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EFSEC 2025 Monthly Meetings

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WASHINGTON STATE ENERGY FACILITY SITE EVALUATION COUNCIL MONTHLY MEETING June 25, 2025 Lacey, Washington Reporter: Christy Sheppard, CCR, RPR

1	APPEARANCES
2	
3	STATE AGENCY MEMBERS:
4	Kurt Beckett, Chair Elizabeth Osborne, Commerce Eli Levitt, Ecology
5	Nate Pamplin, Fish and Wildlife Lenny Young, Natural Resources
6	Stacy Brewster, Utilities & Transportation Commission
7	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND OPTIONAL STATE AGENCIES:
8	Carriger Solar:
9	Matt Chiles, Klickitat County
10	Goldeneyer BESS: Robby Eckroth, Skagit County
11	Robby Benroelly Bhagre country
12	ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL:
13	Jon Thompson Zack Packer
14	Zack Tacket
15	COUNCIL STAFF:
16	Sonia Bumpus Lisa McLean Ami Hafkemeyer Adrienne Barker
17	Amy Moon Trevin Taylor Joan Owens Patty Betts
18	Andrea Grantham Dave Walker
19	Sean Greene Lance Caputo
20	Joanne Snarski Alex Shiley
21	Karl Holappy Maria Belkina
22	
23	
24	
25	

APPEARANCES (Continued)
OPERATIONAL UPDATES:
Jarred Caseday, Kittitas Valley Wind, EDP Renewables
Jennifer Galbraith,
Wild Horse Wind Power Project, Puget Sound Energy
Chris Sherin, Grays Harbor Energy Center, Grays Harbor Energy
Jeremy Smith,
Chehalis Generation Facility, PacifiCorp
Josh LaPorte, Columbia Generating Station & WNP-1/4, Energy
Northwest
Elizabeth Drachenberg, Columbia Solar, Tuusso Energy
Nelson Jia,
Goose Prairie Solar, Brookfield Renewable
John Voltz, Ostrea Solar, Cypress Creek Renewables
oberea borar, eyprebb ereen nenewabreb
COUNSEL FOR THE ENVIRONMENT:
Sarah Reyneveld
Yuriy Korol

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CHAIR BECKETT: Good afternoon. This is Kurt Beckett, Chair of the Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council calling our June 25th meeting to order.

And before we have the roll call I did want to announce for the benefit of the public, or if you have friends that can use this information in case they are not already online EFSEC has launched a new website today and Dave Walker will be giving a briefing on that here at the end of the meeting, lots of good work that you will hear more about.

Most importantly, for today's meeting, you do find the meeting button right on the front page of the website where you can click directly into this meeting. You will also find access to our agenda which has a hyperlink as we have traditionally used. If you have any challenges today or questions about the website you can email the EFSEC staff which is websitehelp@efsec.wa.gov and folks will be monitoring that mailbox if anyone has any access issues for this meeting you are certainly welcome to use those tools.

And I would also just acknowledge that today's launch was originally not at the same time as the EFSEC council meeting. Those have been moved and appreciate the public and our participants in the meeting as well as

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staff accommodating the schedule change and members of
 1
     the Council as well.
 2
 3
         So with that if you could call the roll, please.
 4
                                     Certainly. Department of
                       MS. BARKER:
 5
     Commerce?
 6
                       MS. OSBORNE: Elizabeth Osborne,
 7
     present.
 8
                       MS. BARKER:
                                     Department of Ecology?
 9
                       MR. LEVITT:
                                     Eli Levitt, present.
10
                       MS. BARKER:
                                     Department of Fish and
11
     Wildlife?
12
                       MR. PAMPLIN:
                                      Nate Pamplin, present.
13
                                     Department of Natural
                       MS. BARKER:
14
     Resources?
15
                       MR. YOUNG:
                                    Lenny Young, present.
16
                                     Utilities &
                       MS. BARKER:
17
     Transportation Commission?
18
                                       Stacy Brewster,
                       MS. BREWSTER:
19
     present.
20
                       MS. BARKER:
                                     For Local Government and
21
     Optional State Agencies for the For Hop Hill Project,
22
     Benton County, Paul Krupin?
23
         For the Carriger Solar project, Klickitat County,
24
     Matt Chiles?
25
         For the Wallula Gap project, Benton County, Adam
```

1	Fyall?
2	For the Goldeneye BESS for Skagit County Robby
3	Eckroth?
4	MR. ECKROTH: Robby Eckroth, present.
5	MS. BARKER: Assistant Attorney
6	General, Jon Thompson?
7	MR. THOMPSON: Present.
8	MS. BARKER: Zack Packer?
9	MR. PACKER: Present.
10	MS. BARKER: And Talia Thuet?
11	For EFSEC staff, I will call those anticipated to
12	speak today. Sonia Bumpus?
13	MS. BUMPUS: Present.
14	MS. BARKER: Ami Hafkemeyer?
15	MS. HAFKEMEYER: Present.
16	MS. BARKER: Amy Moon?
17	MS. MOON: Amy Moon, present.
18	MS. BARKER: Sean Greene?
19	MR. GREENE: Sean Greene, present.
20	MS. BARKER: Lance Caputo.
21	MR. CAPUTO: Present.
22	MS. BARKER: Joanne Snarski.
23	MS. SNARSKI: Present.
24	MS. BARKER: Trevin Taylor?
25	MR. TAYLOR: Present.

1	MS. BARKER: Dave Walker?
2	MR. WALKER: Present.
3	MS. BARKER: For Operational Updates,
4	Kittitas Valley Wind project?
5	MR. CASEDAY: Jarred Caseday, present.
6	MS. BARKER: Wild Horse Wind Power
7	project?
8	MS GALBRAITH: Jennifer Galbraith,
9	present.
10	MS. BARKER: Grays Harbor Energy
11	Center?
12	MR. SHERIN: Chris Sherin, present.
13	MS. BARKER: Chehalis Generation
14	Facility?
15	MR. SMITH: Jeremy Smith, present.
16	MS. BARKER: Columbia Generating
17	Station?
18	MR. LAPORTE: Josh LaPorte, present.
19	MS. BARKER: Columbia Solar?
20	MS. DRACHENBERG: Elizabeth
21	Drachenberg, present.
22	MS. BARKER: Goose Prairie Solar?
23	MR. JIA: Nelson Jia, present.
24	MS. BARKER: Ostrea Solar?
25	MR. VOLTZ: Jon Voltz, present.

1 Is there anyone online MS. BARKER: present for the Counsel for the Environment? 2 Yuriy Korol, present, and 3 MR. KOROL: my colleague, Sarah Reyneveld, will be joining in a 4 little bit. 5 Thank you. Chair, there 6 MS. BARKER: 7 is a quorum for all councils. Thank you, Ms. Barker. 8 CHAIR BECKETT: 9 Next item up is the proposed agenda and let me please 10 note at the outset that there's an intent on our other 11 items for the delegation of authority too. Welcome Mr. 12 Chiles. You are right on time. Thanks for being with us 13 here today. 14 So back on the agenda, I wanted to note that the 15 delegation of authority item in the other section, No. 6, 16 intend to have that briefing and counsel questions or 17 discussion today but not intent to act. I wanted to note that for the benefit of the public at the outset. 18 19 And fellow Council, with that I would entertain a 20 motion to approve the proposed agenda. Lenny Young, so moved. 21 MR. YOUNG: 22 CHAIR BECKETT: Is there a second. 23 MR. PAMPLIN: Second. 24 CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you, Councilman 25 Pamplin. All in favor of adopting the agenda as

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1
     proposed, please say aye.
 2
                       MULTIPLE SPEAKERS:
                                            Aye.
 3
                       CHAIR BECKETT: Opposed. Agenda is
 4
     adopted.
 5
         Next step, we have actually two minutes for
     adoption, and any discussions, so we will put each into
 6
     motion and on the table and open up for any discussion.
 7
     So I would entertain a motion for the May 5th Carriger
 8
 9
     Solar special meeting minutes. Is there a motion?
10
                       MR. CHILES:
                                    I so move.
11
                                       Thank you, Mr. Chiles.
                       CHAIR BECKETT:
12
                       MS. OSBORNE: Elizabeth Osborne,
13
     second.
14
                       CHAIR BECKETT:
                                       Thank you.
     discussion or edits to the minutes?
15
16
                       MR. CHILES: I have two small items.
17
                       CHAIR BECKETT:
                                       Please.
18
                       MR. CHILES:
                                    Line No. 7, Page 46, it
19
     should read smoke, not spoke.
20
                                      I apologize.
                                                     This is
                       MS. GRANTHAM:
21
     Andrea Grantham.
                       We are having a little bit of technical
2.2
     difficulties. We are going to switch from Ms. Barker's
23
     laptop to my laptop really quick so there's going to be a
24
     quick switch online so give us like two minutes and I
25
     should be able to get this --
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1	CHAIR BECKETT: Okay. We will pause
2	for the benefit of the public.
3	MS. GRANTHAM: Thank you.
4	(Pause in the proceedings.)
