manager, Gas Plant

Chehalis Generation Facility

1 li Quelle

Energy Northwest Operations Reporting Period for November 1-30, 2018 Site Contact: Mary Ramos

Columbia Generating Station Operational Status

Columbia Generating Station is online at 100 percent power.

On November 28, 2018, Energy Northwest notified EFSEC and Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) via telephone of a spill of transformer oil at Columbia Generating Station. A follow-up email was sent to EFSEC and Ecology on December 4, 2018.

Summary of transformer oil spill at Columbia Generating Station

In April 2018, Energy Northwest discovered a slow drip of oil from the side of transformer number E-TR-6/61 located near the Columbia Generating Station's cooling towers. The leak progressed off the transformer's concrete pad and onto the surrounding gravel. In August 2018, the Energy Northwest Environmental and Regulatory Programs group learned that periodic integrity sampling of the oil (performed by Energy Northwest Engineering department) revealed that the oil contained trace Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) (13 parts per million (ppm)) as a result of residual PCBs from the PCB-oil that was used in the past. Energy Northwest has estimated 2.5 gallons of transformer oil containing 13 ppm residual PCB has leaked since initial discovery.

There has been no discharge to groundwater or to a water body as a result of the transformer oil spill. The oil spill is confined to the area immediately adjacent to the transformer and inside a concrete berm. Entry to the transformer and oil spill area is restricted by a fence, and specific qualifications are required to enter the area. The spill area is being closely monitored. Absorbent pads have been placed along the bottom of the transformer. The area is being inspected frequently, the absorbent pads are regularly replaced, and used absorbent pads are being managed in accordance with Washington State Dangerous Waste Regulations.

Energy Northwest is actively working to find a resolution for repairing the leak and to clean-up the spill. Energy Northwest is in the process of hiring an outside contractor to clean-up the contaminated gravel and soil. Prior to clean-up, and for industrial safety concerns, ground-penetrating radar is required to verify the location of underground cables. Energy Northwest believes the dripping oil is originating from a degraded winding temperature gauge gasket. The oil drip is coming from an enclosed internal compartment of the transformer. The station is currently unable to pinpoint the source of the drip and complete necessary repairs while the station is online due to industrial safety risks and plant operating conditions. Our Engineering department is actively working to find a repair window offline, or a strategy that would allow for an online repair.

Energy Northwest will provide an update at the January EFSEC Council meeting.

WNP 1/4 Building Transfer/Water

There are no events, safety incidents, or regulatory issues to report.

Energy Northwest Operations Reporting Period for December 1-31, 2018 Site Contact: Mary Ramos

Washington Nuclear Project 1 and 4 (WNP-1/4)

Fire Protection and Life Safety Inspection of WNP-1/4

On December 4-6, 2018, the Office of the State Fire Marshal conducted a Fire Protection and Life Safety inspection of WNP-1/4. The inspection report was received on December 10, 2018. Energy Northwest will respond to the inspection report by January 10, 2019.

Columbia Generating Station Operational Status

Columbia Generating Station is online at 100 percent power.

Transformer oil spill at Columbia Generating Station- Update

On December 12, 2018, two Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) inspectors visited Columbia Generating Station to discuss and observe the transformer E-TR-6/61 oil spill area. The visit started with a discussion of: timeline of events from initial discovery of the transformer oil leak to notification to state agencies; actions taken to mitigate the spill; plans for spill clean-up and repair of transformer; applicable regulations; frequency and scope of monitoring the spill area; and oil analysis results. Following the discussion, the inspectors observed the transformer and oil spill area. The height of the concrete wall/berm surrounding the transformer was measured. Distances from the transformer to the two underground injection wells in the vicinity of the transformer were measured. Photos of the transformer fence sign regarding PCB oil content, absorbent and spill pads in place, and UIC wells were taken by the inspectors.

On December 17, 2018, Energy Northwest received a letter from EFSEC and Ecology requesting additional information regarding the transformer oil spill. Energy Northwest will respond to the information request by January 7, 2019.

Fire Protection and Life Safety Inspection of Columbia Generating Station
On December 4-6, 2018, the Office of the State Fire Marshal conducted a Fire
Protection and Life Safety inspection of Columbia Generating Station non-plant
buildings. The inspection report was received on December 10, 2018. Energy Northwest
will respond to the inspection report by January 10, 2019.

Page 1 of 51 Permit No. <u>WA002515-1</u> <u>WA002515-1</u> WA002515-1

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

Issuance Date: Amendment #1 Date:

Amendment #2 Date: Effective Date:

Expiration Date:

September 30, 2014 February 8, 2016 {INSERT} November 1, 2014 October 31, 2019

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Waste Discharge Permit No. WA002515-1

State of Washington
ENERGY FACILITY SITE EVALUATION COUNCIL (EFSEC)
P.O. Box 43172
Olympia, Washington 98504-3172

In compliance with the provisions of:
The State of Washington Water Pollution Control Law
Chapter 90.48 Revised Code of Washington
and
State of Washington Energy Siting Law
Chapter 80.50 Revised Code of Washington

and
The Federal Water Pollution Control Act
(The Clean Water Act)
Title 33 United States Code, Section 1342 et seq.

Energy Northwest's Columbia Generating Station P.O. Box 968 Richland, Washington 99352-0968

is authorized to discharge in accordance with the Special and General Conditions that follow.

Facility Location:

Latitude: 46.47170 Longitude: 119.33280 Receiving Water:

Outfall 001: Columbia River (river mile 351.75)

Outfall 002: Ground Water

Latitude: 46.47389 Longitude: 119.32861

<u>Treatment Type</u>: Cooling, disinfection, neutralization (blowdown) Filtration, ion

SIC Code: 4911 NAICS Code: 221113

exchange (processed radwaste water)

Categorical Industry:

<u>Industry Type</u>: Steam-Electric Power Generation

40 CFR Part 423 Steam Electric Power Generating Point Source Category

Kathleen Drew, Chair

Page 2 of 51 Permit No. <u>WA002515-1</u> <u>WA002515-1</u> WA002515-1

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council

Table of Contents

Sum	mary of Permit Report Submittals	<u>6</u> 5
Spec	ial Conditions	<u>7</u> 6
S1.	Discharge limits	<u>76</u> <u>87</u> <u>98</u>
S2.	Monitoring requirements S2.A. Monitoring schedule S2.B. Sampling and analytical procedures S2.C. Flow measurement, field measurement, and continuous monitoring devices S2.D. Laboratory accreditation S2.E. Request for reduction in monitoring	<u>98</u> . <u>1210</u> . <u>1211</u> .1311
S3.	Reporting and recording requirements S3.A. Reporting S3.B. Records retention S3.C. Recording of results S3.D. Additional monitoring by the Permittee S3.E. Reporting permit violations S3.F. Other reporting S3.G. Maintaining a copy of this permit	13+2 15+4 15+4 16+4 16+4 17+6
S4.	Operation and maintenance S4.A. Operations and maintenance (O&M) manual S4.B. Bypass procedures	1817
S5.	Solid wastes S5.A. Solid waste handling S5.B. Leachate S5.C. Solid waste control plan	21 19 21 19
S6.	Application for permit renewal or modification for facility changes	<u>21</u> 20
S7.	Compliance schedule	<u>2120</u>
S8.	Non-routine and unanticipated discharges	<u>2321</u>
S9.	Spill control plan	2422 2422
S10.	Stormwater pollution prevention plan	2423

	S10.C.SWPPP implementation	
S11.	Outfall evaluation	
S12.	Cooling water intake structure	
312.	S12.A. Operations and maintenance (O&M) manual	
	S12.P. Operations and maintenance (Octiv) martial S12.B. Entrainment Characterization Study.	
	S12.C. Closed-cycle recirculating system	
	S12.D.Endangered Species Act	2827
S13.		
	S13.A. Effluent limit for acute toxicity	2827
	S13.B. Compliance with the effluent limit for acute toxicity	
	S13.C. Compliance testing for acute toxicity	
	S13.D. Response to noncompliance with the effluent limit for acute toxicity S13.E. Sampling and reporting requirements	
S14.		
	S14.A. Testing	
-		
	ral Conditions	
G1.	Signatory requirements	
G2.	Right of inspection and entry	<u>35</u> 33
G3.	Permit actions	. <u>35</u> 33
G4.	Reporting planned changes	. <u>36</u> 34
G5.	Plan review required	. <u>37</u> 35
G6.	Compliance with other laws and statutes	. <u>37</u> 35
G7.	Transfer of this permit	. <u>37</u> 35
G8.	Reduced production for compliance	. 3836
G9.	Removed substances	. <u>38</u> 36
G10.	Duty to provide information	. <u>38</u> 36
G11.	Other requirements of 40 CFR	. <u>38</u> 36
G12.	Additional monitoring	. <u>38</u> 36
G13.	Payment of fees	. 3836
G14.	Z	
G15.	Upset	. <u>39</u> 37
G16.		
G17.	Duty to comply	. <u>39</u> 37
G18.	Toxic pollutants	. 4038

Page 5 of 51 Permit No. <u>WA002515-1</u> <u>WA002515-1</u> WA002515-1

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

G19.	Penalties for tampering
G20.	Reporting requirements applicable to existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers
G21.	Compliance schedules
Apper	ndix A

Summary of Permit Report Submittals

Refer to the Special and General Conditions of this permit for additional submittal requirements.

Permit Section	Submittal	Frequency	First Submittal Date
S3.A	Discharge Monitoring Report	Monthly	December 15, 2014
S3.E	Reporting Permit Violations	As necessary	
S3.F	Other Reporting	As necessary	
S4.A	Operations and Maintenance Manual	1/permit cycle	May 1, 2019
S4.A	Operations and Maintenance Manual Update	As necessary	
S4.B	Reporting Bypasses	As necessary	
S5.C	Solid Waste Control Plan	1/permit cycle	May 1, 2019
S5.C	Modification to Solid Waste Plan	As necessary	
S6	Application for Permit Renewal	1/permit cycle	May 1, 2019
SSS7	Compliance Schedule	As necessary	December 1, 2014
<u>\$\$</u> \$7.1	Operations and Maintenance Manual (impoundment)	Once	December 1, 2014
<u>SSS</u> 7.2	Notice of completion (impoundment)	Once	May 1, 2015
SSS 7.3	Scope of work	Once	November 1, 2016
SSS7.4	Engineering report	Once	May 1, 2019
<u>SS</u> 37.5	Ground Water Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) Update	Twice	May 1, 2015
<u>S</u> \$\$8	Non-Routine and Unanticipated Discharges	As necessary	
<u>\$</u> \$\$9	Spill Plan	1/permit cycle, updates submitted as necessary	May 1, 2019
SSS10	Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan	1/permit cycle	November 1, 2015
SSS11	Outfall Evaluation	1/permit cycle	May 1, 2019
SSS12.	Operations and Maintenance Manual	1/permit cycle	November 1, 2015
A	(cooling water intake structure (CWIS))		,
SSS12. A	Operations and Maintenance Manual (CWIS) Update	As necessary	
SSS12. B	Entrainment Characterization Study Design	Once	November 1, 2015
SSS12. B	Entrainment Characterization Study	Once	May 1, 2019
SSS12. B	Engineering Analysis	As necessary	
SSS13. A	Acute Toxicity Effluent Test Results	Quarterly	April 30, 2015
SSS14. A	Chronic Toxicity Effluent Test Results with Permit Renewal Application	Once	May 1, 2019
G1	Notice of Change in Authorization	As necessary	
G4	Permit Application for Substantive Changes to the Discharge	As necessary	
G5	Engineering Report for Construction or Modification Activities	As necessary	
G7	Notice of Permit Transfer	As necessary	
G10	Duty to Provide Information	As necessary	

Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt
Formatted:	Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt

Page 7 of 51 Permit No. <u>WA002515-1</u> <u>WA002515-1</u> WA002515-1

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

Permit Section	Submittal	Frequency	First Submittal Date
G21	Compliance Schedules	As necessary	

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not

Special Conditions

S1. Discharge limits

S1.A. Process wastewater discharges

All discharges and activities authorized by this permit must be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit.

The discharge of any of the following pollutants more frequently than, or at a level in excess of that identified and authorized by this permit violates the terms and conditions of this permit.

There shall be no discharge of wastewater of radioactive materials in excess of the limitations on radioactive effluents established by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in the facility operation license and in 10 CFR Parts 20 and 50.

Beginning on the effective date of this permit, the Permittee is authorized to discharge circulating cooling water blowdown, service water system blowdown, and radioactive wastewater treatment system effluent, to the Columbia River at the permitted location subject to complying with the following limits:

Effluent Limits for Circulating Water Blowdown: Outfall 001 Latitude 46.47139 Longitude 119.26250				
Parameter	Average Monthly ^a	Maximum Daily b		
Flow	5.6 million gallons/day (mgd)	9.4 (mgd)		
Total Residual Halogen (TRH) °	Not Applicable	0.1 milligrams/liter (mg/L)		
Chromium (Total)	8.2 µg/L	16.4 µg/L		
Zinc (Total)	53 μg/L	107 μg/L		
Polychlorinated biphenyl compounds (PCBs)	No discharge	No discharge		
The 126 priority pollutants (40 CFR 423 Appendix A) contained in chemicals added for cooling tower maintenance, except chromium and zinc	No detectable amount	No detectable amount		
	Minimum	Maximum		
pH ^d	6.5 standard units (SU)	9.0 SU		

The effluent limit for acute toxicity is:

No acute toxicity detected in a test concentration representing the acute critical effluent concentration (ACEC).

Effluent Limits for Circulating Water Blowdown: Outfall 001 Latitude 46.47139 Longitude 119.26250

The ACEC means the maximum concentration of effluent during critical conditions at the boundary of the acute mixing zone, defined in Section 1.B of this permit. The ACEC equals 11% effluent. See S13 for more information.

- a Average monthly effluent limit means the highest allowable average of daily discharges over a calendar month. To calculate the discharge value to compare to the limit, you add the value of each daily discharge measured during a calendar month and divide this sum by the total number of daily discharges measured.
- Maximum daily effluent limit is the highest allowable daily discharge. The daily discharge is the average discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day. This does not apply to pH or temperature.
- In the event of an equipment failure, CGS will operate using a batch halogenation process of the cooling water system. When the batch halogenation process is utilized, the circulating water blowdown isolation valves must be closed during biofouling treatments and remain closed until the concentration of total residual halogen is less than 0.1 mg/L for at least 15 minutes.
- d When pH is continuously monitored, excursions between 5.0 and 6.5, or 9.0 and 10.0 will not be considered violations if no single excursion exceeds 60 minutes in length and total excursions do not exceed 7 hours and 30 minutes per month. Any excursions below 5.0 and above 10.0 at any time are violations.

S1.B. Mixing zone authorization

Mixing zone for Outfall 001

The paragraphs below define the maximum boundaries of the mixing zones.

Chronic mixing zone

The width of the chronic mixing zone is limited to a distance of 175 feet (53 meters). The length of the chronic mixing zone extends 100 feet (30 meters) upstream and 308 feet (94 meters) downstream of the outfall. The mixing zone extends from the discharge port to the top of the water surface. The concentration of pollutants at the edge of the chronic zone must meet chronic aquatic life criteria and human health criteria.

Acute mixing zone

The width of the acute mixing zone is limited to a distance of 18 feet (5 meters) in any horizontal direction from the outfall. The length of the acute mixing zone extends 10 feet (3 meters) upstream and 31 feet (9 meters) downstream of the outfall. The mixing zone extends from the discharge port to the top of the water surface. The concentration of pollutants at the edge of the acute zone must meet acute aquatic life criteria.

Available Dilution (dilution factor)				
Acute Aquatic Life Criteria	9			
Chronic Aquatic Life Criteria	93			

Available Dilution	(dilution factor)
Human Health Criteria - Carcinogen	93
Human Health Criteria - Non-carcinogen	93

S1.C. Process wastewater and stormwater discharges to Outfall 002

Beginning on the effective date of this permit, the Permittee is authorized to discharge stormwater runoff, wastewater from potable and demineralized water production, intake air wash unit blowdown, and water from non-radioactive equipment dewatering, leakage, testing, cleaning, and flushing to ground at the permitted location identified on the cover sheet. The discharge shall not cause a violation of the ground water standards (Chapter 173-200 WAC). Existing and beneficial uses of ground water shall be protected. This authorization expires when the flows identified in this section are redirected to the double-lined impoundment required in S7.2 of this permit.

S1.D Stormwater discharges to ground

Beginning on the effective date of this permit, the Permittee is authorized to discharge stormwater runoff to underground injection control wells identified in the permit application and any amendments to the application approved by EFSEC. The discharge shall not cause a violation of the ground water standards (Chapter 173-200 WAC). Existing and beneficial uses of ground water shall be protected.

S2. Monitoring requirements

S2.A. Monitoring schedule

The Permittee must monitor in accordance with the following schedule and the requirements specified in **Appendix A**.

Parameter	Units & Speciation	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Sample Type
	(1) Circulating Water	er Blowdown: Outfall 00	1
Flow	million gallons/day (mgd)	Continuous 1	Metered/recorded
pH 2, and 3, 17	standard units	Continuous	Metered/recorded
Temperature 4 and 5	degrees centigrade (°C)	Continuous	Metered/recorded
Turbidity	NTU	Monthly ⁶	Grab 7
Total Residual Halogen (TRH) ¹⁶	milligrams/liter (mg/L)	Continuous ¹	Metered/recorded
Total Residual Halogen	milligrams/liter (mg/L)	2/treatment <u>as</u> needed ¹⁵	Grab
Copper (Total)	micrograms/liter (µg/L)	Monthly	24-Hour composite 8
Chromium (Total)	µg/L	Monthly	24-Hour composite 8
Zinc (Total)	µg/L	Monthly	24-Hour composite 8
Priority Pollutants (PP) – Total Metals	μg/L; ng/L for mercury	Annually 9	24-Hour composite Grab for mercury

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

Parameter	Units & Speciation	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Sample Type
PP – Volatile Organic Compounds	μg/L	Annually 9	Grab
PP – Acid-extractable Compounds	µg/L	Annually ⁹	24-Hour composite
PP - Base-neutral Compounds	µg/L	Annually ⁹	24-Hour composite
PP – Dioxin	pg/L	Annually 9	24-Hour composite
Asbestos	million fibers/liter (MFL)	1/Permit Cycle ¹⁰	Grab
(2) Standby Service	Water Discharges to B	lowdown Line Outfall 00	1: Pond to be discharged
Volume	mgd	Continuous ¹ or volume estimate ¹¹	Metered/estimated
рН	SU	Daily 12	Grab
(3) Outfall 002 - Th	ne Permittee must monito	r until flows are redirected	d to the evaporative pond.
Chromium (Total)	µg/L	2/year 13	24-hour composite
Lead (Total)	µg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Fluoride	mg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Nitrate-Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Copper (Total)	μg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Nickel (Total)	μg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Iron (Total)	μg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Manganese (Total)	µg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Zinc (Total)	µg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Chloride	mg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Sulfate	mg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	2/year	24-hour composite
pH	SU	2/year	Grab
Conductivity	μS/cm	2/year	Grab
	(4) Evap	porative Pond	
Volume	gallons	1/day – recorded but not reported ¹⁴	Calculated 14
approved Le	ak Detection Plan require	ed in S7.1 and report in a	
		ation Requirements - O	
Cyanide	μg/L	Once in the last year	Grab
Total Phenolic Compounds	μg/L	Once in the last year	Grab
		- Circulating Water Blov	
Acute Toxicity Testing Chronic Toxicity	As specified in Special Condition S13 As specified in Special Condition S14		
Testing			
		water withdrawal	
Flow	million gallons/day (mgd)	Continuous 1	Metered/recorded

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

	Parameter	Units & Speciation	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Sample Type		
1	Continuous means uninterrupted except for brief lengths of time for calibration, power failure, or unanticipated equipment repair or maintenance. The Permittee must sample daily when continuous monitoring is not possible.					
2	The Permittee must report the instantaneous maximum and minimum pH monthly. Do not average pH values.					
3	Number 10.0 for Total me Monthly If multiple excur	each day. inutes for the month. instantaneous maximum sions occur during the day	measured between 5.0 an and minimum pH.	d 6.5 and between 9.0 and		
4	Temperature gr temperature, wh the Permittee m 24-hour period.	ab sampling must occur was ich usually occurs in the lust determine and report	then the effluent is at or ne late afternoon. If measuring a daily maximum from half struments must achieve ar	ar its daily maximum g temperature continuously,		
5	monitoring equi temperature mo equipment at the	oment is operational in the nitoring equipment at the e RP. The Permittee must	CWP for use during maint	The Permittee may maintain enance and outages of nthly report when the RP is		
6	Monthly means	once every calendar mon	th.			
7	Grab means an	individual sample collecte	ed over a fifteen (15) minut	e, or less, period.		
8	A Grab sample may be substituted for 24-Hour composite sampling until equipment installed as required in Section S7.8 is operational. The Permittee must inform EFSEC on the monthly report of the sample type.					
9	If the Permittee submits engineering calculations which demonstrate that the regulated pollutants are not detectable in the final discharge by the analytical methods in 40 CFR part 136, annual monitoring is not required. The Permittee must, at a minimum, sample once in the last year to meet permit renewal application requirements. See Appendix A to identify the specific pollutants in the priority pollutant groups listed.					
10	Asbestos grab sampling must occur once during the permit cycle when the circulating water cooling system is operating at an average number of cycles of concentration and only blowdown is being discharged. Test results must be submitted with the application for permit renewal.					
11	Volumes of batch releases of water for pond draining may be estimated based on level measurements. Feed-and-bleed discharges made directly to the blowdown line must be measured by flow meter.					
12		Prior to commencement of discharges, the Permittee must verify that pH is within specified limits. Measurements must be taken daily while discharge is in progress.				
13	Samples must represent a typical facility discharge to Outfall 002. The Permittee must collect one sample annually between March 15 – May 15 and one sample annually between September 15 – November 15.					
14		Monitor all pond influent flows, add, and report total volume for the month on the discharge monitoring report.				
15		Conduct batch sampling procedure prior to commencing discharge in the event the continuous monitor becomes inoperable for any reason.				
16	Report maximus	Report maximum daily concentration of TRH.				
17	The compliance point for pH is downstream of the dehalogenation tie-in to Outfall 001.					

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not

S2.B. Sampling and analytical procedures

Samples and measurements taken to meet the requirements of this permit must represent the volume and nature of the monitored parameters, including representative sampling of any unusual discharge or discharge condition, including bypasses, upsets, and maintenance-related conditions affecting effluent quality.

Sampling and analytical methods used to meet the monitoring requirements specified in this permit must conform to the latest revision of the *Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants* contained in 40 CFR Part 136 (or as applicable in 40 CFR subchapters N [Parts 400–471] or O [Parts 501-503]) unless otherwise specified in this permit. EFSEC may only specify alternative methods for parameters without limits and for those parameters without an EPA approved test method in 40 CFR Part 136.