5	CHAIR BECKETT: Of course. We have a
6	adoption of the minutes on the table and Councilman
7	Chiles had two changes to the Carriger Solar minutes.
8	MR. CHILES: I am going to withdraw my
9	changes because I cannot find them in the document after
10	all. My notes are in error.
11	CHAIR BECKETT: Okay. I'm sure if
12	there's other clarifications needed we can capture that.
13	Okay. Are there other discussion or comments to the
14	Carriger Solar meeting minutes?
15	Okay. Hearing none, all in favor please say aye?
16	MULTIPLE SPEAKERS: Aye.
17	CHAIR BECKETT: Opposed. Okay. The
18	minutes are adopted.
19	The next item up, May 21st, 2025 monthly meeting
20	minutes from our regular council meeting. Do I have a
21	motion to adopt the minutes?
22	MR. PAMPLIN: I move that we approve
23	the May 21st, 2025 monthly meeting minutes.
24	CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you. Is there a
25	second?

1 MR. YOUNG: Lenny Young, second. CHAIR BECKETT: Any discussion or 2 3 changes to the monthly regular meeting on the 21st of 4 May? Okay. Hearing none, all in favor say aye? 5 MULTIPLE SPEAKERS: Aye. 6 CHAIR BECKETT: Opposed? Minutes are adopted. Next up we have our project updates and we will 7 move to Kittitas Valley Wind project, Mr. Caseday. 8 9 MR. CASEDAY: Good afternoon, Chair 10 Beckett, EFSEC Council and staff. This is Jarred Caseday 11 of the EDP Renewables for the Kittitas Valley Wind power 12 project and we had nothing nonroutine to report for the 13 period. 14 CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you, Mr. 15 Caseday. Next up, Wild Horse Wind Power project, Jennifer Galbraith. 16 17 MS. GALBRAITH: Can you hear me? 18 CHAIR BECKETT: We can. 19 MS. GALBRAITH: Okay. Great. Thank 20 you Chair Beckett, EFSEC Council and staff, this is 21 Jennifer Galbraith with Puget Sound Energy representing 22 the Wild Horse Wind facility, and I have nothing 23 nonroutine to report for the month of May. 24 CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you. Next up, 25 Chehalis Generation Facility.

1	MR. SMITH: Good afternoon, Chair
2	Beckett, Council members and EFSEC staff, this is Jeremy
3	Smith, the operations manager representing the Chehalis
4	Generation Facility. There are no nonroutine items to
5	report for this period.
6	CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you. Next up
7	Grays Harbor Energy Center.
8	MS. SHERIN: Good afternoon, Chair
9	Beckett, Council members and staff, Grays Harbor Energy
10	also has nothing nonroutine to report for the month of
11	May.
12	CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you very much.
13	Next up, Columbia Solar, Ms. Drachenberg.
14	MS. DRACHENBERG: Good afternoon,
15	Chair, Council and staff, this is Elizabeth Drachenberg
16	with Columbia Solar, and no nonroutine updates to report.
17	CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you. Next up
18	Columbia Generating Station and WNP-1/4, Josh LaPorte.
19	MR. LAPORTE: Good afternoon, Chair
20	Beckett, EFSEC Council and staff, this is Josh LaPorte,
21	representing Columbia Generating Station and Washington
22	Nuclear Projects 1/4. The facility update is included in
23	your packet for both sites. There's no nonroutine
24	updates to report for the month of May.
25	I would just point out that I think that the

facility updates on the screen are actually for the month of April. However, I will also just bring up for the Council's awareness the Columbia Generating Station was recently brought back online from our refueling outage 27, and during system checks a vibration in the turbine was observed that require the plant be taken back offline to address that issue safely. This is a planned maintenance procedure and similar to those performed in December 2021. That's all I have for Columbia Generating Station and WNP 1/4.

CHAIR BECKETT: Appreciate the update as well as certainly the extra wave of activity that goes with Energy Northwest, so congratulations on that process.

Next up Goose Prairie Solar, Nelson Jia.

MR. JIA: Good afternoon everybody.

For the month of April we had about 19 -- almost 2001 hours generation. We did some fan power supply replacements that occurred on the inverter units that ultimately failed. Many inverter units continue to experience similar faults or errors, so we are continuing to work with Sun Grow to kind of fix those issues.

Otherwise, no other major comments from an environmental or safety compliance perspective.

CHAIR BECKETT: Very well. Thank you.

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Next up Ostrea Solar, Jon Voltz.

MR. VOLTZ: Good afternoon, this is Jon Voltz with Cypress Creek Renewables representing Ostrea Solar. I would also like to comment that I believe these updates are from the previous month representing the period for April. I had the report for May identified or pulled up on my end and can provide those updates. We are continuing a construction road. Construction is 95 percent complete. Inverter and array pile installation is ongoing throughout the facility. Racking installation has begun. Fencing is up 90 percent of the east portion, about 40 percent in the west. AC cable installs looking at about 80 percent complete. Substation construction is underway. Foundations are being poured, and we have started to receive modules that are being prepped for installation.

There was one incident that occurred in the month of May on the 27th. There was a diesel fuel spill that was caused due to incorrect process being followed during fueling the tank of an employee vehicle that we have remediated the incident. The cleanup has been performed. We are waiting to receive the final report from Patriot. That has been mitigated. Those are all the updates for Ostrea Solar for the period of May.

CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you very much.

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Both projects have highlighted the April versus later update. I believe I read a correct version this morning but if we could make sure the website record has the current report it would be great.

Next up we have Carriger Solar and Joanne Snarski and Sean Greene will be presenting.

MS. SNARSKI: Thank you, Chair
Beckett, staff and Council members. My name is Joanne
Snarski, the siting specialist for EFSEC. And I will be
giving the presentation today alongside Sean Greene, our
state environmental ecology specialist assigned to
Carriger.

The purpose of this presentation is to describe to Council the developments that went into the draft Site Certification Agreement or SCA. As a result of discussions with the Yakama Nation, explained the development of the revised mitigated determination of nonsignificance, or RMDNS. Summarized, the comments received during these public comment campaigns for these documents, and finally to explain the minor changes that staff plan on including in the final versions of these documents as a result of comments.

As a brief recap of the project, Carriger Solar is a proposed 160 megawatt solar only generation facility with the 63 megawatt battery energy storage system, that is to

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be located on 2,108 acres of privately owned land approximately two miles west and northwest of the city of Goldendale in unincorporated Klickitat County.

The project itself will occupy no more than 1,326 acres that would contain all the project components.

Since the last council meeting several important events have occurred in relation to the certification process for the Carriger project. First, the EFSEC Chair had a confidential meeting with the Yakama Nation Tribal Council on June 4th. This meeting provided the Yakama Nation an opportunity to directly discuss concerns related to environmental and cultural impacts that would result from the development of the Carriger project in a venue where sensitive tribal information could be discussed without risk of public disclosure.

Chair Beckett prepared a confidential memo covering the topics discussed and how EFSEC had responded. This memo has been provided to all the Council members. At the previous council meeting on May 21st, 2025 staff were directed to develop a draft recommendation for approval of the Carriger project that could be sent to the Governor for consideration.

That direction required us to include all mitigation that was proposed in the MDNS and the then projected RMDNS and any mitigation that may arise from the June 4th

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meeting with the Yakama Nation Tribal Council.

Following the EFSEC Council meeting staff began to draft the site certification agreement and a report to the Governor that goes along with the draft SCA. The report describes important details of the application process and how the Council has come to request approval of the project.

The draft SCA was also refined to address several of the Yakama Nation's concerns following the June 4th meeting. Both the draft SCA and the draft recommendation report were published for public comment on June 12th. Additionally, the revised mitigated determination of significance reflecting the edits covered in the last council meeting along with a few others that will be covered later in this presentation was published for public comment on June 16th.

I am going to pass it over to Sean to give you more detail.

MR. GREENE: Thank you. EFSEC staff determined that many of the concerns raised by the Yakama Nation Tribal Council at the June 4th meeting were addressed in the RMDNS, or the draft site certification agreement. There were, however, two specific concerns as staff subsequently addressed by adding measures to the draft SCA prior to its publication.

The first was a request by the Yakama Nation Tribal Council that they be provided the opportunity to review the site restoration plan for the project prior to its implementation to ensure that any impacted resources of tribal concern would be effectively addressed and restored. Staff added language to the SCA committing EFSEC to coordinating with the Yakama Nation on both the initial site restoration, which would be produced prior to start of construction, and the detailed site restoration plan, which will be produced prior to the start of decommissioning.

The second issue staff addressed following the meeting was a request by the Yakama Nation Tribal Council that the project may result in the loss of existing legal land access by tribal members. In Washington, tribes have reserve treaty rights, including access rights on many public lands and can also develop access agreements with private landowners.

While this project is exclusively located on privately owned land with no existing tribal access agreement, EFSEC has included language within the draft SCA that would require the applicant to ensure tribal access to public lands be retained throughout construction. While no loss of legal land access to tribal members as a result of this project is

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anticipated, this condition would prevent any such scenario from occurring unexpectedly. All of this language was included in the version of the draft SCA that was published for public comments.