S2.C. Flow measurement, field measurement, and continuous monitoring devices

The Permittee must:

- Select and use appropriate flow measurement, field measurement, and continuous monitoring devices and methods consistent with accepted scientific practices.
- Install, calibrate, and maintain these devices to ensure the accuracy of the measurements is consistent with the accepted industry standard and the manufacturer's recommendation for that type of device.
- Calibrate continuous monitoring instruments for the following parameters weekly unless it can demonstrate a longer period is sufficient based on monitoring records. The Permittee:
 - May calibrate apparatus for continuous monitoring of dissolved oxygen by air calibration.
 - b. Must calibrate continuous pH measurement instruments using a grab sample analyzed in the lab with a pH meter calibrated with standard buffers and analyzed within 15 minutes of sampling.
 - Must calibrate continuous chlorine measurement instruments using a grab sample analyzed in the laboratory within 15 minutes of sampling.
- Use field measurement devices as directed by the manufacturer and do not use reagents beyond their expiration dates.
- Calibrate flow-monitoring devices at a minimum frequency of at least one calibration per year.
- 6. Maintain calibration records for at least three years.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

S2.D. Laboratory accreditation

The Permittee must ensure that all monitoring data required by EFSEC for permit specified parameters is prepared by a laboratory registered or accredited under the provisions of chapter 173-50 WAC, *Accreditation of Environmental Laboratories*. Flow, temperature, settleable solids, conductivity, pH, and internal process control parameters are exempt from this requirement.

S2.E. Request for reduction in monitoring

The Permittee may request a reduction of the sampling frequency after twelve (12) months of monitoring. EFSEC will review each request and at its discretion grant the request when it reissues the permit or by a permit modification.

The Permittee must:

- 1. Provide a written request.
- 2. Clearly state the parameters for which it is requesting reduced monitoring.
- 3. Clearly state the justification for the reduction.

S3. Reporting and recording requirements

The Permittee must monitor and report in accordance with the following conditions. Falsification of information submitted to Council is a violation of the terms and conditions of this permit.

S3.A. Reporting

The first monitoring period begins on the effective date of the permit. The Permittee must:

Summarize, report, and submit monitoring data obtained during each
monitoring period on the electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR)
form provided by Ecology within WQWebDMR. Include data for each of the
parameters tabulated in Special Condition S2 and as required by the form.
Report a value for each day sampling occurred (unless specifically exempted
in the permit) and for the summary values (when applicable) included on the
electronic form.

To find out more information and to sign up for WQWebDMR go to: http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wq/permits/paris/webdmr.html

- Enter the "no discharge" reporting code for an entire DMR, for a specific monitoring point, or for a specific parameter as appropriate, if the Permittee did not discharge wastewater or a specific pollutant during a given monitoring period.
- Report single analytical values below detection as "less than the detection level (DL)" by entering < followed by the numeric value of the detection level (e.g. < 2.0) on the DMR. If the method used did not meet the minimum DL

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

and quantitation level (QL) identified in the permit, report the actual QL and DL in the comments or in the location provided.

- Report the test method used for analysis in the comments if the laboratory used an alternative method not specified in the permit and as allowed in Appendix A.
- 5. Calculate average values (unless otherwise specified in the permit) using:
 - The reported numeric value for all parameters measured between the agency-required detection value and the agency-required quantitation value.
 - b. One-half the detection value (for values reported below detection) if the lab detected the parameter in another sample for the reporting period.
 - Zero (for values reported below detection) if the lab did not detect the parameter in another sample for the reporting period.
- 6. Report single-sample grouped parameters (for example priority pollutants, PAHs, pulp and paper chlorophenolics, TTOs) on the WQWebDMR form and include: sample date, concentration detected, detection limit (DL) (as necessary), and laboratory quantitation level (QL) (as necessary). The Permittee must also submit an electronic PDF copy of the laboratory report using WQWebDMR.

If the Permittee has obtained a waiver from electronic reporting or if submitting prior to the compliance date, the Permittee must submit a paper copy of the laboratory report providing the following information: date sampled, sample location, date of analysis, parameter name, CAS number, analytical method/number, detection limit (DL), laboratory quantitation level (QL), reporting units, and concentration detected.

The contract laboratory reports must also include information on the chain of custody, QA/QC results, and documentation of accreditation for the parameter.

- Ensure that DMRs are electronically submitted no later than the dates specified below, unless otherwise specified in this permit.
 - If the Permittee has obtained a waiver, it must ensure that paper forms are postmarked or received by EFSEC no later than the dates specified below, unless otherwise specified in this permit.
- Submit DMRs for parameters with the monitoring frequencies specified in S2 (monthly, quarterly, annual, etc.) at the reporting schedule identified below.
 The Permittee must:
 - a. Submit monthly DMRs by the 15th day of the following month.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not

- Submit annual DMRs, unless otherwise specified in the permit, by January 15 for the previous calendar year. The annual sampling period is the calendar year.
- c. Submit semiannual DMRs, unless otherwise specified in the permit, by July 15 and January 15 of each year. Semiannual sampling periods are January through June, and July through December.
- d. Submit permit renewal application monitoring data in WQWebDMR as required in Special Condition S2 by 5/1/2019. If the Permittee has obtained a waiver from EFSEC, it must submit the permit renewal application monitoring data in a report by 5/1/2019.
- Submit reports to EFSEC online using Ecology's electronic WQWebDMR submittal forms (electronic DMRs) as required above. Send paper reports to:

EFSEC P.O. Box 43172 Olympia, WA 98504-3172

Department of Ecology Richland Office Attn: Columbia Generating Station Monitoring 3100 Port of Benton Blvd. Richland, WA 99354

S3.B. Records retention

The Permittee must retain records of all monitoring information for a minimum of three (3) years. Such information must include all calibration and maintenance records and all original recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. The Permittee must extend this period of retention during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding the discharge of pollutants by the Permittee or when requested by EFSEC.

S3.C. Recording of results

For each measurement or sample taken, the Permittee must record the following information:

- 1. The date, exact place, method, and time of sampling or measurement.
- 2. The individual who performed the sampling or measurement.
- 3. The dates the analyses were performed.
- 4. The individual who performed the analyses.
- 5. The analytical techniques or methods used.
- 6. The results of all analyses.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

S3.D. Additional monitoring by the Permittee

If the Permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by Special Condition S2 of this permit, then the Permittee must include the results of such monitoring in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the Permittee's DMR unless otherwise specified by Special Condition S2.

S3.E. Reporting permit violations

The Permittee must take the following actions when it violates or is unable to comply with any permit condition:

- Immediately take action to stop, contain, and cleanup unauthorized discharges or otherwise stop the noncompliance and correct the problem.
- If applicable, immediately repeat sampling and analysis. Submit the results of any repeat sampling to EFSEC within thirty (30) days of sampling.

a. Immediate reporting

The Permittee must <u>immediately</u> report to the Department of Ecology, EFSEC, and the Department of Health, Drinking Water Program (at the numbers listed below), all:

- · Failures of the disinfection system.
- Plant bypasses discharging to a waterbody used as a source of drinking water.

Ecology, Central Regional 509-575-2490
Office
EFSEC 360-956-2121
Department of Health, 800-521-0323 (business hours)
Drinking Water Program 877-481-4901 (after business hours)

b. Twenty-four-hour reporting

The Permittee must report the following occurrences of noncompliance by telephone, to EFSEC at the telephone number listed above, within 24 hours from the time the Permittee becomes aware of any of the following circumstances:

- Any noncompliance that may endanger health or the environment, unless previously reported under immediate reporting requirements.
- Any unanticipated bypass that causes an exceedance of any effluent limit in the permit (See Part S4.B., "Bypass Procedures").
- Any upset that causes an exceedance of an effluent limit in the permit (See G.15, "Upset").

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Rold

- Any violation of a maximum daily or instantaneous maximum discharge limit for any of the pollutants in Section S1.A of this permit.
- Any overflow prior to the treatment works, whether or not such overflow endangers health or the environment or exceeds any effluent limit in the permit.

c. Report within five days

The Permittee must also submit a written report within five days of the time that the Permittee becomes aware of any reportable event under subparts a or b, above. The report must contain:

- 1. A description of the noncompliance and its cause.
- 2. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times.
- The estimated time the Permittee expects the noncompliance to continue if not yet corrected.
- Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.
- If the noncompliance involves an overflow prior to the treatment works, an estimate of the quantity (in gallons) of untreated overflow.

d. Waiver of written reports

EFSEC may waive the written report required in subpart c, above, on a case-by-case basis upon request if the Permittee has submitted a timely oral report.

e. All other permit violation reporting

The Permittee must report all permit violations, which do not require immediate or within 24 hours reporting, when it submits monitoring reports for S3.A ("Reporting"). The reports must contain the information listed in subpart c, above. Compliance with these requirements does not relieve the Permittee from responsibility to maintain continuous compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit or the resulting liability for failure to comply.

f. Report Submittal

The Permittee must submit reports to the address listed in S3.

S3.F. Other reporting

a. Spills of Oil or Hazardous Materials

The Permittee must report a spill of oil or hazardous materials in accordance with the requirements of RCW 90.56.280 and chapter 173-303-145 WAC.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

You can obtain further instructions at the following website: http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/spills/other/reportaspill.htm

b. Failure to submit relevant or correct facts

Where the Permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application, or in any report to EFSEC, it must submit such facts or information promptly.

S3.G. Maintaining a copy of this permit

The Permittee must keep a copy of this permit at the facility and make it available upon request to EFSEC or Ecology inspectors.

S4. Operation and maintenance

The Permittee must, at all times, properly operate and maintain all facilities or systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances), which are installed to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes keeping a daily operation logbook (paper or electronic), adequate laboratory controls, and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision of the permit requires the Permittee to operate backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit.

S4.A. Operations and maintenance (O&M) manual

a. O&M manual submittal and requirements

The Permittee must:

- Prepare an O&M Manual for the evaporative pond system and associated piping that meets the requirements of 173-240-150 WAC and submit it to EFSEC for approval by December 1, 2014. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably in a portable document format (PDF)).
- Submit to EFSEC for review substantial changes or updates to the O&M Manual whenever it incorporates them into the manual. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably as a PDF).
- Submit to EFSEC the latest version of the evaporative pond and circulating water system O&M Manual with the next application for permit renewal (May 1, 2019).
- 4. Keep the approved O&M Manual at the permitted facility.
- 5. Follow the instructions and procedures of this manual.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not

S4.B. Bypass procedures

This permit prohibits a bypass, which is the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.

EFSEC may take enforcement action against a Permittee for a bypass unless one of the following circumstances (1, 2, or 3) applies.

 Bypass for essential maintenance without the potential to cause violation of permit limits or conditions.

This permit authorizes a bypass if it allows for essential maintenance and does not have the potential to cause violations of limits or other conditions of this permit, or adversely impact public health as determined by EFSEC prior to the bypass. The Permittee must submit prior notice, if possible, at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass.

Bypass is unavoidable, unanticipated, and results in noncompliance of this permit.

This permit authorizes such a bypass only if:

- a. Bypass is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which would cause them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass.
- b. No feasible alternatives to the bypass exist, such as:
 - · The use of auxiliary treatment facilities.
 - · Retention of untreated wastes.
 - Stopping production.
 - Maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime, but not if the Permittee should have installed adequate backup equipment in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass.
 - Transport of untreated wastes to another treatment facility or preventative maintenance), or transport of untreated wastes to another treatment facility.
- The Permittee has properly notified EFSEC of the bypass as required in Special Condition S3.E of this permit.
- If bypass is anticipated and has the potential to result in noncompliance of this permit.
 - a. The Permittee must notify EFSEC at least thirty (30) days before the planned date of bypass. The notice must contain:
 - · A description of the bypass and its cause.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

- An analysis of all known alternatives which would eliminate, reduce, or mitigate the need for bypassing.
- A cost-effectiveness analysis of alternatives including comparative resource damage assessment.
- The minimum and maximum duration of bypass under each alternative.
- A recommendation as to the preferred alternative for conducting the bypass.
- The projected date of bypass initiation.
- · A statement of compliance with SEPA.
- A request for modification of water quality standards as provided for in WAC 173-201A-410, if an exceedance of any water quality standard is anticipated.
- Details of the steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the bypass.
- b. For probable construction bypasses, the Permittee must notify EFSEC of the need to bypass as early in the planning process as possible. The Permittee must consider the analysis required above during preparation of the engineering report or facilities plan and plans and specifications and must include these to the extent practical. In cases where the Permittee determines the probable need to bypass early, the Permittee must continue to analyze conditions up to and including the construction period in an effort to minimize or eliminate the bypass.
- EFSEC will consider the following prior to issuing an administrative order for this type of bypass:
 - If the bypass is necessary to perform construction or maintenance-related activities essential to meet the requirements of this permit.
 - If feasible alternatives to bypass exist, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, stopping production, maintenance during normal periods of equipment down time, or transport of untreated wastes to another treatment facility.
 - If the Permittee planned and scheduled the bypass to minimize adverse
 effects on the public and the environment.