The revised mitigated determination of nonsignificance published on June 16th included five changes from the original MDNS. The first of these changes was one that we covered in the last council meeting regarding the battery chemistry used for the project BESS.

This mitigation language requires that the applicant assess all viably commercially available battery chemistry available for BESSs when the project BESS is proposed for replacement and submit their comparative report and recommendation to EFSEC for approval.

Staff determined that this was the most effective mitigation available to address the concerns associated with adverse environmental public health impacts (inaudible) given the alternative that the chemistry technologies are not sufficient at the time.

The second revision between the MDNS and the RMDNS focused on the mitigation associated with laydown yard setbacks. In the MDNS NSRs or noise sensitive receptor sites, were provided with a 2500 foot setback from all laydown yards, which are temporary yards holding

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construction equipment during the construction phase of the project.

The applicant provided figures to EFSEC showing that due to the dispersed nature of the project such mitigation measure would prohibit the siting of a laydown yard in the majority of the lease boundary and challenge the feasibility of construction of the project.

Washington Administrative Code or WAC 197-11-66E(1)(c) states that when developing mitigation under SEPA substantial authority mitigation shall be, quote, reasonable and capable of being accomplished. EFSEC staff determined that the implementation of this measure as written did not meet either of those requirements.

In contrast to other projects that EFSEC has reviewed for one or two large laydown yards of the type that have been proposed that would be in operation throughout the entire construction phase, the Carriger project proposed a single primary laydown yard and several smaller ancillary laydown yards that would each contain a small portion of the project's construction material and will only be in use for a portion of construction days.

Staff developed additions to the mitigation measure that will provide nonparticipating noise sensitive

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receptor sites with a 1200 foot setback for primary laydown yards, which is consistent with the setbacks that EFSEC has previously imposed on projects similar in scale and type as the Carriger project.

Ancillary laydown yards, meaning those that contain less than 20 percent of the project's equipment and materials would be set back by 800 feet in recognition that they will have less activity over a shorter period of time when compared to primary laydown yards.

The third revision is another one that we covered in the last council meeting, though the language has changed some between then and the publication of the RMDNS. To address concerns that have been raised to the visual aesthetic impacts from the project would use the northern boundary of the adjacent DNR-owned parcel. Mitigation has been developed requiring the installation of natural screening infrastructure along the half mile shared border.

In the previous council meeting, we had presented this measure after requiring intermittent earthen berms along this boundary. In further discussions with the applicant and Washington Department of Fish & Wildlife, staff determined that a combination of natural screening measures, such as earthen berms, rock piles, and native vegetation will be more cost effective, less impactful to

other resources, such as wildlife and water runoff and will be more effective at blending the screening into the existing view shed. The final design of this natural screening structure will be submitted to EFSEC for approval prior to the start of construction.

The fourth revision is primarily administrative, and reflects draft language that was inadvertently left in the published version of the MDNS. The portion of this mitigation measure that was removed in the RMDNS was determined by staff prior to the publication of the MDNS as leaving the measure too open ended and making it impractical and unenforceable.

The final revision is another one that we discussed at the last council meeting. This measure is new for the RMDNS and will require the installation of the 10,000 gallon water cistern to assist in potential fire suppression. Following the Chair's meeting with the Yakama Nation, this measure was further developed prior to its publication to address concerns raised by the Yakama Nation that the cistern would serve as a source -- could serve as a source of contamination from nearby ground and water resources if the cistern were to experience algal growth and/or be improperly maintained.

In response to those concerns, staff added language requiring that the cistern be opaque and enclosed to

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avoid the potential for algal growth and be kept maintained in good working order.

The RMDNS was published for public comments and a total of 16 comments were received, one from the Yakama Nation, one from the applicant, and 14 from members of the public. Six of these comments were statements of general opposition for the project, one was a statement of general support for the project, and the remaining nine were substantive comments addressing impact and mitigation described in the RMDNS.

These substantive comments generally expressed concerns about the RMDNS mitigations for a variety of environmental resource impacts (inaudible) fire hazard, visual aesthetics, and loss of farm land being the most common resource areas mentioned.

Staff received one comment from the applicant regarding minor clarification edit for a mitigation measure that staff proposed to include in the final version of the RMDNS.

The applicant comment came in regards to the natural screening mitigation that had been added to the original RMDNS. The original version of this mitigation had required intermittent earthen berms, and the final version concedes that the proposed variety of natural screening implements along the 25 mile buffer boundary

between the project and the northern border of the DNR parcel. The applicant requested that the word periodic be added to this mitigation measure to clarify that the structure will be visual screening not a full visual barrier so as to better blend in.

As this changes in keeping with how this mitigation was envisioned and appropriately reflected the intended application, that change was incorporated in the final version of this text.

Staff also published the draft SCA and recommendation report for public comment with a total of seven comments received. One comment was received from the Yakama Nation, one received from the applicant, and the remaining five originated from the public. Of these seven comments, two were general statements in opposition to the project, and the remaining five were substantive in addressing the document in question.

After reviewing all of the comments, staff determined that no substantial edits were needed to either the SCA or the recommendation report to address the comments received, apart from minor grammatical edits and typo corrections.

While the visual screening mitigation comments is the only to which staff proposed revision there were several other substantive comments received that staff

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believe should be shared with the Council to verify why staff did not proposed revisions.

The first of these is a comment received from the Yakama Nation. That is summarizes here as the (inaudible) of content of the town of Puyallup and Council should have the aforementioned full letter in their packets to see the comments in their entirety.

In essence, however, the Yakama Nation argues that EFSEC's environmental analysis of water resource impact from water use is incomplete and cannot be complete until the applicant has an effective contract with the specific purveyor.

EFSEC generally requires that a project legally secure sufficient water for project needs prior to start of construction, not as a condition for initial project approval. Water leases are typically turn based and requiring an applicant to secure a water lease months or years prior to its anticipated use is seen as impractical. The applicant has stated that sufficient water to supply the project has been identified from local vendors, and confirmed that they plan on purchasing the water for the project from one of these providers.

As these vendors have existing executed water rights and the project will not involve and withdrawal, diversion, or retention of water, there is no anticipated

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increase to the total of consumptive water be used within the regional aquifer.

The draft SCA does require that the applicant secure legal water use prior to start of construction and prior to any use during operations. If the project is, for whatever reason, unable to secure legal water use they would not be allowed to start construction and would be out of compliance with the SCA and would be subject to additional mitigation.

For these reasons, staff have determined that the environmental analysis of water resource impacts with the RMDNS is complete.

The second substantive comment we are discussing also came from the Yakama Nation. In summation, the Yakama Nation argued that EFSEC's TCP mitigation, that is traditional cultural property, is insufficient to address significant impacts, that EFSEC's determination is based on personal opinion rather than the Yakama Nation's professional finding, and that some of the TCP mitigation was prepared without the Yakama Nation's input.

As to the statement that EFSEC substituted the personal opinions of its staff in place of the professional findings of the Yakama Nation in determining the effectiveness of the proposed mitigation, this is fundamentally incorrect.

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EFSEC used the Bureau of Land Management's visual contrast rating process, which is one of the most conventional, widely used systems for assessing visual impact to make its determination of both impact rating and mitigation effectiveness.

Staff also worked with technical experts in this field through all phases of our environmental analysis. As we developed and refined the mitigation, the applicant provided multiple series of digital visual stimulations at EFSEC's direction showing how the project would look when viewed from multiple key observation points at a variety of setback and configurations.

With all of that said, visual impact determinations are necessarily qualitative in nature, meaning there is no numerical way to fully capture the analysis. This, as a result, makes the project inherently subjective at its core, meaning that some elements of personal opinion for any person making the determination is unavoidable.

EFSEC may use some of the most widely visual mitigation practices when developing the measures used within the RMDNS and draft SCA, including methods such as setback and additional screening.

Some of these measures, in fact, were, in fact, developed without input from the Yakama Nation. While many of these measures were developed in concert with the

Yakama Nations's input, some were developed independently by EFSEC in a meeting in February of this year, EFSEC staff met with the Yakama Nation staff to discuss potential mitigation strategies for TCPs on this project. In that meeting, the Yakama Nation staff indicated that their perspective was that the mitigation strategy proposed by them in their TCP survey summary provided in December of 2024 was the minimum amount of mitigation necessary to mitigate for TCP impacts.

As EFSEC was unable to impose some of the measures proposed by the Yakama Nation EFSEC staff proposed alternative mitigation strategies for which the Yakama Nation staff indicated any strategy that did not incorporate all their recommendations would be insufficient for TCP impacts.

EFSEC staff maintains their determination that the mitigation and absolute commitment that have been included in the RMDNS and draft SCA are sufficient to reduce TCP impacts to a level below significant as defined by SEPA.

The final substantial comment received during the comment period comes from the applicant and addresses the section of the draft SCA dealing with financial assurances for eventual site restoration.