After consideration of the above and the adverse effects of the proposed bypass and any other relevant factors, EFSEC will approve or deny the request. EFSEC will give the public an opportunity to comment on bypass incidents of significant duration, to the extent feasible. EFSEC will approve a request to bypass by issuing an administrative order under RCW 90.48.120.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

S5. Solid wastes

S5.A. Solid waste handling

The Permittee must handle and dispose of all solid waste material in such a manner as to prevent its entry into state ground or surface water.

The Permittee must follow the procedures in EFSEC Resolution No. 299 or the most current resolution pertaining to the disposal of sediments from the cooling water system and double-lined impoundment.

S5.B. Leachate

The Permittee must not allow leachate from its solid waste material to enter state waters without providing all known, available, and reasonable methods of treatment, nor allow such leachate to cause violations of the State Surface Water Quality Standards, Chapter 173-201A WAC, or the State Ground Water Quality Standards, Chapter 173-200 WAC. The Permittee must apply for a permit or permit modification as may be required for such discharges to state ground or surface waters.

S5.C. Solid waste control plan

The Permittee must submit all proposed revisions or modifications to the solid waste control plan to EFSEC for review and approval at least 30 days prior to implementation. The Permittee must comply with the approved solid waste control plan and any modifications once approved. The Permittee must submit an update of the solid waste control plan by May 1, 2019. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably as a PDF).

S6. Application for permit renewal or modification for facility changes

The Permittee must submit an application for renewal of this permit by May 1, 2019. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably as a PDF).

The Permittee must also submit a new application or supplement at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to commencement of discharges, resulting from the activities listed below, which may result in permit violations. These activities include any facility expansions, production increases, or other planned changes, such as process modifications, in the permitted facility.

S7. Compliance schedule

By the dates tabulated below, the Permittee must complete the following tasks and submit a report describing, at a minimum:

- Whether it completed the task and, if not, the date on which it expects to complete the task.
- The reasons for delay and the steps it is taking to return the project to the established schedule.

Outfall 002	
Submit an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual for the planned double-lined impoundment to EFSEC for review and approval. In addition to the requirements of Chapter 173-240-150 WAC, the O&M Manual must include a leak detection plan	December 1
to monitor or test for the structural integrity of the impoundment liner.	
 Complete installation of the double-lined impoundment and submit a Notice of Completion to EFSEC. 	May 1, 2015
Circulating cooling water system losses	The second
 Submit a scope of work for analysis of circulating cooling water system losses to EFSEC for review and approval. 	
The scope of work must include plans for how the analysis will be conducted. The analysis must include a methodology to estimate the quantity of water losses. The methodology must include a proposal for mounding analysis, as well as recommendations for water quality sampling and water level measurements based on previous findings.	November 1 2016
 Submit an approvable engineering report in accordance with Chapter 173-240 WAC for circulating cooling water system losses to EFSEC for review and approval. 	May 1, 2019
Groundwater monitoring	
Submit an update to the <i>Ground Water Quality Study Quality Assurance Project Plan</i> (QAPP) prepared as a requirement under the previous permit to EFSEC for review and approval.	May 1, 2015
The update must address changes to the QAPP required due to both on-the-ground changes and findings of studies completed to-date.	
6. Submit an update to the <i>Ground Water Quality Study Quality Assurance Project Plan</i> (QAPP) to EFSEC for review and approval.	May 1, 2019
The update must address the findings of Tasks 1-5 above. Outfall 001 temperature monitoring	

	Tasks	Date Due
7.	Relocate temperature monitoring and reporting location to the River Pumphouse. Update the O&M Manual to address this change.	November 1, 2015
Out	tfall 001 composite sampling	
8.	Install sampling equipment capable of collecting 24-Hour composite and grab samples for parameters specified in Section S2 and begin sampling using this method as soon as possible following installation. Update the O&M Manual to address this change.	November 1, 2015

S8. Non-routine and unanticipated discharges

- Beginning on the effective date of this permit, the Permittee is authorized to discharge non-routine wastewater on a case-by-case basis if approved by EFSEC. Prior to any such discharge, the Permittee must contact EFSEC and at a minimum provide the following information:
 - a. The proposed discharge location
 - b. The nature of the activity that will generate the discharge
 - c. Any alternatives to the discharge, such as reuse, storage, or recycling of the water
 - d. The total volume of water it expects to discharge
 - e. The results of the chemical analysis of the water
 - f. The date of proposed discharge
 - g. The expected rate of discharge discharged, in gallons per minute
- 2. The Permittee must analyze the water for all constituents limited for the discharge and report them as required by subpart 1.e above. The analysis must also include any parameter deemed necessary by EFSEC. All discharges must comply with the effluent limits as established in Special Condition S1 of this permit, water quality standards, and any other limits imposed by EFSEC.
- The Permittee must limit the discharge rate, as referenced in subpart 1.g above, so it will not cause erosion of ditches or structural damage to culverts and their entrances or exits.
- 4. The discharge cannot proceed until EFSEC has reviewed the information provided and has authorized the discharge by letter to the Permittee or by an Administrative Order. Once approved and if the proposed discharge is to a municipal storm drain, the Permittee must obtain prior approval from the municipality and notify it when it plans to discharge.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

S9. Spill control plan

S9.A. Spill control plan submittals and requirements

The Permittee must:

- Submit to EFSEC an update to the existing Oil and Hazardous Substances Spill Prevention, Control and Counter-Measure Plan by May 1, 2019. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably as a PDF).
- 2. Update the spill plan as needed.
- 3. Send changes to the plan to EFSEC.
- 4. Follow the plan and any supplements throughout the term of the permit.

S9.B. Spill control plan components

The spill control plan must include the following:

- A list of all bulk oil and petroleum products and other materials used and/or stored on-site, which when spilled, or otherwise released into the environment, designate as Dangerous Waste (DW) or Extremely Hazardous Waste (EHW) by the procedures set forth in WAC 173-303-070. Include other materials used and/or stored on-site which may become pollutants or cause pollution upon reaching state's waters.
- A description of preventive measures and facilities (including an overall facility plot showing drainage patterns) which prevent, contain, or treat spills of these materials.
- A description of the reporting system the Permittee will use to alert responsible managers and legal authorities in the event of a spill.
- 4. A description of operator training to implement the plan.

The Permittee may submit plans and manuals required by 40 CFR Part 112, contingency plans required by Chapter 173-303 WAC, or other plans required by other agencies, which meet the intent of this section.

S10. Stormwater pollution prevention plan

The Permittee must prepare and implement a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in accordance with the requirements of this permit. The SWPPP must be submitted to EFSEC by November 1, 2015. The SWPPP and all of its modifications must be signed in accordance with General Condition G1. Retain the SWPPP on-site.

S10.A. Stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) general requirements

The Permittee must:

 Provide all known, available, and reasonable methods of prevention, control, and treatment (AKART) of stormwater pollution.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Rold

- Prevent violations of surface water quality, ground water quality, or sediment management standards.
- Comply with applicable federal technology-based treatment requirements under 40 CFR 125.3.
- 4. Modify the SWPPP whenever there is a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance at the facility that significantly changes the nature of pollutants discharged in stormwater from the facility, or significantly increases the quantity of pollutants discharged.
- 5. Send modifications to the plan to EFSEC.
- 6. Follow the plan and any supplements throughout the term of the permit.

S10.B. SWPPP components

The Permittee must prepare the SWPPP in accordance with the guidance provided in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Planning for Industrial Facilities (Ecy Pub. No. 04-10-030, http://www.ecy.wa.gov/biblio/0410030.html). The SWPPP may include applicable portions of plans prepared for other purposes at the facility. Plans or portions of plans incorporated into the SWPPP become enforceable requirements of this permit.

The SWPPP must include the following elements:

- 1. A site map.
- 2. Assessment and description of existing and potential pollutant sources.
- 3. A description of the operational best management practices (BMPs).
- 4. A description of the selected source-control BMPs.
- 5. When necessary, a description of the erosion and sediment control BMPs.
- 6. When necessary, a description of the treatment BMPs.
- 7. An implementation schedule.

S10.C. SWPPP implementation

The Permittee must conduct two inspections per year – one during the wet season (October 1 – April 30) and the other during the dry season (May 1 – September 30).

The wet season inspection must be conducted during a rainfall event by
personnel named in the SWPPP to verify that the description of potential
pollutant sources required under this permit are accurate; the site map as
required in the SWPPP has been updated or otherwise modified to reflect
current conditions; and the controls to reduce pollutants in stormwater
discharges associated with industrial activities identified in the SWPPP are
being implemented and are adequate. The wet weather inspection must
include observations of the presence of floating materials, suspended

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

- solids, oil and grease, discolorations, turbidity, odor, etc. in the stormwater discharge(s).
- Personnel named in the SWPPP must conduct the dry season inspection.
 The inspection must determine the presence of unpermitted non-stormwater discharges such as domestic wastewater, noncontact cooling water, or process water to the stormwater system. If an unpermitted, non-stormwater discharge is discovered, the Permittee must immediately notify EFSEC.

S10.D. SWPPP evaluation

The Permittee must evaluate whether measures to reduce pollutant loadings identified in the SWPPP are adequate and properly implemented in accordance with the terms of the permit or whether additional controls are needed. A record must be maintained summarizing the results of inspections and include a certification, in accordance with General Condition G1, that the facility is in compliance with the plan and in compliance with the permit. The record must identify any incidents of noncompliance.

S11. Outfall evaluation

The Permittee must inspect, every five years, the submerged portion of the outfall line and diffuser to document its integrity and continued function. If conditions allow for a photographic verification, the Permittee must include such verification in the report. By May 1, 2019, the Permittee must submit the inspection report to EFSEC.

S12. Cooling water intake structure

The Permittee must ensure that the cooling water intake structure (CWIS) is designed, operated, and maintained to minimize adverse environmental impact as follows.

S12.A. Operations and maintenance (O&M) manual

The Permittee must, at all times, properly operate and maintain the CWIS including any technology used to minimize impingement and entrainment.

1. O&M manual submittal and requirements

The Permittee must:

- a. Prepare an O&M Manual for the CWIS and submit it to EFSEC for approval by November 1, 2015. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably in a portable document format (PDF)).
- Submit to EFSEC for review substantial changes or updates to the O&M Manual whenever it incorporates them into the manual. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably as a PDF).
- c. Keep the approved O&M Manual at the permitted facility.
- d. Follow the instructions and procedures of this manual.

2. O&M manual components

The O&M manual must include:

- a. Procedures for evaluating impingement as required in S12.A.3.
- b. Procedures for evaluating entrainment as required in S12.A.4.
- Procedures for reporting any significant impingement or entrainment to EFSEC by telephone at 360-956-2121 within 24 hours.

3. Impingement evaluation

The O&M manual must include procedures for evaluating impingement of any life stages of fish and shellfish on the outer surface of the intake structure, including where feasible:

- Visual or remote monitoring during times when the cooling water intake structure is operational, at least weekly.
 - If conditions allow for a photographic verification, the Permittee must include such verification in the inspection.
- b. Document inspection dates, findings, and any maintenance performed.

4. Entrainment evaluation

Following completion of the entrainment characterization study required in S12.B, the O&M manual must be revised to include procedures for on-going evaluation of entrainment of any life stages of fish and shellfish downstream of the outer surface of the intake structure, including where feasible:

- Visual or remote monitoring during times when the cooling water intake structure is operational, at least weekly.
 - If conditions allow for a photographic verification, the Permittee must include such verification in the inspection.
- b. Document inspection dates, findings, and any maintenance performed.

S12.B. Entrainment Characterization Study

The Permittee must prepare and conduct an entrainment characterization study consistent with the content requirements in 40 CFR 122.21(r) (9).

1. Study design

The Permittee must:

 a. Prepare documentation of the proposed entrainment characterization study design and submit it to EFSEC for approval by November 1, 2015. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably in a portable document format (PDF)).

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not

2. Study implementation

The Permittee must:

- Following EFSEC approval of the study design referenced in S12.B.1, conduct the entrainment characterization study according to the approved design.
- Submit the final entrainment characterization study to EFSEC by May 1, 2019. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably in a portable document format (PDF)).

3. Engineering analysis

If the final entrainment characterization study report, or any other monitoring, indicates significant entrainment or impingement of federally-listed threatened and endangered species, the Permittee must:

- Prepare an engineering analysis, including costs and benefits associated with replacement of the intake structure consistent with approvable design criteria.
- b. Submit the final engineering analysis report to EFSEC by May 1, 2019. The Permittee must submit a paper copy and an electronic copy (preferably in a portable document format (PDF)).

4. Suspension of Entrainment Characterization Study

If, at any time during the permit term, the Permittee elects to proceed with the above engineering analysis and replace the intake structure with approvable design criteria, the entrainment characterization study can be suspended.

S12.C. Closed-cycle recirculating system

The Permittee must continue to operate a closed-cycle recirculating system as defined at 40 CFR 125.92(c):

1. Monitor closed-cycle operation in accordance with S2.A (8).

S12.D. Endangered Species Act

Nothing in this permit authorizes take for the purposes of a facility's compliance with the Endangered Species Act.

S13. Acute toxicity

S13.A. Effluent limit for acute toxicity

The effluent limit for acute toxicity is:

No acute toxicity detected in a test concentration representing the acute critical effluent concentration (ACEC).

The ACEC means the maximum concentration of effluent during critical conditions at the boundary of the acute mixing zone, defined in Section S1.B of this permit. The ACEC equals 11% effluent.

SSS13.B. Compliance with the effluent limit for acute toxicity

Compliance with the effluent limit for acute toxicity means the results of the testing specified in Section C show no statistically significant difference in survival between the control and the ACEC.

If the test results show a statistically significant difference in survival between the control and the ACEC, and EFSEC has not determined the test result to be anomalous under Section D, and the test is otherwise valid, the result is a violation of the effluent limit for acute toxicity. The Permittee must immediately conduct the additional testing described in Section D.

The Permittee must determine the statistical significance by conducting a hypothesis test at the 0.05 level of significance (Appendix H, EPA/600/4-89/001). If the difference in survival between the control and the ACEC is less than 10%, the Permittee must conduct the hypothesis test at the 0.01 level of significance.

SSS13.C. Compliance testing for acute toxicity

The Permittee must:

- Perform the acute toxicity tests with 100% effluent, the ACEC, and a control, or with a full dilution series.
- Conduct quarterly acute toxicity testing on the final effluent. Testing must begin by January 1, 2015. Quarters means January through March, April through June, July through September, and October through December.
- Submit a quarterly written report to EFSEC within 45 days of sampling and starting no later than April 30, 2015. Each subsequent report is due on April 30th, July 30th, October 30th, and January 30th of each year. Further instructions on testing conditions and test report content are in Section E below.
- 4. The Permittee must perform compliance tests using each of the species and protocols listed below on a rotating basis:

Acute Toxicity Tests	Species	Method
Fathead minnow 96-hour static-renewal test	Pimephales promelas	EPA-821-R-02-012
Daphnid 48-hour static test	Ceriodaphnia dubia, Daphnia pulex, or Daphnia magna	EPA-821-R-02-012

SSS13.D. Response to noncompliance with the effluent limit for acute toxicity

If a toxicity test conducted under Section C determines a statistically significant difference in response between the ACEC and the control, using the statistical test

described in Section B, the Permittee must begin additional testing within one week from the time of receiving the test results. The Permittee must:

- Conduct one additional test each week for four consecutive weeks, using the same test and species as the failed compliance test.
- Test at least five effluent concentrations and a control to determine appropriate point estimates. One of these effluent concentrations must equal the ACEC. The results of the test at the ACEC will determine compliance with the effluent limit for acute toxicity as described in Section B.
- Return to the original monitoring frequency in Section C after completion of the additional compliance monitoring.

Anomalous test results: If a toxicity test conducted under Section C indicates noncompliance with the acute toxicity limit and the Permittee believes that the test result is anomalous, the Permittee may notify EFSEC that the compliance test result may be anomalous. The Permittee may take one additional sample for toxicity testing and wait for notification from EFSEC before completing the additional testing. The Permittee must submit the notification with the report of the compliance test result and identify the reason for considering the compliance test result to be anomalous.

If EFSEC determines that the test result was not anomalous, the Permittee must complete all of the additional monitoring required in this section. Or,

If the one additional sample fails to comply with the effluent limit for acute toxicity, then the Permittee must complete all of the additional monitoring required in this section. Or,

If EFSEC determines that the test result was anomalous, the one additional test result will replace the anomalous test result.

If all of the additional testing in S13.D.1 and 2 complies with the permit limit, the Permittee must submit a report to EFSEC on possible causes and preventive measures for the transient toxicity event, which triggered the additional compliance monitoring. This report must include a search of all pertinent and recent facility records, including:

- a. Operating records
- b. Monitoring results
- c. Inspection records
- d. Spill reports
- e. Weather records
- f. Production records
- g. Raw material purchases
- h. Pretreatment records, etc.

If the additional testing in this section shows another violation of the acute toxicity limit, the Permittee must submit a Toxicity Identification/Reduction

Evaluation (TI/RE) plan to EFSEC within sixty (60) days after the sample date (WAC 173-205-100(2)).

SSS13.E. Sampling and reporting requirements

- The Permittee must submit all reports for toxicity testing in accordance with
 the most recent version of Ecology Publication No. WQ-R-95-80, Laboratory
 Guidance and Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Review Criteria. Reports must
 contain bench sheets and reference toxicant results for test methods. If the lab
 provides the toxicity test data in electronic format for entry into Ecology's
 database, then the Permittee must send the data to Ecology along with the test
 report, bench sheets, and reference toxicant results.
- The Permittee must collect grab samples for toxicity testing. The Permittee
 must cool the samples to 0 6 degrees Celsius during collection and send
 them to the lab immediately upon completion. The lab must begin the toxicity
 testing as soon as possible but no later than 36 hours after sampling was
 completed.
- The laboratory must conduct water quality measurements on all samples and test solutions for toxicity testing, as specified in the most recent version of Ecology Publication No. WQ-R-95-80, Laboratory Guidance and Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Review Criteria.
- 4. All toxicity tests must meet quality assurance criteria and test conditions specified in the most recent versions of the EPA methods listed in Subsection C and the Ecology Publication No. WQ-R-95-80, Laboratory Guidance and Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Review Criteria. If EFSEC determines any test results to be invalid or anomalous, the Permittee must repeat the testing with freshly collected effluent.
- The laboratory must use control water and dilution water meeting the requirements of the EPA methods listed in Section A or pristine natural water of sufficient quality for good control performance.
- 6. The Permittee must chemically dechlorinate final effluent samples for whole effluent toxicity testing with sodium thiosulfate just prior to test initiation. Do not add more sodium thiosulfate than is necessary to neutralize the chlorine. Provide in the test report the calculations to determine the amount of sodium thiosulfate necessary to just neutralize the chlorine in the sample.

S14. Chronic toxicity

S14.A. Testing

The Permittee must:

 Conduct chronic toxicity testing on final effluent once per quarter in the year prior to submission of the application for permit renewal.

- Submit the results to EFSEC May 1, 2019 (with the permit renewal application).
- Conduct chronic toxicity testing on a series of at least five concentrations
 of effluent and a control. This series of dilutions must include the acute
 critical effluent concentration (ACEC). The ACEC equals 11% effluent.
 The series of dilutions should also contain the CCEC of 1% effluent.
- Compare the ACEC to the control using hypothesis testing at the 0.05 level of significance as described in Appendix H, EPA/600/4-89/001.
- 5. Perform chronic toxicity tests with all of the following species and the most recent version of the following protocols:

Freshwater Chronic Test	Species	Method
Fathead minnow survival and growth	Pimephales promelas	EPA-821-R-02-013
Water flea survival and reproduction	Ceriodaphnia dubia	EPA-821-R-02-013

S14.B. Sampling and reporting requirements

- The Permittee must submit all reports for toxicity testing in accordance with
 the most recent version of Ecology Publication No. WQ-R-95-80, Laboratory
 Guidance and Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Review Criteria. Reports must
 contain bench sheets and reference toxicant results for test methods. If the lab
 provides the toxicity test data in electronic format for entry into Ecology's
 database, then the Permittee must send the data to Ecology along with the test
 report, bench sheets, and reference toxicant results.
- 2. The Permittee must collect grab samples for toxicity testing. The Permittee must cool the samples to 0 6 degrees Celsius during collection and send them to the lab immediately upon completion. The lab must begin the toxicity testing as soon as possible but no later than 36 hours after sampling was completed.
- The laboratory must conduct water quality measurements on all samples and test solutions for toxicity testing, as specified in the most recent version of Ecology Publication No. WQ-R-95-80, Laboratory Guidance and Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Review Criteria.
- 4. All toxicity tests must meet quality assurance criteria and test conditions specified in the most recent versions of the EPA methods listed in Section C. and the Ecology Publication no. WQ-R-95-80, Laboratory Guidance and Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Review Criteria. If Ecology determines any test results to be invalid or anomalous, the Permittee must repeat the testing with freshly collected effluent.
- The laboratory must use control water and dilution water meeting the requirements of the EPA methods listed in Subsection C. or pristine natural water of sufficient quality for good control performance.

Page 34 of 51 Permit No. <u>WA002515-1</u> WA002515-1 WA002515-1

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

6. The Permittee must chemically dechlorinate final effluent samples for whole effluent toxicity testing with sodium thiosulfate just prior to test initiation. Do not add more sodium thiosulfate than is necessary to neutralize the chlorine. Provide in the test report the calculations to determine the amount of sodium thiosulfate necessary to just neutralize the chlorine in the sample.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Rold

General Conditions

G1. Signatory requirements

- All applications, reports, or information submitted to EFSEC must be signed and certified.
 - a. In the case of corporations, by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means;
 - A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision making functions for the corporation, or
 - The manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, provided, the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long-term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.
 - In the case of a partnership, by a general partner.
 - · In the case of sole proprietorship, by the proprietor.
 - In the case of a municipal, state, or other public facility, by either a principal
 executive officer or ranking elected official.

Applications for permits for domestic wastewater facilities that are either owned or operated by, or under contract to, a public entity shall be submitted by the public entity.

- All reports required by this permit and other information requested by EFSEC must be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to EFSEC.
 - b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility, such as the position of plant manager, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.)
- Changes to authorization. If an authorization under paragraph G1.2, above, is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the

overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph G1.2, above, must be submitted to EFSEC prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.

Certification. Any person signing a document under this section must make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law, that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

G2. Right of inspection and entry

The Permittee must allow an authorized representative of EFSEC, upon the presentation of credentials and such other documents as may be required by law:

- To enter upon the premises where a discharge is located or where any records must be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit.
- To have access to and copy, at reasonable times and at reasonable cost, any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit.
- To inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, methods, or operations regulated or required under this permit.
- To sample or monitor, at reasonable times, any substances or parameters at any location for purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act.