One of EFSEC's requirements is that an applicant

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secure enough funds to fully cover the cost associated with project decommissioning and site restoration, and maintain these funds in a bond letter of credit or other mechanism throughout the life of the project.

The applicant notes that the financial assurance language in the draft SCA does not provide an allowance to credit the salvage value of project components in determining the size of the financial assurance and requested that this value be incorporated.

The language excluding salvage credit from financial assurance in the draft SCA was, however, intentional. Despite conditional language like that proposed by the applicant there is still legal risk that another party with standing could claim the salvage credit funds which would be an effective barrier in any unfulfilled costs for decommissioning.

Additionally, there is risk that reduced financial assurance funds would be insufficient to cover the cost of EFSEC procuring a contractor to complete the decommission.

EFSEC has no authority to invoice these costs to other facilities under the Revised Code of Washing, RCW 80.50.071. As a result, EFSEC intends to follow EPA guidance in not allowing for the reduction of financial assurance to account for salvage credit.

That concludes our presentation. Joanne and I are available to answer any questions that the Council members may have as far as the RMDNS and draft SCA for the Carriger project in general. This is also the period where the Council may deliberate or propose Council actions. And I would also like to acknowledge that staff has received comments from council members this week prior to this meeting about Carriger. Staff believes that the concerns raised in these comments are addressed in the application materials, RMDNS or draft SCA, or will be addressed by plans that are in development and will be complete prior to start of construction. Thank you.

much. So noted. Let me check with the Council as well. Let's take questions and discussion from the Council on the presentation and any specific questions you may have as to changes that have been made or any other underlying questions, and then we would move to the consideration of action on recommendation to the Governor and which we will put that on the table and we can have further discussion.

And also let me -- Sean was just noting, Council
Chiles, thank you for your dedication to feedback
throughout this project, including this week, so that's
drive here
accompanied by a dry tear so thank you. So we have

endeavored to address those through the presentation and want to acknowledge your direct input and importance of having a county representative for the project.

With that, I would entertain questions from any Council.

MR. CHILES: Yeah, I do have a couple questions. First off, is a question on water for the maintenance facility at the site. It's my understanding that state health department laws prohibit trucked in water for a longterm permanent basis. In my experience and personal experience in working with them they require a permanent onsite source for a facility, so it seems to me that they need to be required to drill a well or something like that. Have you guys checked into that at all?

MS. SNARSKI: I haven't personally been able to identify that specific law or rule that you are referring to there, but in the application they did indicate that that was the water sources that were available to them, meaning they were exploring the opportunity for existing water rights is what they originally wanted to do, or review the availability of municipal or other opportunities for water and they did indicate that that is what they were going to be using and that's what we determined to be sufficient for the

project.

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MS. BUMPUS: Councilman Chiles, question just for clarification. Is this a rule that applies to potable water for drinking water for onsite employees?

MR. CHILES: From my understanding, it's any time that water needs to be used for a public service, which would include onsite employees for potable water. For an example, a small garage in the middle of nowhere that might service automobiles needs to have a class B water system, which is a level of water system just for its own employees and any guests that might come. They are not allowed to truck in water. You can truck in water on an emergency basis if your regular system is down due to whatever issue then obviously trucked in water is allowable, but as a permanent longterm plan, from my understanding and working with the state health department agencies, it's not allowed.

MS. BUMPUS: I believe we received comments similar to this on another solar project, and I think that we had responded that there are no -- there are no onsite employees. I think they had to deal with potable water availability and it might have been in that case a local government requirement. I forget, but there are no onsite employees for this facility. So I think in

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that case I think at any rate that was not applicable to that project and so I think that would be the case here.

MS. HAFKEMEYER: If I could add one of the additional requirements, so the requirement that Mr. Greene spoke to earlier was the requirement for water availability prior to the start of construction. is another requirement in Article 7G that speaks about confirming water availability for operational use, like potable water for site operations for staff, confirming that's available prior to being allowed to start operations for some of the solar facilities that have (inaudible) areas. There have been instances of new connections to potable water sources also, and I think this is in some way distinct, although, I hope you will forgive me for not knowing the exact language but like water supply service is not the same as trucking in water, but the water coolers and stuff like that, things like that are available are permissible for potable onsite water for the these intermittent staff sites and that's what some facilities have done as well.

MR. CHILES: Follow up on my question, should it be determined during their search for water that a well is necessary, is that going to require a whole lot of extra hoops from EFSEC's perspective?

MS. HAFKEMEYER: If they are proposing

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a new water right, additional analysis of that would be required.

MR. CHILES: My next concern, and it didn't really address anywhere that I have seen, and this is my biggest concern over the whole project is emergency response and firefighting, especially in the event of a BESS fire. County emergency services has stated to me repeatedly that they do not have the manpower, they do not have the funding, they do not have the equipment, they do not have the know how to even begin to fight a BESS fire. They are concerned that would there be a BESS fire they would have a hard time even finding volunteers to be willing to go and attack it without the skills and know how in the situation.

How -- is the applicant proposing anything at all to help with this situation because should there be a disaster the county is really unprepared to address it.

It's beyond the scope of anything in the county.

MR. GREENE: I can say that the BESS, the applicant has committed the providing the BESS with a fire containment system the meets all existing regulations and best response practices from the organization the National Fire Safety Organization.

The SCA also requires the applicant prepare a fire response and emergency management plan in concert and

cooperation with the county and the local fire protection district that will include training for their staff on how to respond to a BESS fire, and as I understand best current practice is to simply let the fire burn itself out as it keeps -- the heat of the fire denatures some of the more toxic chemicals that could otherwise spread in the air.

That plan will be required to be revisited on an annual basis. The applicant has already begun the process of working with the fire chief and local fire protection district on things like access to project, it will be provided with user codes to unlock the padlock gates on the perimeter fencing, and ensuring that there is sufficient spacing between panels to allow their emergency equipment to pass through, and planning for contact procedures ins the event of a fire to ensure that the applicant will have the facility monitored on a 24/7 basis so they would be able to respond immediately if there is a fire reported by the fire protection district or by the monitoring equipment.

Additionally, there is a 10,000 gallon cistern that is being imposed. While that won't be necessarily useful for putting out a BESS fire because like I say the current best practice is to let it burn itself out, that water can be used for smoke containment, which results in

misting the air around the BESS fire making the smoke molecules and water molecules don't spread as far. Those are the primary mitigation measures proposed in the SCA for the applicant to address the environmental hazards or public safety hazards associated with a BESS fire.

MR. CHILES: Thank you, Mr. Greene.

Also related to the fire, the issue isn't just fire.

It's also disaster communication. If there's a need to evacuate residents downwind in the event of a BESS fire or to notify those residents the county doesn't have the equipment or the ability to do that. Is the applicant suggesting any help in that department?

MR. GREENE: I don't know that anything is currently proposed in regards to notifying procedures, but those two plans that I mentioned before, the fire response and the emergency plan are both subject to EFSEC approval prior to their implementation and they are required prior to the start of construction. The primary purpose of those plans is to lay out a plan of action for all involved parties in the event of a fire. Obviously, one of those is coordinating responses and people getting information, so we will make sure that the notification be incorporated into the those and be sufficient to address those concerns.

MR. CHILES: One other fire-related

concern. Thank you, Mr. Greene. In the event of a fire, if the panels can be moved to as close to vertical as possible as quickly as possible, is that being planned as part of the potential emergency plan because the quicker they can get to that position the easier it is to not only fight the fire on the ground but fight the fire from the air. In our environment, air fighting is, especially if a fire grows very large, the number one way to quickly stop the fire.

MR. GREENE: The panels can't be made vertical so they are 90 degrees from the ground because they do pivot on the top, and I think they can go more like 78 degrees to vertical. And because the facility will be monitored 24/7 the applicant should be able to raise the panels to the maximum vertical height instantaneously or as soon as they are made aware of the issue.

MR. CHILES: Thank you.

CHAIR BECKETT: All right.

MR. CHILES: I see also that -- I like the idea that at the end of like the BESS facility they are going to look at the best stuff to replace this with. In the recommendations in the packet, it was listed as the current recommendation is most environmentally friendly. I would like to request that we look at that

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not being the most environmentally friendly, but the safest and least prone to thermal runaway which at the same time is going to end up being the most likely environmentally friendly, but thermal runaway is the biggest concern. Frankly, the whole BESS thing is what scared people the most, and there's been way too many stories of good bulletproof systems going up in flames. I note that the chemistry being used, the lithium ion, which is one of safest chemistries, but that doesn't seem to stop them from going up in flames.

I have done a little research with people in the know, and it seems that a lithium ion or lithium titanium titanate is better, but simply not quite commercially scalable level there or seem to be. I'm not sure how much is involved, bat obviously it seems that the lithium ion titanate is better. None of them have burned up. And looking 15, 20 years into the future to replace it, I assume it's going to be upgraded, and 20 years between now and then that is the scary part. I certainly wouldn't want to live anywhere downwind of that, certainly not within three to five miles downwind. The winds change and that's a 360 degree radius that is potentially endangered. I'm not personally in that zone, but I certainly wouldn't want it to be that close to me and I don't think anyone else would want it that close to

them. That's what makes us really worried, especially about the BESS.

MR. GREENE: I would say the chemistry they are using for the current BESS is the lithium ion phosphate, which is considered one of the safer, more secure chemistries even as to the lithium ion grouping.

As to the language, the current language that's environmentally, I think call for that and make sure that is required, that the chemistry should be environmentally safety in that version, or in the replacement BESS.

MR. CHILES: Thank you.

CHAIR BECKETT: Anything further, Mr.

Chiles?

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MR. CHILES: The screening measures along the DNR boundary, I just wanted to clarify on those it's listed as periodic. To me that is a very open ended word. Does that mean there's going to be a pile of rocks every five hundred feet, or does periodic mean that 30 percent or 50 percent of the view shed is screened in sections? What is the intent there, and does that properly conveyed to the applicant?

MR. GREENE: So the desire to add the word periodic is to reflect that this is not intended to be a visual barrier. It's not meant to be a hundred percent you cannot see the project from anywhere within

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the DNR boundary. The final design of the visual screening will be subject to EFSEC approval. EFSEC's intent for the mitigation is to reduce visual impacts of the project within the normal boundary of the DNR parcel to less significant so that will be the standard to which the applicant will be held and they have been made aware of that. As to specific like percentage of how much of this blocks that's going to be part of the discussion as we develop the design for this, and it will be dependent on what type of visual screening is used and in what combination. We will be in consultation with the WDFW as well to make sure that the final design does not negatively impact other resources like the wildlife and water. MR. CHILES: Thank you. I will give someone else a chance. CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you, Mr. Chiles. Other Council members comments or questions for the briefing that is currently before us? Okay. I don't see any currently. Do you have others? I wanted to talk about MR. CHILES: light pollution. The Goldendale area is striving to be a dark sky community. We lost our status of that about

five years ago and we are trying to get it back, so as

part of that I would like to see a specific

recommendation in VI-1 and note that we are seeking international dark sky status and that all lighting must strictly comply with shielding requirements, and if you can see lights not only be avoided but just not be used, can you strengthen that language?

A big problem for dark sky is reflecting stuff off of parking lots and things like that. I don't think there's going to be a lot of paved parking areas and cement, white cement reflects very well so that's probably not going to be a huge issue, but if we keep the light low intensity instead of higher intensity that will also keep them from reflecting and shielded so you can't see them from the side or top, and like the light is coming out from the bottom of the unit.

MR. GREENE: Yeah, we can check the language, but I'm pretty sure that the light is the lights be downward facing. The only cement that will be used above ground in the project is the base of the BESS. The parking areas and roads will be gravel.

MR. CHILES: They will need a handicap parking area at the maintenance facility but that would be one spot.

MS. HAFKEMEYER: If I may, Councilman Chiles, the language in the current SCA does mention minimizing -- (inaudible) the secure requirements and

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that the lights would avoid high intensity lights and would be downward directed lighting in the language.

MR. CHILES: Thank you, Ms.

Hafkemeyer. I was concerned about just avoiding
(inaudible.)

The other thing that I wanted to talk about was noise from the BESS units. And I see that the BESS noise levels are required to meet Washington state standards, which is good, but those standards, I believe, are probably designed for urban areas. Rural areas are much quieter, and anything above 40 decibels is audible in a rural area. I would like to see it strengthened so that the noise is below 40 decibels at any adjacent residents that are not part of the application. 40 decibels seems very quiet, if you go out at night 40 decibels is the level of crickets. When there's no freeway and background noise, 40 decibels is pretty loud. And so it seems excessive, but for the rural quality of life it's important that we limit those as well as possible. decibels from the units which are already spaced quite a distance from the residences should be an achievable and realistic goal. If the fans can't do that, they are too loud.

One other thing I want to mention although I don't think it's -- there's anything that can be done about it

at this point is --1 2 MR. PAMPLIN: Did we get a response on 3 the --4 MR. GREENE: I haven't looked at the 5 noise studies by the applicant, so I don't know -- I don't know how far off it may be from that, but that's 6 something we can look into whether that guideline is 7 already being met or whether it can be done. 8 9 MS. BUMPUS: I will also add that with 10 the environmental review that was done we do look at 11 local standards, whatever the local requirements are for 12 addressing noise limits. EFSEC also looks at WAC 173-60 13 which lays out maximum permissible environmental noise 14 levels, and those are between 55 and 60 decibels. 15 this is -- I know we don't have this information right in 16 front of us to answer the question now, but these would 17 have certainly been the bar we would have started with, which isn't very far from the 40 which -- where did the 18 19 40 come from? 20 The 40 comes from MR. CHILES: 21 actually standing outside the BESS at night. 22 Are there standards that MS. BUMPUS: 23 we can look at? 24 MR. CHILES: I don't know of written 25 standards, and I think they might be stated being 55 to

60 decibel level. The difference is, you know, if your neighbors have a party and you can hear it at night, that's fine, but it's not every single night all year round, and that's where the different comes in.

If you are living in an urban area like this and you go outside at night, the background noise of the highway is probably 50 to 60 decibels anywhere, even right outside the building here. However, in a rural area we don't have those background noises. When we have a background noise it makes a big difference in the quality of life.

Now if the noise is to 60 decibels at the unit, that's probably going to meet the standard at houses farther away because it's setback, and I can't remember the exact setback of the BESS from the nearest house, but if it doesn't meet it then I think the units are too loud. We shouldn't be able to hear them.

CHAIR BECKETT: We appreciate that and good point. We can share that input for sure.

Obviously, if it's a standard from the Washington standard that's certainly probably going to create a certain constraint for EFSEC, but I think it's one that's generally worthy of highlights because BESS units move in different places and it's something that EFSEC should be prepared to help elevate to the appropriate authority and

give us a broader issue, given we know that the BESS units have been located with kind of noise in mind in terms of their location and safety reasons to staff. I guess I would encourage if there's any additional discussion with the applicant on how best to achieve what they already intend to achieve but further confirm that for the community.

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The other thing in MR. CHILES: particular I wanted to mention IS in the county as we have been -- again, it's probably not applicable to this project, but I would like to bring it forward into the record going forward, as we are working on our new solar and BESS ordinance in the county, one of the things that we have discovered is that agrivoltaics works, and it is a shame this project is not including agrivoltaics, which is mixed agriculture with solar. Really, the only thing that needs to happen to make it happen is the panels need the be raised up a little so that either field operations or animals can go underneath. When you take land, farm land out of production for solar we are not looking to our future. I think solar is an important part of the future of this state, but we have to keep as much agricultural land in production as possible as we move forward in solar. And it would certainly be my hope that

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agrivoltaics is an integral part of all solar projects moving forward. We plan on it being an integral part of all solar projects, at least in Klickitat County moving forward. The fact that the Carriger project is not going to have any agrivoltaics involved in it as far as I can see, is going to really hinder the acceptance of solar in places like Klickitat County because even though the setbacks are good, and setbacks are doing a pretty good job with wildlife passages, the fact that it takes land out of production that could be also coexisting with agriculture is -- people are going to look at that and say that is (inaudible). And I believe that solar should be a part of agriculture. It can be something that can add income to struggling farms and ranches, and at the same time the needs of electricity, and it can complement and coexist. And I'm sad to see that this project was not proposed with that in mind at the beginning and unless they have a big change of heart in the next few months, it seems unlikely that it's going to turn out that way, but I would encourage any solar project to move that way.

Also, as part of our new solar and BESS ordinance in the county, we are, are as a way to incentivize agrivoltaics if your solar product does not involve agrivoltaics then the actual solar panels fenced off area

for your project and impervious surfaces cannot be more than 20 percent of the project. I haven't run the figures exactly but the Carriger project is about 50 percent of the area.

Now we would allow 60 percent fenced off for solar if they also had agrivoltaics and there (inaudible) in the works. These things can be incentivized so that we -- solar can be a big plus instead of a little plus. Again, solar is needed, but agriculture is also needed, and in doing solar without agriculture is unfortunately a very shortsighted view of the future.

That is my spiel on agrivoltaics. And I think I have -- the only last beef that I really need to bring up is as we have seen, this project has been vehemently opposed by a lot of local people in the county. I know there's people in the county who are in favor of solar or at least a land owner's right to put solar on their place, but a lot a lot a lot of people in the county have felt very runover by this process.

I am going to say that I really appreciate the setbacks and the work that you guys have done to try to minimize things, but the voice of the people is also important and no one has taken a poll, but it's running really, really, really against solar in our area and probably in a lot of other rural areas like us too. And

I'm not sure how to change that. I think instead of having a solar farm, which doesn't have any farm in it, we need to put some farm in it and that's going to help in the future. If we don't change this perspective and somehow -- somehow resell solar, it's going to lose us in the whole state and even the whole country is going to be bad off for it. I think solar is a necessary part of our future, but if we can't get the support of the people it's not going to happen.