G3. Permit actions

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated either at the request of any interested person (including the permittee) or upon EFSEC's initiative. However, the permit may only be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for the reasons specified in 40 CFR 122.62, 122.64 or WAC 173-220-150 according to the procedures of 40 CFR 124.5.

- The following are causes for terminating this permit during its term, or for denying a permit renewal application:
 - a. Violation of any permit term or condition.
 - b. Obtaining a permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose all relevant facts.
 - c. A material change in quantity or type of waste disposal.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

- d. A determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment, or contributes to water quality standards violations and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination.
- A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction, or elimination of any discharge or sludge use or disposal practice controlled by the permit.
- f. Nonpayment of fees assessed pursuant to RCW 90.48.465.
- g. Failure or refusal of the Permittee to allow entry as required in RCW 90.48.090.
- The following are causes for modification but not revocation and reissuance except when the Permittee requests or agrees:
 - a. A material change in the condition of the waters of the state.
 - b. New information not available at the time of permit issuance that would have justified the application of different permit conditions.
 - Material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility or activities which occurred after this permit issuance.
 - d. Promulgation of new or amended standards or regulations having a direct bearing upon permit conditions, or requiring permit revision.
 - The Permittee has requested a modification based on other rationale meeting the criteria of 40 CFR Part 122.62.
 - EFSEC has determined that good cause exists for modification of a compliance schedule, and the modification will not violate statutory deadlines.
 - g. Incorporation of an approved local pretreatment program into a municipality's permit.
- 3. The following are causes for modification or alternatively revocation and reissuance:
 - a. When cause exists for termination for reasons listed in 1.a through 1.g of this section, and EFSEC determines that modification or revocation and reissuance is appropriate.
 - b. When EFSEC has received notification of a proposed transfer of the permit. A permit may also be modified to reflect a transfer after the effective date of an automatic transfer (General Condition G7) but will not be revoked and reissued after the effective date of the transfer except upon the request of the new Permittee.

G4. Reporting planned changes

The Permittee must, as soon as possible, but no later than one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the proposed changes, give notice to EFSEC of planned physical alterations or

additions to the permitted facility, production increases, or process modification which will result in:

- The permitted facility being determined to be a new source pursuant to 40 CFR 122.29(b)
- 2. A significant change in the nature or an increase in quantity of pollutants discharged.
- 3. A significant change in the Permittee's sludge use or disposal practices. Following such notice, and the submittal of a new application or supplement to the existing application, along with required engineering plans and reports, this permit may be modified, or revoked and reissued pursuant to 40 CFR 122.62(a) to specify and limit any pollutants not previously limited. Until such modification is effective, any new or increased discharge in excess of permit limits or not specifically authorized by this permit constitutes a violation.

G5. Plan review required

Prior to constructing or modifying any wastewater control facilities, an engineering report and detailed plans and specifications must be submitted to EFSEC for approval in accordance with chapter 173-240 WAC. Engineering reports, plans, and specifications must be submitted at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the planned start of construction unless a shorter time is approved by EFSEC. Facilities must be constructed and operated in accordance with the approved plans.

G6. Compliance with other laws and statutes

Nothing in this permit excuses the Permittee from compliance with any applicable federal, state, or local statutes, ordinances, or regulations.

G7. Transfer of this permit

In the event of any change in control or ownership of facilities from which the authorized discharge emanate, the Permittee must notify the succeeding owner or controller of the existence of this permit by letter, a copy of which must be forwarded to EFSEC.

- Transfers by Modification
 Except as provided in paragraph (2) below, this permit may be transferred by the
 Permittee to a new owner or operator only if this permit has been modified or revoked
 and reissued under 40 CFR 122.62(b)(2), or a minor modification made under 40
 CFR 122.63(d), to identify the new Permittee and incorporate such other
 requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act.
- 2. Automatic Transfers

This permit may be automatically transferred to a new Permittee if:

 The Permittee notifies EFSEC at least thirty (30) days in advance of the proposed transfer date.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

- The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new Permittees containing a specific date transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them.
- c. EFSEC does not notify the existing Permittee and the proposed new Permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue this permit. A modification under this subparagraph may also be minor modification under 40 CFR 122.63. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the written agreement.

G8. Reduced production for compliance

The Permittee, in order to maintain compliance with its permit, must control production and/or all discharges upon reduction, loss, failure, or bypass of the treatment facility until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided. This requirement applies in the situation where, among other things, the primary source of power of the treatment facility is reduced, lost, or fails.

G9. Removed substances

Collected screenings, grit, solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters must not be resuspended or reintroduced to the final effluent stream for discharge to state waters.

G10. Duty to provide information

The Permittee must submit to EFSEC, within a reasonable time, all information which EFSEC may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The Permittee must also submit to EFSEC upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

G11. Other requirements of 40 CFR

All other requirements of 40 CFR 122.41 and 122.42 are incorporated in this permit by reference.

G12. Additional monitoring

EFSEC may establish specific monitoring requirements in addition to those contained in this permit by administrative order or permit modification.

G13. Payment of fees

The Permittee must submit payment of fees associated with this permit as assessed by EFSEC.

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not

G14. Penalties for violating permit conditions

Any person who is found guilty of willfully violating the terms and conditions of this permit is deemed guilty of a crime, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Each day upon which a willful violation occurs may be deemed a separate and additional violation.

Any person who violates the terms and conditions of a waste discharge permit may incur, in addition to any other penalty as provided by law, a civil penalty in the amount of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for every such violation. Each and every such violation is a separate and distinct offense, and in case of a continuing violation, every day's continuance is deemed to be a separate and distinct violation.

G15. Upset

Definition – "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limits because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the Permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based permit effluent limits if the requirements of the following paragraph are met.

A Permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset must demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:

- 1. An upset occurred and that the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset.
- 2. The permitted facility was being properly operated at the time of the upset.
- 3. The Permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Special Condition S3.E.
- The Permittee complied with any remedial measures required under S3.E of this
 permit.

In any enforcement action the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

G16. Property rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

G17. Duty to comply

The Permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Clean Water Act and is grounds for

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not

enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.

G18. Toxic pollutants

The Permittee must comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if this permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

G19. Penalties for tampering

The Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years per violation, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this condition, punishment shall be a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than four (4) years, or by both.

G20. Reporting requirements applicable to existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers

The Permittee belonging to the categories of existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, or silviculture must notify EFSEC as soon as they know or have reason to believe:

- That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a
 routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in this permit, if
 that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - a. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μg/L).
 - b. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony.
 - c. Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7).
 - d. The level established by the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f).
- 2. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in this permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - a. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500μg/L).
 - b. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony.
 - c. Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7).

Page 42 of 51
Permit No. <u>WA002515-1</u>
WA002515-1 WA002515-1

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

d. The level established by the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f).

G21. Compliance schedules

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit must be submitted no later than fourteen (14) days following each schedule date.

Appendix A

LIST OF POLLUTANTS WITH ANALYTICAL METHODS, DETECTION LIMITS AND QUANTITATION LEVELS

The Permittee must use the specified analytical methods, detection limits (DLs) and quantitation levels (QLs) in the following table for permit and application required monitoring unless:

- · Another permit condition specifies other methods, detection levels, or quantitation levels.
- The method used produces measurable results in the sample and EPA has listed it as an EPA-approved method in 40 CFR Part 136.

If the Permittee uses an alternative method, not specified in the permit and as allowed above, it must report the test method, DL, and QL on the discharge monitoring report or in the required report.

If the Permittee is unable to obtain the required DL and QL in its effluent due to matrix effects, the Permittee must submit a matrix-specific detection limit (MDL) and a quantitation limit (QL) to EFSEC with appropriate laboratory documentation.

When the permit requires the Permittee to measure the base neutral compounds in the list of priority pollutants, it must measure all of the base neutral pollutants listed in the table below. The list includes EPA required base neutral priority pollutants and several additional polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). The Water Quality Program added several PAHs to the list of base neutrals below from Ecology's Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxics (PBT) List. It only added those PBT parameters of interest to Appendix A that did not increase the overall cost of analysis unreasonably.

EFSEC added this appendix to the permit in order to reduce the number of analytical "non-detects" in permitrequired monitoring and to measure effluent concentrations near or below criteria values where possible at a reasonable cost.

CONVENTIONAL PARAMETERS

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ μg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	SM5210-B		2 mg/L
Soluble Biochemical Oxygen Demand	SM5210-B ³		2 mg/L
Chemical Oxygen Demand	SM5220-D		10 mg/L
Total Organic Carbon	SM5310-B/C/D		1 mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	SM2540-D		5 mg/L
Total Ammonia (as N)	SM4500-NH3-B and C/D/E/G/H		20
Flow	Calibrated device		
Dissolved oxygen	SM4500-OC/OG		0.2 mg/L
Temperature (max. 7-day avg.)	Analog recorder or Use micro- recording devices known as thermistors		0.2° C

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
pH	SM4500-H ⁺ B	N/A	N/A

NONCONVENTIONAL PARAMETERS

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
Total Alkalinity	SM2320-B		5 mg/L as CaCO3
Bromide (24959-67-9)	EPA 300.0		500
Chlorine, Total Residual	SM4500 CI G		50.0
Color	SM2120 B/C/E		10 color units
Fecal Coliform	SM 9221E,9222	N/A	Specified in method - sample aliquot dependent
Fluoride (16984-48-8)	SM4500-F E	25	100
Nitrate + Nitrite Nitrogen (as N)	SM4500-NO3- E/F/H		100
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl (as N)	SM4500-N _{org} B/C and SM4500NH ₃ - B/C/D/EF/G/H		300
Soluble Reactive Phosphorus (as P)	SM4500- PE/PF	3	10
Phosphorus, Total (as P)	SM 4500 PB followed by SM4500-PE/PF	3	10
Oil and Grease (HEM)	1664 A or B	1,400	5,000
Radioactivity			
Alpha, Total	SM 7110 B		
Beta, Total	SM 7110 B		
Radium, Total	SW 7500-Ra C		
Salinity	SM2520-B		3 practical salinity units or scale (PSU or PSS)
Settleable Solids	SM2540 -F		500 (or 0.1 mL/L)
Sulfate (as mg/L SO ₄)	SM4110-B		200
Sulfide (as mg/L S)	SM4500-S ² F/D/E/G		200
Sulfite (as mg/L SO ₃)	SM4500-SO3B		2000
Total Coliform	SM 9221B, 9222B, 9223B	N/A	Specified in method - sample aliquot dependent
Total dissolved solids	SM2540 C		20 mg/L
Total Hardness	SM2340B		200 as CaCO3
Aluminum, Total (7429-90-5)	200.8	2.0	10
Barium Total (7440-39-3)	200.8	0.5	2.0
BTEX (benzene +toluene + ethylbenzene + m,o,p xylenes)	EPA SW 846 8021/8260	1	2
Boron Total (7440-42-8)	200.8	2.0	10.0
Cobalt, Total (7440-48-4)	200.8	0.05	0.25

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
Iron, Total (7439-89-6)	200.7	12.5	50
Magnesium, Total (7439-95-4)	200.7	10	50
Molybdenum, Total (7439-98-7)	200.8	0.1	0.5
Manganese, Total (7439-96-5)	200.8	0.1	0.5
NWTPH Dx 4	Ecology NWTPH Dx	250	250
NWTPH Gx 5	Ecology NWTPH Gx	250	250
Tin, Total (7440-31-5)	200.8	0.3	1.5
Titanium, Total (7440-32-6)	200.8	0.5	2.5