The people, including Klickitat County, have spoken so far and unfortunately pretty much against solar, but I need to listen to their voice. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. That's all I have for now.

CHAIR BECKETT: Okay. If something else comes to mind, please just speak up. Broad comments first, if I may.

MS. HAFKEMEYER: I just wanted to circle back if I may to Councilman Chiles' comment about the noise. I just pulled up the acoustic modeling and the modeling for both participating ordinances that most readings looks like they would be in the 30s, there's some in the 40s, but the range is from 20 to 50 but the vast majority is in the 30s and 40s. I just want to let you know that information. In.

CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you, very much.

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And thank you again for your diligence in this. while we -- EFSEC is not here to sell solar by any means, but respond to the applications that come before us. Ι would quickly note in deference to other Council, I certainly believe one of the best answers is what are the local pathways? What are the other local options other than EFSEC and the Department of Ecology, because those are the three choices in Washington. So if there's other followup when we are allowed to appropriately have those conversation and happy to make sure and dig in on that I certainly agree on agrivoltaics as well, but I topic. do want to acknowledge it is an important element. And my understanding that in Klickitat County there is certainly existing a solar project that has subsequently (inaudible). Certainly welcome the evolution of the project continues to live in the community, and with that thank you fellow Council members for indulging me. other questions or comments? Okay. Hearing none and seeing none on the screen.

So with that, I will then move to entertain a recommendation to the Governor that is the wishes of the Council.

And since this is my first time on a site certificate recommendation, are we moving this onto or do we have any further comment from Council on the draft

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SCA? Do we need it on the table with a motion to consider and take discussion?

MR. THOMPSON: What I would suggest is Council would do so make a motion -- well, let me ask this. I think the -- there are two draft site certification and recommendations. I think those are being considered as a big package, and so if it were a motion to approve those recommendations.

MS. BUMPUS: Right, the recommendation report and the site draft certification.

MR. THOMPSON: Then you could entertain comments after that motion.

CHAIR BECKETT: Okay. I do have some legal approved language if other Council would like to have the benefit of that, provide that as far as how we best have this on the record officially, but is there a motion to entertain this site certification agreement? Here's the language of that. That helps put you on the spot to make sure we get this appropriately read.

MS. BREWSTER: This is Stacey
Brewster. I move to approve the draft site certification
agreement as amended, including edits discussed during
today's meting, and the report recommending the Governor
approve the Carriger Solar project located in Klickitat
County.

1 CHAIR BECKETT: Is there a second for 2. the motion? 3 MR. PAMPLIN: I will second. 4 CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you, Councilman Pamplin. There is a motion on the table that has been 5 6 seconded. Let me note for the record the language is clear, just to make sure that all our appropriate legal 7 and public preface measures are taken. The Council is 8 9 now going to begin a full discussion as desired on what 10 is on the table and its amendments by the Council, so 11 that is part of our process and I want to just 12 acknowledge that, and we can adapt the motion if need be 13 accordingly, as much as I think the matters are fairly 14 clear on the table. 15 Councilman Pamplin, did you have a question? 16 MR. PAMPLIN: Look to Council Member 17 Brewster if she wants to speak to her motion. CHAIR BECKETT: All right. Council 18 19 Young. 20 MR. YOUNG: Thank you. I just want to 21 make sure we are very clear on what we are voting for as 2.2 the motion refers not only to the written documents that 23 Council received at 12:35 p.m. today but also referenced 24 changes made during this meeting. Have -- reflecting on 25 the preceding discussion, did any of that amount to a

specific change in the language we received earlier this afternoon, and if so could that be clearly stated what those changes were?

CHAIR BECKETT: We have not taken any changes in the meeting today to be clear. I realize you are asking about the amended document I believe Ms.

Hafkemeyer provided a clarifying comment earlier. And we can do either. I appreciate you calling which is on the table today, is on the table as the document entered this week so that's what's on the table.

MS. HAFKEMEYER: So if this is not in keeping with what the Council prefers we can change course, but in keeping track of the items discussed so far some of the items staff have made note to incorporate their consideration in the fire plan as identified in the draft SCA, but those items would be addressed in the draft plan or in the plan prior to approval, not necessarily the language of the documents today.

A suggested change in language regarding battery chemistry can be made where the language currently resides, which is in the revised DMNS, and that can be incorporated as staff makes the other change that Mr. Greene spoke to earlier when we finalize the document to incorporate the term periodic.

We can also incorporate the language regarding

battery chemistry to consider public health and safety as well. That can be done and the staff can commit to doing that, but that is not something that we have identified that needs to be changed in the draft SCA and recommendation report.

MR. YOUNG: Thank you. That's what I was asking whether there have been any changes to the report or the draft SCA that make it different than what you the Council was sent earlier today.

MS. BUMPUS: The answer is no.

MR. YOUNG: Thank you.

CHAIR BECKETT: Okay. No changes from what was sent earlier today, just to clarify for everyone's benefit. Other comments or questions?

MR. PAMPLIN: We are in the deliberation phase of this agenda item. Something I really appreciate your line of questions and your comments, Mr. Chiles, relative to this project and particularly calling out the very vocal local opposition to the project. And one of the things that I am trying to reconcile, and I would appreciate hearing your perspective as a resident of the county is a majority of this project is within the county's energy overlay zone, and so can you help me reconcile about the local government has endorsed energy being sited in this area

and then the opposition from -- is the county government opposed to an energy project within their energy overlay zone?

MR. CHILES: I will address that.

Yes, the energy overlay zone when it was first conceived and put together approximately 20 years ago was mostly focused on wind, and wind was the big industry coming in and we wanted to encourage wind at that time. And solar was seen as something on the horizon, and at that point no one really envisioned any solar operation greater than maybe 20 or 40 acres. And that sort of scale is different than something covering 1600 acres.

The site that was chosen it is in the energy overlay zone, but the main reason it's a beneficial site is because of its proximity to the substation area on that road. Other than that, it can be argued and has been argued that it's not a very good location for something that's going to be as visually intrusive as a nonagriculture solar site is. It's very chose to town. It's on the side of a long broad hill that can be seen from miles around and in probably about a 270 degree direction, so it's very visible, not just for the people who are right there but for people who are quite a long ways away. It's not a hidden site at all. Those are --so, yeah, the county is opposed to it. Every county

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commissioner I have ever talked to has been opposed to The two county commissioners who came up this location. on record to various meetings and have talked about it. We only have three county commissioners. Again, they are not opposed to solar per se and as has already been mentioned, we have a very large solar project in the east part of the county, which is very sparsely populated. So there's areas in the county that are more suitable to solar than the Goldendale Valley, and there are probably areas within the Goldendale Valley that are more suitable There are areas in the Goldendale Valley which to solar. are isolated subvalleys or are areas that are really not very developed.

The ridge near where I live that only has one road to get to it and not a lot of people can see it, and there's probably several thousand acres back there that could be used for solar. There's other areas around, but right now the county has kneejerk responded, in my opinion, and the whole valley is off of solar right now. We are working on changing that, but even with our solar ordinance it's likely the whole valley is going to stay off solar. I would like to see the valley at least in areas that would meet the criteria of a solar ordinance be open for that, but I don't foresee that happening in the near future. So, yeah, and that whole response to

1 county demands solar is unfortunately the result of the Carriger project being a large solar spot sited very 2 3 close to town. I think solar is good, and I think solar 4 can coexist with agriculture, but this location is not 5 coexisting with agriculture. It has a lot of people really upset. 6 7 CHAIR BECKETT: Okay. Other comments or questions from the Council? Okay. Well, let me 8 9 restate then the motion that's on the table. 10 The motion to approve the draft site certification of the agreement as amended and the report recommending 11 12 that the Governor approve the Carriger Solar project 13 located in Klickitat County. 14 That is the motion. Any further discussion before I 15 call the question? Okay. Hearing none. All those in 16 favor --17 MR. CHILES: Mr. Chair, can I request a roll call vote? 18 19 CHAIR BECKETT: Happy to do so. 20 Prepared to call the Carriger Project, Council. 21 MS. GRANTHAM: Chair Beckett, this 22 Andrea Grantham and I can call the role for the votes. 23 CHAIR BECKETT: For the Carriger 24 project. Thank you. Please do so. 25 MS. GRANTHAM: Chair Kurt Beckett?

1	CHAIR BECKETT: Chair votes aye.
2	MS. GRANTHAM: Department of Commerce,
3	Elizabeth Osborne?
4	MS. OSBORNE: Aye.
5	MS. GRANTHAM: Department of Ecology,
6	Eli Levitt? No response.
7	Department of Fish & Wildlife, Nate Pamplin?
8	MR. PAMPLIN: Aye.
9	MS. GRANTHAM: Department of Natural
10	Resources, Lenny Young?
11	MR. YOUNG: Aye
12	MS. GRANTHAM: Utilities &
13	Transportation Commission, Stacey Brewster?
14	MS. BREWSTER: Aye.
15	MS. GRANTHAM: And then for Carriger
16	Solar Klickitat County, Matt Chiles?
17	MR. CHILES: Nay.
18	MS. GRANTHAM: And I will go back to
19	Department of Ecology. I know that Eli Levitt was here
20	during the original roll call. Are you here right now,
21	Mr. Levitt? I'm not hearing anything, Chair, but if
22	Council Member Levitt were to say nay there would still
23	be a quorum for the ayes.
24	MR. LEVITT: Can you hear me now?
25	CHAIR BECKETT: Yes, we can.

1 CHAIR BECKETT: We are having trouble hearing you, but I think you said aye. If you could 2 3 repeat for record we would appreciate it. 4 MR. LEVITT: Yes, I said aye. 5 CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you, Council. 6 MS. GRANTHAM: So there six ayes and 7 one nay. 8 CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you, Ms. 9 Grantham. So thank you, Council. The motion passes. 10 The Carriger Solar project will advance to the Governor. 11 I do want to acknowledge especially to Council 12 Chiles, the work is ultimately not over. Very critical decisions have been reached here, so I want to 13 14 acknowledge both those things. One of the benefits of 15 EFSEC is I would say it's a swaddle to grave place, so 16 our projects ultimately have a continued accountability, 17 which we see as a two-way street both with staff and 18 working with projects, and we certainly would anticipate 19 exactly that going forward and a lot of important work by 20 the applicants to proceed should eventually this project 21 be approved. We are not the final decisionmaker here, 22 appreciate everyone's time and participation and the 23 diligent work you do, and the flexibility as mentioned in 24 various plans as they are adopted. 25 MR. CHILES: I do want to thank the

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Council for their help in this, and the many adjustments that have been made to the original plan I think are going to make this project much better as finally approved than as originally proposed. I feel like my voice was heard. And although my involvement with the Council I think is probably going to be done after today, or assuming that the Governor signs this, we shall find out, it has been a pleasure and I have learned a lot and thank you for the opportunity.

CHAIR BECKETT: I appreciate that,

Councilman Chiles. And as I said earlier, when

appropriate we have will have further conversation. I

look forward to that.

With that I will find our agenda again and we will continue to move on with a few other projects. I'm sorry, Councilman Young, we will not move on until you have spoken.

MR. YOUNG: Thank you. I would just like to thank very much Council Member Chiles for the great job he did expressing the county's perspectives. I learned a lot from everything you said Council Member Chiles, and really appreciate it. I think you did a very eloquent and admirable job of representing the county's perspectives and concerns so thank you.

MR. CHILES: Thank you.

1 Moving on to the Horse CHAIR BECKETT: 2. Heaven Wind project update, Ms. Moon. 3 MS. MOON: Good afternoon, Chair 4 Beckett and EFSEC Council members. As stated, this is 5 Amy Moon reporting on the Horse Heaven Wind project. EFSEC staff continued to work on an addendum to the Horse 6 Heaven Wind Farm final environmental impact statement, or 7 final EIS in response to the certificate holder 8 9 identifying the Department of Natural Resources, or DNR, 10 Gould Well as their water source for construction and 11 As indicated in my May Council update, the operation. 12 public comment period on the addendum to the Horse Heaven 13 Wind Project final EES was open May 5th through the 19th. 14 Due to technical difficulties viewing the comments, I 15 reported at the May Council meeting that EFSEC received 16 comments from three individuals expressing general 17 opposition to the project and concern over the use of 18 this water source for nonagricultural purposes. 19 in addition to those comments EFSEC received comments 20 from the DNR, Tri City CARES regarding lease conditions, 21 procedural processes, and a change from agricultural use 22 to an access road and parking for Gould Well. No changes 23 were made to the addendum document other than updating 24 the document as the final addendum to the final 25 environmental impact statement to document and conclude

the EIS addendum process. EFSEC determined that the new information and analysis for Gould Well as the water source does not substantially change the final EIS analysis of significant impacts and alternatives, and that an addendum was appropriate for documenting this under this review under SEPA.

Does the Council have any questions?

CHAIR BECKETT: Council members, questions? Comments? Okay. Hearing none we move on to the Hop Hill Solar project.

MR. TAYLOR: This is Trevin Taylor on behalf of John Barnes EFSEC staff for the Hop Hill application. Continued to review the application with the contractor, the contracted agencies, and the Tribal governments. Are there any questions?

CHAIR BECKETT: Questions, Council? Hearing none. Let's move on to Wallula Gap.

MR. TAYLOR: Chair Beckett and Council members, Trevin Taylor on behalf of John Barnes EFSEC staff for the Wallula Gap application. EFSEC staff met with the applicant on May 22nd, 2025 to discuss its interest in pausing their application with EFSEC for site certification due to ongoing connectivity difficulties with Bonneville Power Administration. The option was proposed by EFSEC to the applicant to continue to keep

1	the application open to allow SEPA work and TCP studies
2	to be completed. The applicant expressed their interest
3	in pausing the application after this work has been
4	completed, likely towards the fall of 2025 time period.
5	Staff met with Department of Ecology and wetlands
6	consultant, Jeff Gray, on June 24th, 2025 for the wetland
7	verification for the site. The site visit completed
8	ongoing wetland site verification for this application.
9	Continued to coordinating and review the application with
10	their contractors, contracted agencies, and Tribal
11	governments. Are there any questions?
12	CHAIR BECKETT: Council, questions?
13	Okay. And we will move on to the Goldeneye BESS project.
14	MS. SNARSKI: Good afternoon, Chair
15	Beckett. Joanne Snarski, the siting specialist assigned
16	to Goldeneye Battery Energy Storage System facility in
17	Skagit County. Staff are working to continue with our
18	partner agencies to review and seek information on the
19	application for site certification. US Solar the
20	developer for Goldeneye project sent us a response to our
21	(inaudible) request sent to them back in March 2025. We
22	are in the process of evaluating that response.
23	CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you. Questions?
24	Comments? Hearing none, moving on to Transmission PEI.
25	Mr. Greene.

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MR. GREENE: Good afternoon, Chair
Beckett and Council members. This is Sean Greene SEPA
specialist for EFSEC. Since the last council meeting
staff have completed a series of feasibility tests for
the programmatic EIS. These test sessions involved EFSEC
staff working with external industry and regulatory staff
to present common and use case scenarios for the
programmatic EIS, and having those external resources
work through the draft of the programmatic EIS in an
attempt to identify the potential points of confusion or
navigation difficulties that could be addressed in the
final programmatic EIS.

EFSEC staff continues to work with our consultants at WFP to make edits, revisions, and refinements to the draft programmatic EIS in response to comments received during the public comment period and the usability testings sessions.

EFSEC staff and WFP are also working to prepare supplemental checklists and manual tools that would facilitate users from the draft EIS. EFSEC staff has received a 90-day extension for our contract to complete work on the final programmatic EIS on this chart of enterprise services and we currently anticipate publishing final programmatic EIS in late September of 2025. Are there any questions?

1 Thank you, Mr. Greene. CHAIR BECKETT: 2 Ouestions anyone? Okay. So that will take us to Desert 3 Claim, Ms. Moon. Again, good afternoon, 4 MS. MOON: Chair Beckett and EFSEC Council members. 5 This is Amy Moon reporting on the Desert Claim wind power project. 6 Their May 13th request to terminate the Desert Claim wind 7 project site certification agreement known as the SCA. 8 Τ updated the Council on this termination request from the 9 10 project proponent, Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC, in my 11 May 21st update. Following the May Council meeting and 12 in coordination with our Assistant Attorney General, 13 staff prepared Resolution No. 356 as Amendment No. 3 to 14 the Desert Claim Wind Power project site certification 15 agreement to terminate the project. To recap Desert 16 Claim's request, the certificate holder did not commence 17 facility construction. No longer sees a path to financing construction, and wishes to terminate the SCA. 18 19 The resolution before you today includes the background 20 procedural status, discussion, and EFSEC staff 21 recommendation that their request for termination be 22 granted. 23 I do have a few edits to apply to the draft 24 resolution that I want to point out to the Council. Τn 25 the procedural status section on Page 2 we clarified that

the ordinarily applicable criteria for amendment of SCAs have no practical application to the certificate holder's request by adding the qualifying word termination.

In addition, the resolution was updated to reflect that one comment was received during the June 16th, through 22nd public comment period on this resolution. And finally on Page 3 of the resolution, the duplicate project name, Desert Claim was removed and we clarified the resolution grants Desert Claim Wind Power's termination request.

As stated previously, the only comment, the one comment received on the draft resolution No. 356 during the public comment period, did not prompt any changes in the draft resolution other than to propose editing the draft resolution to reflect that one comment was received in the procedural status section of the resolution. Any other staff have anything to add? Does the Council have any questions?

CHAIR BECKETT: Council, questions?

Okay. Very well. Then we do have this on our agenda, notice for action, or potential action, so the Chair would entertain a motion to approve draft resolution 356 as amended to terminate the Desert Claim site certificate agreement as requested by Desert Claim Wind Power, LLC. Is there a motion accordingly?

1 MS. OSBORNE: Elizabeth Osborne so

2 moved.