PRIORITY POLLUTANTS

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ μg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
METAI	LS, CYANIDE & TOTAL		
Antimony, Total (7440-36-0)	200.8	0.3	1.0
Arsenic, Total (7440-38-2)	200.8	0.1	0.5
Beryllium, Total (7440-41-7)	200.8	0.1	0.5
Cadmium, Total (7440-43-9)	200.8	0.05	0.25
Chromium (hex) dissolved (18540-29-9)	SM3500-Cr EC	0.3	1.2
Chromium, Total (7440-47-3)	200.8	0.2	1.0
Copper, Total (7440-50-8)	200.8	0.4	2.0
Lead, Total (7439-92-1)	200.8	0.1	0.5
Mercury, Total (7439-97-6)	1631E	0.0002	0.0005
Nickel, Total (7440-02-0)	200.8	0.1	0.5
Selenium, Total (7782-49-2)	200.8	1.0	1.0
Silver, Total (7440-22-4)	200.8	0.04	0.2
Thallium, Total (7440-28-0)	200.8	0.09	0.36
Zinc, Total (7440-66-6)	200.8	0.5	2.5
Cyanide, Total (57-12-5)	335.4	5	10
Cyanide, Weak Acid Dissociable	SM4500-CN I	5	10
Cyanide, Free Amenable to Chlorination (Available Cyanide)	SM4500-CN G	5	10
Phenols, Total	EPA 420.1		50

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ μg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² μg/L unless specified
	ACID COMPOUNDS	S	
2-Chlorophenol (95-57-8)	625	1.0	2.0
2,4-Dichlorophenol (120-83-2)	625	0.5	1.0
2,4-Dimethylphenol (105-67-9)	625	0.5	1.0

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ μg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
4,6-dinitro-o-cresol (534-52-1) (2-methyl-4,6,-dinitrophenol)	625/1625B	1.0	2.0
2,4 dinitrophenol (51-28-5)	625	1.0	2.0
2-Nitrophenol (88-75-5)	625	0.5	1.0
4-nitrophenol (100-02-7)	625	0.5	1.0
Parachlorometa cresol (59-50-7) (4-chloro-3-methylphenol)	625	1.0	2.0
Pentachlorophenol (87-86-5)	625	0.5	1.0
Phenol (108-95-2)	625	2.0	4.0
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (88-06-2)	625	2.0	4.0

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
VOL	ATILE COMPOUN	DS	
Acrolein (107-02-8)	624	5	10
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	624	1.0	2.0
Benzene (71-43-2)	624	1.0	2.0
Bromoform (75-25-2)	624	1.0	2.0
Carbon tetrachloride (56-23-5)	624/601 or SM6230B	1.0	2.0
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	624	1.0	2.0
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	624/601	1.0	2.0
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether (110-75-8)	624	1.0	2.0
Chloroform (67-66-3)	624 or SM6210B	1.0	2.0
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	624	1.0	2.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	624	1.9	7.6
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	624	1.9	7.6
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	624	4.4	17.6
Dichlorobromomethane (75-27-4)	624	1.0	2.0
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	624	1.0	2.0
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	624	1.0	2.0
1,1-Dichloroethylene (75-35-4)	624	1.0	2.0
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	624	1.0	2.0
1,3-dichloropropene (mixed isomers) (1,2-dichloropropylene) (542-75-6)	624	1.0	2.0
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	624	1.0	2.0

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified	
VOI	ATILE COMPOUN	ATILE COMPOUNDS		
Methyl bromide (74-83-9) (Bromomethane)	624/601	5.0	10.0	
Methyl chloride (74-87-3) (Chloromethane)	624	1.0	2.0	
Methylene chloride (75-09-2)	624	5.0	10.0	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	624	1.9	2.0	
Tetrachloroethylene (127-18-4)	624	1.0	2.0	
Toluene (108-88-3)	624	1.0	2.0	
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene (156-60-5) (Ethylene dichloride)	624	1.0	2.0	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	624	1.0	2.0	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	624	1.0	2.0	
Trichloroethylene (79-01-6)	624	1.0	2.0	
Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)	624/SM6200B	1.0	2.0	

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified	
BASE/NEUTRAL COMP	OUNDS (compounds in bold are Ecology PBTs)			
Acenaphthene (83-32-9)	625	0.2	0.4	
Acenaphthylene (208-96-8)	625	0.3	0.6	
Anthracene (120-12-7)	625	0.3	0.6	
Benzidine (92-87-5)	625	12	24	
Benzyl butyl phthalate (85-68-7)	625	0.3	0.6	
Benzo(a)anthracene (56-55-3)	625	0.3	0.6	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (3,4-benzofluoranthene) (205-99-2) ⁷	610/625	0.8	1.6	
Benzo(j)fluoranthene (205-82-3) 7	625	0.5	1.0	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (11,12-benzofluoranthene) (207-08-9) ⁷	610/625	0.8	1.6	
Benzo(r,s,t)pentaphene (189-55-9)	625	0.5	1.0	
Benzo(a)pyrene (50-32-8)	610/625	0.5	1.0	
Benzo(ghi)Perylene (191-24-2)	610/625	0.5	1.0	
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane (111-91-1)	625	5.3	21.2	
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether (111-44-4)	611/625	0.3	1.0	

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
BASE/NEUTRAL COMPO	OUNDS (compounds	in bold are Eco	ology PBTs)
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether (39638-32-9)	625	0.3	0.6
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (117-81-7)	625	0.1	0.5
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether (101-55-3)	625	0.2	0.4
2-Chloronaphthalene (91-58-7)	625	0.3	0.6
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether (7005-72-3)	625	0.3	0.5
Chrysene (218-01-9)	610/625	0.3	0.6
Dibenzo (a,h)acridine (226-36-8)	610M/625M	2.5	10.0
Dibenzo (a,j)acridine (224-42-0)	610M/625M	2.5	10.0
Dibenzo(a-h)anthracene (53-70-3)(1,2,5,6-dibenzanthracene)	625	0.8	1.6
Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene (192-65-4)	610M/625M	2.5	10.0
Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene (189-64-0)	625M	2.5	10.0
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine (91-94-1)	605/625	0.5	1.0
Diethyl phthalate (84-66-2)	625	1.9	7.6
Dimethyl phthalate (131-11-3)	625	1.6	6.4
Di-n-butyl phthalate (84-74-2)	625	0.5	1.0
2,4-dinitrotoluene (121-14-2)	609/625	0.2	0.4
2,6-dinitrotoluene (606-20-2)	609/625	0.2	0.4

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
BASE/NEUTRAL COMP	OUNDS (compounds	in bold are Eco	ology PBTs)
Di-n-octyl phthalate (117-84-0)	625	0.3	0.6
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (as Azobenzene) (122-66-7)	1625B	5.0	20
Fluoranthene (206-44-0)	625	0.3	0.6
Fluorene (86-73-7)	625	0.3	0.6
Hexachlorobenzene (118-74-1)	612/625	0.3	0.6
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	625	0.5	1.0
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (77-47-4)	1625B/625	0.5	1.0
Hexachloroethane (67-72-1)	625	0.5	1.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene (193-39-5)	610/625	0.5	1.0
Isophorone (78-59-1)	625	0.5	1.0

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
BASE/NEUTRAL COMP	OUNDS (compounds	in bold are Eco	ology PBTs)
3-Methyl cholanthrene (56-49-5)	625	2.0	8.0
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	625	0.3	0.6
Nitrobenzene (98-95-3)	625	0.5	1.0
N-Nitrosodimethylamine (62-75-9)	607/625	2.0	4.0
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine (621-64-7)	607/625	0.5	1.0
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (86-30-6)	625	0.5	1.0
Perylene (198-55-0)	625	1.9	7.6
Phenanthrene (85-01-8)	625	0.3	0.6
Pyrene (129-00-0)	625	0.3	0.6
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	625	0.3	0.6

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
	DIOXIN		
2,3,7,8-Tetra-Chlorodibenzo-P- Dioxin (176-40-16) (2,3,7,8 TCDD)	1613B	1.3 pg/L	5 pg/L

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
	PESTICIDES/PCBs		
Aldrin (309-00-2)	608	0.025	0.05
alpha-BHC (319-84-6)	608	0.025	0.05
beta-BHC (319-85-7)	608	0.025	0.05
gamma-BHC (58-89-9)	608	0.025	0.05
delta-BHC (319-86-8)	608	0.025	0.05
Chlordane (57-74-9) 8	608	0.025	0.05
4,4'-DDT (50-29-3)	608	0.025	0.05
4,4'-DDE (72-55-9)	608	0.025	0.0510
4,4' DDD (72-54-8)	608	0.025	0.05
Dieldrin (60-57-1)	608	0.025	0.05

Pollutant & CAS No. (if available)	Recommended Analytical Protocol	Detection (DL) ¹ µg/L unless specified	Quantitation Level (QL) ² µg/L unless specified
P	ESTICIDES/PCBs		
alpha-Endosulfan (959-98-8)	608	0.025	0.05
beta-Endosulfan (33213-65-9)	608	0.025	0.05
Endosulfan Sulfate (1031-07-8)	608	0.025	0.05
Endrin (72-20-8)	608	0.025	0.05
Endrin Aldehyde (7421-93-4)	608	0.025	0.05
Heptachlor (76-44-8)	608	0.025	0.05
Heptachlor Epoxide (1024-57-3)	608	0.025	0.05
PCB-1242 (53469-21-9) 9	608	0.25	0.5
PCB-1254 (11097-69-1)	608	0.25	0.5
PCB-1221 (11104-28-2)	608	0.25	0.5
PCB-1232 (11141-16-5)	608	0.25	0.5
PCB-1248 (12672-29-6)	608	0.25	0.5
PCB-1260 (11096-82-5)	608	0.13	0.5
PCB-1016 (12674-11-2) 9	608	0.13	0.5
Toxaphene (8001-35-2)	608	0.24	0.5

- Detection level (DL) or detection limit means the minimum concentration of an analyte (substance) that
 can be measured and reported with a 99% confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero
 as determined by the procedure given in 40 CFR part 136, Appendix B.
- 2. Quantitation Level (QL) also known as Minimum Level of Quantitation (ML) The lowest level at which the entire analytical system must give a recognizable signal and acceptable calibration point for the analyte. It is equivalent to the concentration of the lowest calibration standard, assuming that the lab has used all method-specified sample weights, volumes, and cleanup procedures. The QL is calculated by multiplying the MDL by 3.18 and rounding the result to the number nearest to (1, 2, or 5) x 10ⁿ, where n is an integer. (64 FR 30417).

ALSO GIVEN AS:

The smallest detectable concentration of analyte greater than the Detection Limit (DL) where the accuracy (precision & bias) achieves the objectives of the intended purpose. (Report of the Federal Advisory Committee on Detection and Quantitation Approaches and Uses in Clean Water Act Programs Submitted to the US Environmental Protection Agency December 2007).

- 3. <u>Soluble Biochemical Oxygen Demand</u> method note: First, filter the sample through a Millipore Nylon filter (or equivalent) pore size of 0.45-0.50 um (prep all filters by filtering 250 ml of laboratory grade deionized water through the filter and discard). Then, analyze sample as per method 5210-B.
- NWTPH Dx Northwest Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons Diesel Extended Range see http://www.ecy.wa.gov/biblio/97602.html

Page 51 of 51 Permit No. <u>WA002515-1</u> WA002515-1 WA002515-1

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt, Not Bold

- NWTPH Gx Northwest Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons Gasoline Extended Range see http://www.ecy.wa.gov/biblio/97602.html
- 6. <u>1, 3-dichloroproylene (mixed isomers)</u> You may report this parameter as two separate parameters: cis-1, 3-dichloropropene (10061-01-5) and trans-1, 3-dichloropropene (10061-02-6).
- 7. <u>Total Benzofluoranthenes</u> Because Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(j)fluoranthene and Benzo(k)fluoranthene co-elute you may report these three isomers as total benzofluoranthenes.
- Chlordane You may report alpha-chlordane (5103-71-9) and gamma-chlordane (5103-74-2) in place
 of chlordane (57-74-9). If you report alpha and gamma-chlordane, the DL/PQLs that apply are
 0.025/0.050.
- PCB 1016 & PCB 1242 You may report these two PCB compounds as one parameter called PCB 1016/1242.

Fact Sheet Amendment No. 2 for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit No. WA0025151 Columbia Generating Station

PURPOSE OF THIS FACT SHEET AMENDMENT

This fact sheet amendment explains and documents the modifications to the permit issued to Columbia Generating Station on November 1, 2014 and modified on February 8, 2016 (see Supplemental Fact Sheet for NPDES Permit WA002515-1 dated December 21, 2015). The fact sheet that accompanied the 2014 permit and 2016 permit modification has detailed information about the wastewater treatment plant and EFSEC's permit decisions.

This fact sheet amendment complies with Section 173-220-060 of the Washington Administrative Code (WAC), which requires the Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council (EFSEC) to prepare a draft permit and accompanying fact sheet for public evaluation before issuing an NPDES permit.

EFSEC makes the draft permit and fact sheet amendment available for public review and comment at least thirty (30) days before issuing the final permit. Copies of the draft documents for Columbia Generating Station, Permit No. WA0025151, are available for public review and comment from insert month, day, & year until month, day, & year. For more details on preparing and filing comments about these documents, please see **Appendix A - Public Involvement Information**.

Energy Northwest reviewed the draft permit and fact sheet for factual accuracy. EFSEC corrected any errors or omissions regarding the facility's location, history, discharges, or receiving water prior to publishing this draft fact sheet for public notice.

After the public comment period closes, EFSEC will summarize substantive comments and provide responses to them. EFSEC will include the summary and responses to comments in this fact sheet amendment as **Appendix C** - **Response to Comments**, and publish it when issuing the final NPDES permit. EFSEC will not revise the rest of the fact sheet, but the full document will become part of the legal history contained in the facility's permit file.

The Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council (EFSEC) is proposing to issue this permit modification. This fact sheet amendment explains the regulatory and technical basis for the amended conditions contained in the permit.

INTRODUCTION

The Federal Clean Water Act (FCWA, 1972, and later amendments in 1977, 1981, and 1987) established water quality goals for the navigable (surface) waters of the United States. One mechanism for achieving the goals of the Clean Water Act is the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), administered by the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The EPA authorized the state of Washington to manage the NPDES permit program in our state. Our state legislature accepted the delegation and assigned the power and duty for conducting NPDES permitting and enforcement to EFSEC. The Legislature defined EFSEC's

Fact Sheet Amendment No. 2 for Permit No. WA0025151

Effective XX/XX/XXXX

Columbia Generating Station

Page 2 of 7

authority and obligations for the wastewater discharge permit program in 90.48 RCW (Revised Code of Washington).

The following regulations apply to industrial NPDES permits:

- EFSEC regulations for NPDES permits (chapter 463-76 WAC)
- Procedures EFSEC follows for issuing NPDES permits (chapter 173-220 WAC)
- Water quality criteria for surface waters (chapter 173-201A WAC)
- Water quality criteria for ground waters (chapter 173-200 WAC)
- Whole effluent toxicity testing and limits (chapter 173-205 WAC)
- Sediment management standards (chapter 173-204 WAC)
- Submission of plans and reports for construction of wastewater facilities (chapter 173-240 WAC)

These rules require any industrial facility owner/operator to obtain an NPDES permit before discharging wastewater to state waters. They also help define the basis for limits on each discharge and for performance requirements imposed by the permit.

Under the NPDES permit program and in response to a complete and accepted permit application, EFSEC must prepare a draft permit and accompanying fact sheet, and make them available for public review before final issuance. EFSEC must also publish an announcement (public notice) telling people where they can read the draft permit, and where to send their comments, during a period of thirty days (WAC 173-220-050). (See **Appendix A - Public Involvement Information** for more detail about the public notice and comment procedures). After the public comment period ends, EFSEC may make changes to the draft NPDES permit in response to comment(s). EFSEC will summarize the responses to comments and any changes to the permit in **Appendix C**.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant	Energy Northwest
Facility Name and Address	Columbia Generating Station P.O. Box 968 (Mail Drop PE03) Richland, WA 99352
Industry Type	Electric Services
Type of Facility	40 CFR Part 423 Steam Electric Power Generating Point Source Category
Type of Treatment	Cooling, disinfection, neutralization (blowdown) Filtration, ion exchange (processed rad wastewater)
Responsible Official	Shannon E. Khounnala

	Energy Northwest Environmental and Regulatory
	Programs Manager
_	P.O. Box 968 (Mail Drop PE03)
	Richland WA 99352-0968

II. BACKGROUND

Energy Northwest operates the Columbia Generating Station (CGS) a 1,170- megawatt boiling water reactor that uses nuclear fission to produce heat. It is owned and operated by Energy Northwest and is located on the U.S. Department of Energy Hanford site in Benton County about 12 miles north of Richland, Washington.

The Columbia Generating Station's (CGS) Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code is 4911, Electric Services. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code is 221113, Nuclear Electric Power Generation. The facility is subject to EPA Categorical Pretreatment Standards 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 423 Steam Electric Power Generating Point Source Category.

Discharge to Outfall 001 include circulating non-contact cooling water blowdown and service water system blowdown. Batch discharge of effluent from the radioactive wastewater treatment system may also be released through this outfall; however, this is an infrequent discharge, last occurring on September 19, 1998.

III. PERMIT MODIFICATION

This permit modification revises S2.A. Monitoring schedule to reflect a non-contact cooling water disinfection process modification at the facility. Additional monitoring is necessary to capture the discharge quality in the new continuous halogenation/dehalogenation process.

No other condition or requirement of the 2014 Permit or the 2016 Permit Modification is hereby affected by this amendment.

IV. DISCUSSION

Energy Northwest proposed a process modification to improve inhibition of biological fouling of the circulating water and plant service water systems at the Columbia Generating Station. These systems provide non-contact cooling water (CW) to condense the steam generated by the CGS nuclear reactor and provide indirect cooling to other plant equipment. The process modification will replace the batch cooling water halogenation process with a continuous halogenation/dehalogenation feed prior to discharge to the Columbia River. EFSEC, after a joint report review by Ecology, approved the engineering report describing the process change on October 19, 2018.

The current batch halogenation using both sodium hypochlorite and sodium bromide requires the blowdown to cease while allowing the halogen residuals to decay. This

Fact Sheet Amendment No. 2 for Permit No. WA0025151

Effective XX/XX/XXXX

Columbia Generating Station

Page 4 of 7

currently occurs approximately two to three times per week. Moving to the continuous halogenation injection process will improve biofouling control effectiveness. Biofouling experienced in the cooling water and plant service water systems includes the presence of an invasive Asiatic clam, various species of algae, and the bacterium *Legionella pneumophila*.

Both sodium hypochlorite and sodium bromide will continue to be used for disinfection of the open cooling water system. Two additional chemical agents, a biodispersant and an antifoaming agent will also be added when sampling indicates that they are necessary. In addition, the facility also proposes to use sodium bisulfite as a continuous dehalogenation agent to neutralize the chlorine and bromine derivatives prior to discharge.

An additional continuous pH analyzer and a new total residual halogen (TRH) analyzer will be installed to monitor the effluent discharge line. This modification changes the pH compliance point. The new pH compliance point will be downstream of the dehalogenation tie-in on the CW blowdown line to Outfall 001. The change in process will not result in revised effluent limits for pH or TRH. These effluent limits will remain 6.5 - 9.0 and <0.1 mg/L, respectively. Rather, the frequency of the TRH monitoring will change to continuous with a requirement to report the maximum daily TRH concentration. In the event of an equipment failure, CGS will resume the batch halogenation process currently described in the discharge permit. Existing acute whole effluent toxicity (WET) limits and chronic WET testing requirements remain in effect.

V. CONCLUSION

Based on the information and documentation presented, EFSEC proposes to modify Columbia Generating Station permit as discussed above.

APPENDIX A - PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

APPENDIX B - YOUR RIGHT TO APPEAL

APPENDIX C - RESPONSE TO COMMENTS

Fact Sheet Amendment No. 2 for Permit No. WA0025151

Effective XX/XX/XXXX

Columbia Generating Station

Page 5 of 7

APPENDIX A - PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT INFORMATION

Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council (EFSEC) proposes to modify the Columbia Generating Station NPDES Permit WA0025151. The permit modifications are described in this fact sheet amendment.

EFSEC will place a Public Notice of Draft on January 18, 2019 in the Tri-City Herald to inform the public and to invite comments on the proposed draft permit and fact sheet amendment. Interested persons are invited to submit written comments regarding the modifications.

The modified permit and related documents can be viewed at the Department of Ecology Water Quality Permitting and Reporting Information System (PARIS) website at https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/paris/PermitLookup.aspx and on the EFSEC's website: http://www.efsec.wa.gov/CGS/Permits.html. The documents are also available at the EFSEC Office for inspection and copying between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., weekdays. To obtain a copy or to arrange to view copies, please contact EFSEC at (360) 664-1345.

Paper documents may be viewed at the EFSEC office:

1300 S. Evergreen Park Dr. SW PO Box 47250 Olympia, WA 98504-7250

The public may comment on the proposed permits from month, day, & year through month, day, & year, at http://www.efsec.wa.gov/CGS/Permits.html or in writing to EFSEC (see address above).

Any interested party may comment on the draft permit within the thirty (30) day comment period to the address above. EFSEC will hold a public hearing (per WAC 173-216-100) on the draft permit on month, day, & year at time at the Place:

Address

Comments should reference specific text followed by proposed modification or concern when possible. Comments may address technical issues, accuracy and completeness of information, the scope of the facility's proposed coverage, adequacy of environmental protection, permit conditions, or any other concern that would result from issuance of this permit.

EFSEC will consider all comments received within thirty (30) days from the date of public notice of draft indicated above, in formulating a final determination to issue, revise, or deny the permit. EFSEC's response to all significant comments is available upon request and will be mailed directly to people expressing an interest in this permit.

Further information may be obtained from EFSEC by telephone at (360) 664-1362 or by writing to the address listed above.

Fact Sheet Amendment No. 2 for Permit No. WA0025151

Effective XX/XX/XXXX

Columbia Generating Station

Page 6 of 7

Appendix B - Your Right to Appeal

You have a right to appeal the modified portions of this permit only. Pursuant to WAC 463-76-063(1), a decision to issue this permit is subject to judicial review pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 34.05 RCW. The Administrative Procedure Act can be found on-line at http://apps.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=34.05

Fact Sheet Amendment No. 2 for Permit No. WA0025151

Effective XX/XX/XXXX

Columbia Generating Station

Page 7 of 7

Appendix C - Response to Comments

[EFSEC will complete this section after the public notice of draft period.]

Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council

Non Direct Cost Allocation for 3rd Quarter FY 2019 January 1, 2019 – March 31, 2019

The EFSEC Cost Allocation Plan (Plan) was approved by the Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council in September 2004. The Plan directed review of the past quarter's percentage of EFSEC technical staff's average FTE's, charged to EFSEC projects. This along with anticipated work for the quarter is used as the basis for determining the non-direct cost percentage charge, for each EFSEC project.

Using the procedures for developing cost allocation, and allowance for new projects, the following percentages shall be used to allocate EFSEC's non direct costs for the 3rd quarter of FY 2019:

Kittitas Valley Wind Power Project	9%
Wild Horse Wind Power Project	9%
Columbia Generating Station	25%
Columbia Solar	13%
WNP-1	4%
Whistling Ridge Energy Project	3%
Grays Harbor 1&2	13%
Chehalis Generation Project	11%
Desert Claim Wind Power Project	10%
Grays Harbor Energy 3&4	3%

Stephen Posner, EFSEC Manager

Data

1/8