MR. YOUNG: Lenny Young, second.

CHAIR BECKETT: Motion is on the table and seconded. Any discussion? Hearing and seeing none, all those in favor of approving the motion please say aye?

MULTIPLE SPEAKERS: Aye.

CHAIR BECKETT: Opposed? Hearing none unanimous approval of Desert Claim. Thank you.

So we will next move into our other category and we will have a Council delegation of authority to the EFSEC director topic in the case of briefing on the topic. Let me know as Chair, including if there was a comment submitted to the record highlighting the belief that the interdependency between this policy and the Horse Heaven project, of which I recused myself as Chair, and so I just want to say for the record that given there may be different views how related this piece of this policy is towards that, I certainly believe an abundance of caution is appropriate here and excuse myself as Chair for any details of policy, as well as its consideration by the Council in terms of approval so I will not be a part of that process. My role here today is to serve as Chair and facilitate said briefing and discussion by the

Council. So I will note that for the Council, the public, and the record. With that, Director Bumpus.

MS. BUMPUS: Thank you, Chair Beckett, and good afternoon Council members.

So as Chair Beckett mentioned, we had planned to potentially take action for the Council to consider today, but today we will just do this briefing and I will provide some information about the policy and the changes and what I would propose is that we plan to move this to the July agenda so we will proceed with it but a couple of the comments as to why, I would like to do that.

So the policy 16-01 is a policy that delegates authority to the -- it used to say manager of EFSEC to review and approve facility plans for construction and operation, and so there's been -- there are a number of reasons we need to update the plan. And it's actually sort of overdo really to update this policy.

EFSEC became an independent agency in 2022, and as I mentioned earlier, it refers to the EFSEC manager and now there's no longer an EFSEC manager but an executive director so we need to change that.

The other thing that we need to address in the updated policy is the different types of facility plans that we are seeing implemented for facilities that we more recently permitted. Historically, EFSEC hasn't had

very many projects and so the types of facility plans that we saw we were relatively limited, but as our regulatory purview has expanded now we have clean energy manufacturing facilities, hydrogen. We are seeing several more applications coming in for alternative energy facilities. We are seeing different types of plans, plan requirements that we need to make sure we address.

And so we have put forth those changes that were sent to you in the draft. We did put this out for public comment, and in looking at those comments there were some concerns that we are sensitive to. We had posted the document, but we had not shown the document and tracked changes to show how we were revising the policy, updating the policy. We do see it as mostly housekeeping just to, you know, update these plans.

There is a change in there that has to do with recommendations that come from an advisory committee or group, such as like the PTAC or Horse Heaven, or technical advisory committee for Wild Horse Wind Farm, so we were trying to also address that and include the recommendations.

As I said before, the document wasn't posted out there for the comment period that showed what it looks like before and what it looks like after the changes, so

what I would like to do is make sure we take a careful look at all of the comments, provide the public an opportunity to see the document in the underline strikethroughs so they can see what it used to look like and what we are proposing to change in it. We really don't see it as being a big shift from the prior policy, which was approved in 2016 I think was the last time the policy was updated by the Council. So we see this as housekeeping.

Go ahead and post that and then plan to take it up at the July meeting. And in the meantime, I spoke with our legal counsel about this, also take a look at the comments and provide input to the Council from our AAG if there's anything substantive there that we need to relate to the Council before they take up this item.

So if that sounds good, I think that that would be a good way to proceed. And, of course, happy to answer any questions about this plan or approach. And Jon Thompson is also here and we discussed this plan. I discussed it with him and I think he supports this too.

CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you for the briefing. Are there comments or questions of Council or staff? I know several of the Council have been in touch with the staff and certainly sending questions and feedback and discussion, so as is appropriate on an

individual basis. If there are any of those questions that need to be raised here for clarification let me just check that again. EFSEC staff is available from a public access standpoint as well as Council (inaudible).

Last call for any comments or questions.

MS. BREWSTER: I appreciate the extra time for allowing for this process. There was quite a bit of concern brought by the public, and I appreciate that we are going to allow it to take it up.

CHAIR BECKETT: Appreciate that and I would agree. Thank you. Okay. Then we will close that item and move on to our final item, and thank you for the extra time today given the busy agenda.

Next is the website update and Dave Walker will present on that item. I will just say at the outset I'm excited this day has arrived. And I'm the official recipient of the benefit of the leadership that worked on this, multiple staff, prior Chair and other Council who may have had some role in this. I think it's a key part of any organization, but especially one like EFSEC in terms of public transparency and ease of use. I believe there are some startup aspects and feedback and I'm sure Dave will cover some of what we have, or how we anticipate the launch continuing, and certainly just part of the effort to make it as accessible as possible.

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I want to acknowledge too that from a process standpoint EFSEC does work under, I think, a unique number of statutes as a result of the kind of unique authority in the state as a result the public process that accompanies that is often not intuitive in terms of when public comments have to happen before an action or That's not always retailed very well at after an action. the ground level, and I just want to acknowledge that. Τ this those are issues that we are all committed to working on and improving. I think things like this tool are hopefully a day to day essential and I think they will play a role in the larger evolution that makes this a consistent and transparent and accessible agency for those who participate in it and for those who are living with it. Mr. Walker.

MR. WALKER: Thank you, Chair Beckett and Council members. For the record, Dave Walker, interim director of administrative services. This morning at 7:00 a.m. we launched our new website. I would like to point out this was a nine month effort that literally took hundreds of hours of staff time, and not only the organization and development, but all of the key pieces behind the scenes that needed to occur for a large project such as this.

Essentially, we did a complete redesign of the

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website, making the information, I think, easier to find and much more clearer for the public and for our stakeholders that go to the site to find the information.

Some of the key pieces, we put the upcoming events very clearly on the landing page towards the top of the website to make it very simple to see what the upcoming events are scheduled say for the next month or two months out.

Project pages, I think, are much more clearer as well actually showing the phase of where the project is within the process, as well as the energy types being drawn out. All of the project specific information is also housed within those particular areas as well, which also makes it much easier to navigate the new website and find the information.

As we move forward we are -- we have now entered the stabilization period which is probably going to take a good two to three months for us to really get through. We have a punch list of approximately 45 items that we need to follow up on at this point that we will be doing in the background during that stabilization period.

There is definitely more to come, not only with the stabilization piece but as we grow the agency and we grow the website to meet the needs not only of the agency but our customers and stakeholders as well.

So this is a very, very exciting time and I'm just very proud of all of our staff that stepped in, rolled up their sleeves and made this happen in addition to their regular jobs, so it was quite a lift.

And the one thing that I did want to repeat as well and, Chair, you mentioned this at the beginning of the meeting, the email address if anyone is having issues accessing the website is webhelp@efsec.wa.gov. Thank you.

CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you.

Congratulations to all the staff most closely wedded into this, which is really all the staff I realize, I realize that there are a few individuals in particular that perhaps we will find the more formal means to thank you at another time.

MS. BUMPUS: Thank you, Chair Beckett, and Council. You know, just to thank the staff, all the staff that pulled together to complete the website project. As Mr. Walker noted, our work is not done. We have a number of things we need to do, but it's been a tremendous workload and everybody pulled together and contributed input into getting this project finished, and I'm very happy with where we are and very proud of everyone's contribution even with our very heavy workload. Lots of appreciation for all of that work and

1	effort.
2	CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you.
3	Congratulations. More work to come, but still a big day.
4	Are there other Council comments or any closing.
5	MS. GRANTHAM: Chair, this is Andrea
6	Grantham. I would just make a quick comment that the
7	email to contact isn't webhelp it's actually
8	websitehelp@efsec.wa.gov.
9	MR. WALKER: Thank you.
10	CHAIR BECKETT: Thank you. So again
11	websitehelp@efsec.wa.gov is the email specific to any
12	assistance with the website. There's a search function,
13	I think, to help function on the site anyway, but
14	specific issues here in the near term you can send it
15	websitehelp@efsec.wa.gov.
16	Any last Council questions? Comments? Okay. Then
17	at 3:23 we are adjourned for our meeting.
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19	(Proceedings adjourned
20	at 3:23 p.m.)
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1	STATE OF WASHINGTON) I, Christy Sheppard, CCR, RPR,) ss a certified court reporter
2	County of Pierce) in the State of Washington, do hereby certify:
3	
4	
5	That the foregoing Monthly Meeting of the Washington State Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council was conducted
6	in my presence and adjourned on June 25, 2025, and thereafter was transcribed under my direction; that the
	transcript is a full, true and complete transcript of the
7	said meeting, transcribed to the best of my ability;
8	That I am not a relative, employee, attorney, or counsel of any party to this matter or relative or employee
9	of any such attorney or counsel, and that I am not financially interested in the said matter or the outcome
10	thereof;
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my signature on April 2nd, 2025.
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15	/a/Chaigta Channand CCD DDD
16	/s/Christy Sheppard, CCR, RPR Certified Court Reporter No. 1932 (Certification expires 05/06/26.)
17	(certification expires 03/00/20.)
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